

Targeting CD38 to optimize PD-(L)1 and CTLA-4 immune checkpoint blockade

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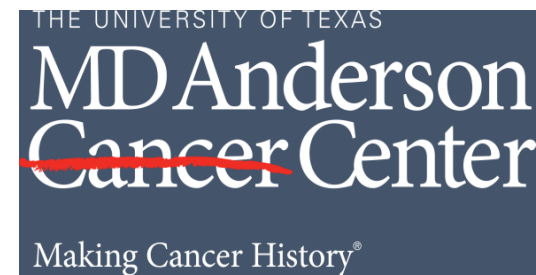
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- I will discuss investigational uses of immunotherapy drugs.

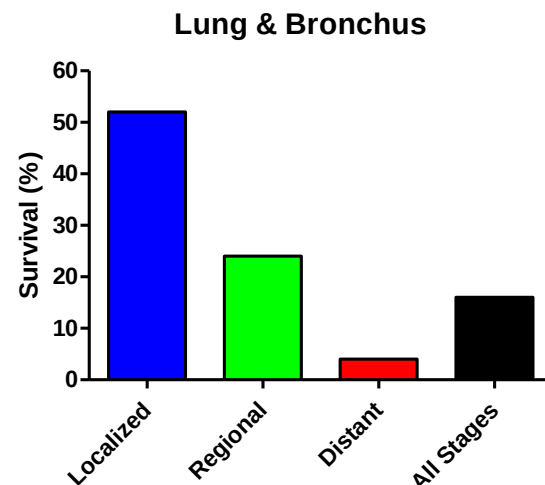
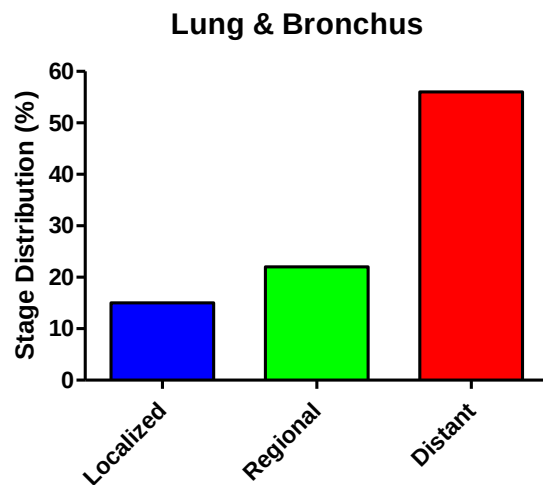
Outline

- Challenge of immunotherapy in NSCLC
- Pre-clinical modeling of immune checkpoint therapy resistance
- Roles for CD38 in the immune microenvironment
- Translational biomarker development in NSCLC

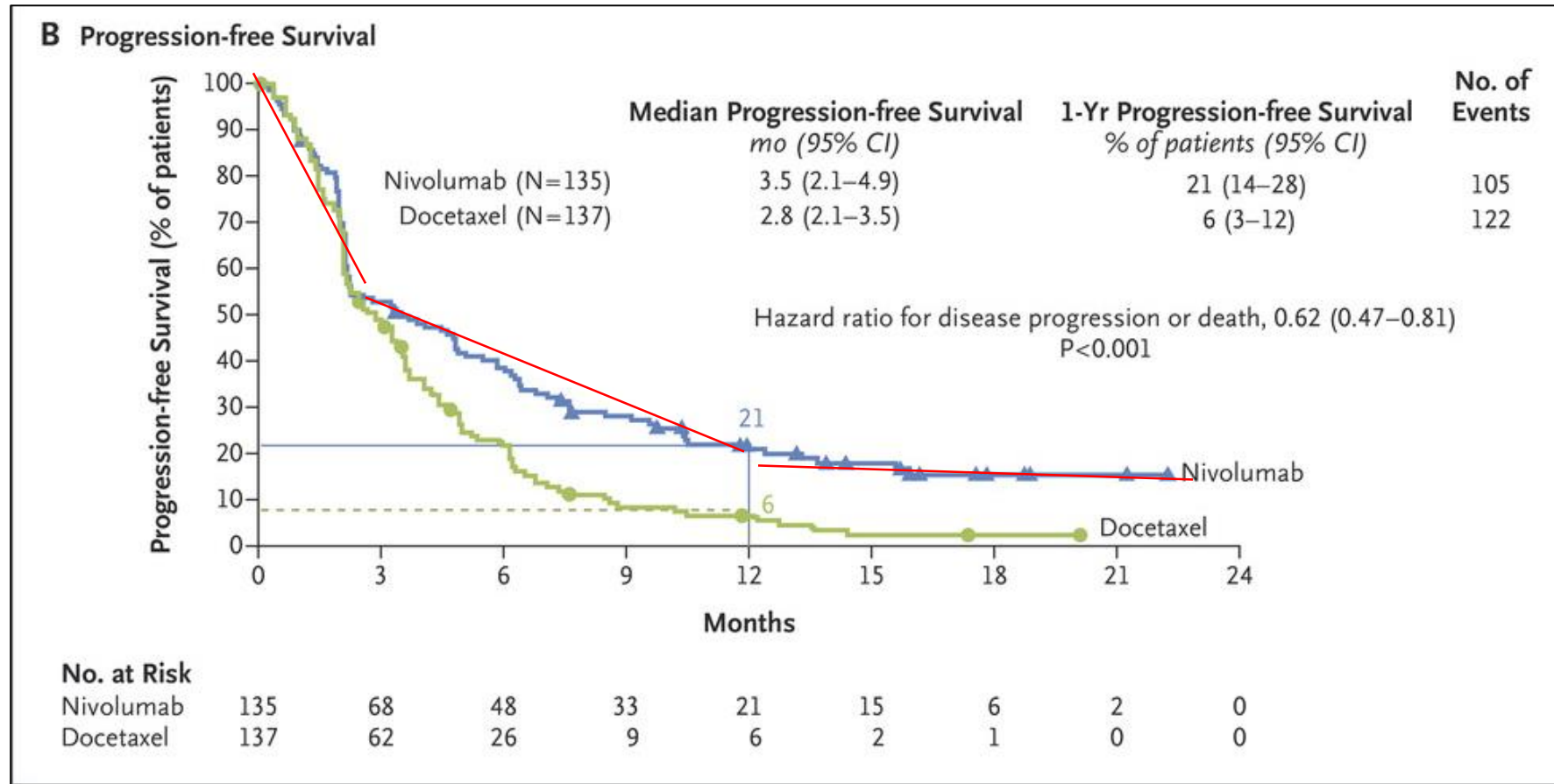
Lung cancer accounts for a significant percentage of cancer-related disease burden and mortality

Estimated Deaths

Males			Females		
Lung & bronchus	76,650	24%	Lung & bronchus	66,020	23%
Prostate	31,620	10%	Breast	41,760	15%
Colon & rectum	27,640	9%	Colon & rectum	23,380	8%
Pancreas	23,800	7%	Pancreas	21,950	8%
Liver & intrahepatic bile duct	21,600	7%	Ovary	13,980	5%
Leukemia	13,150	4%	Uterine corpus	12,160	4%
Esophagus	13,020	4%	Liver & intrahepatic bile duct	10,180	4%
Urinary bladder	12,870	4%	Leukemia	9,690	3%
Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	11,510	4%	Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	8,460	3%
Brain & other nervous system	9,910	3%	Brain & other nervous system	7,850	3%
All Sites	321,670	100%	All Sites	285,210	100%



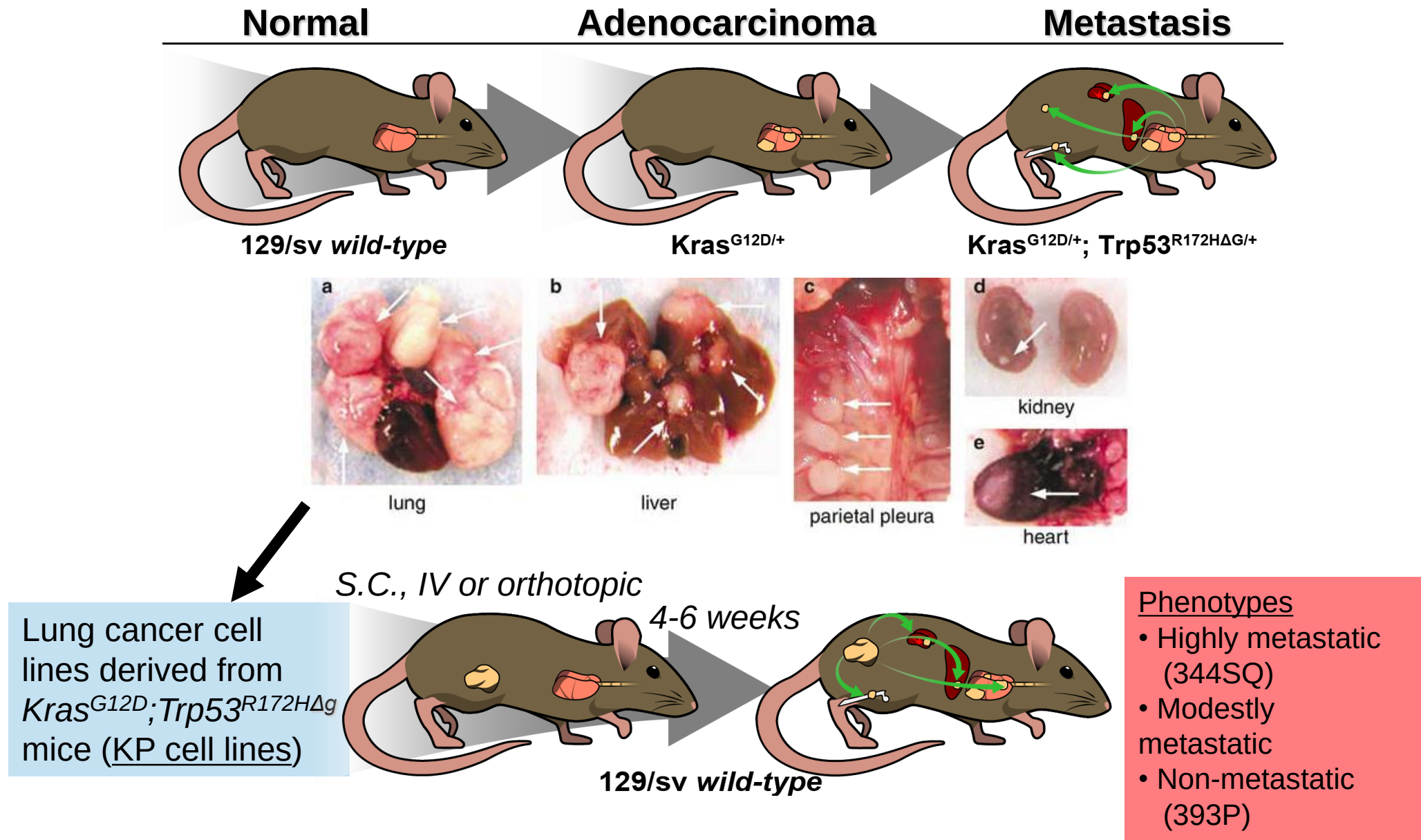
Efficacy of anti-PD-1 Immunotherapy vs Chemotherapy in Patients with Advanced NSCLC



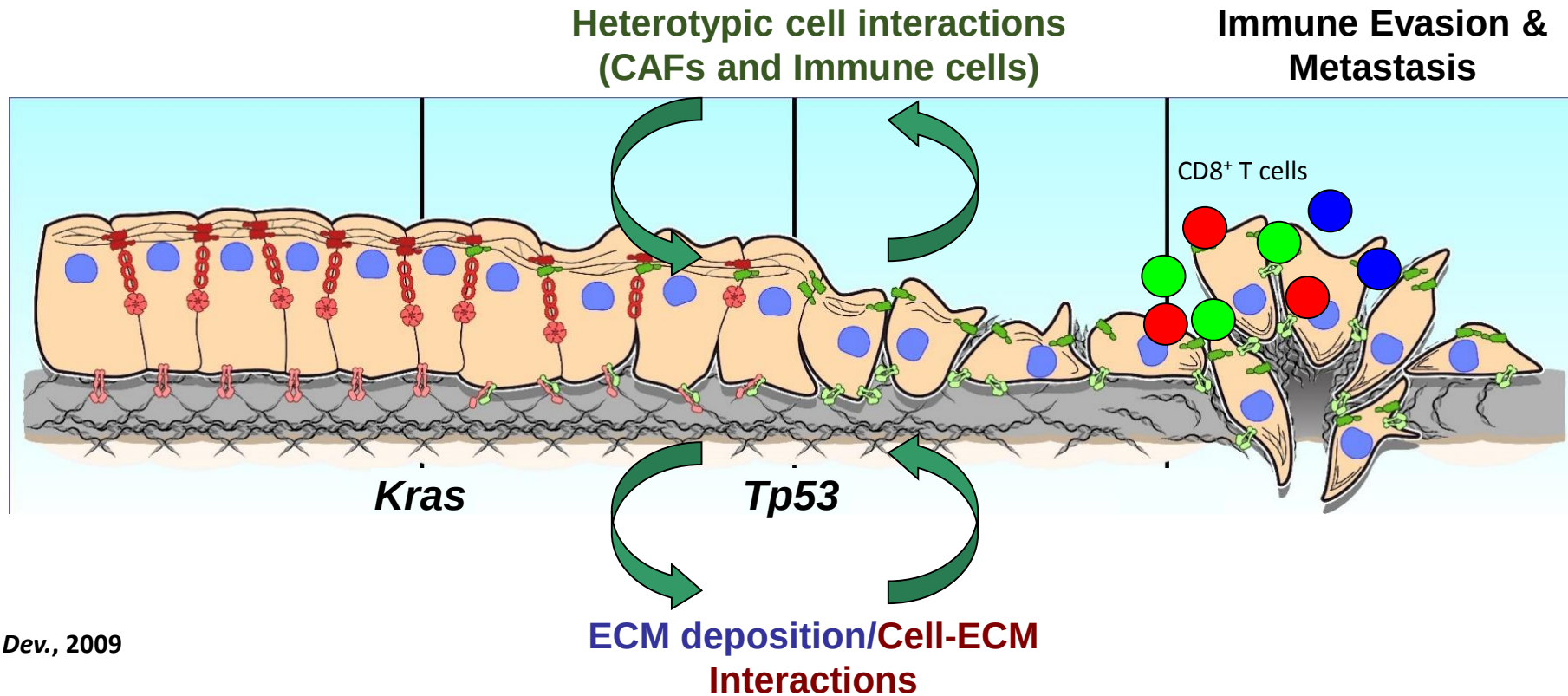
Brahmer J et al. *N Engl J Med* 2015;373:123-135.

Modeling immune checkpoint therapy resistance & CD38

GEMM & Syngeneic Models to Study Lung Cancer

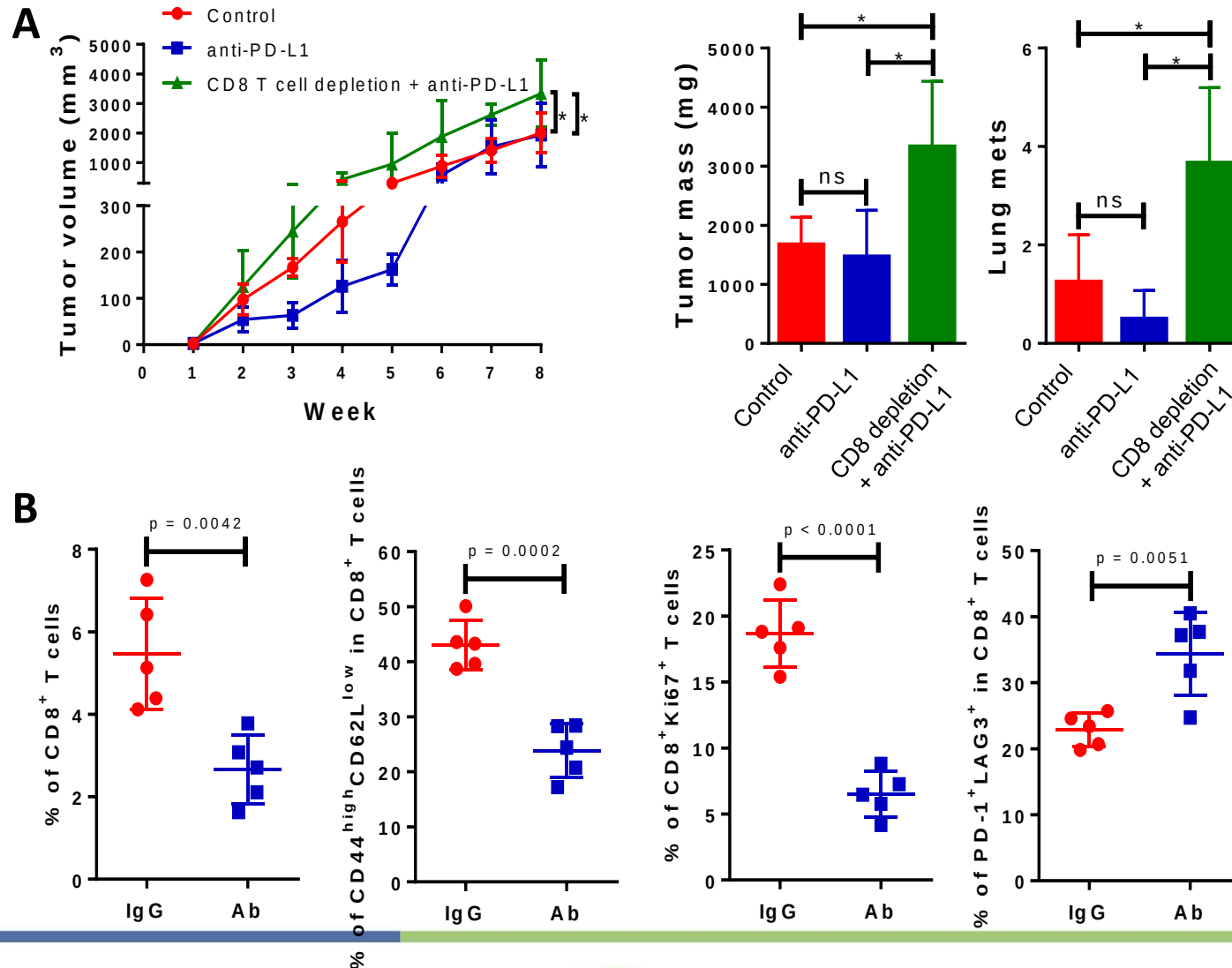


Tumor-microenvironment interactions during progression & metastasis



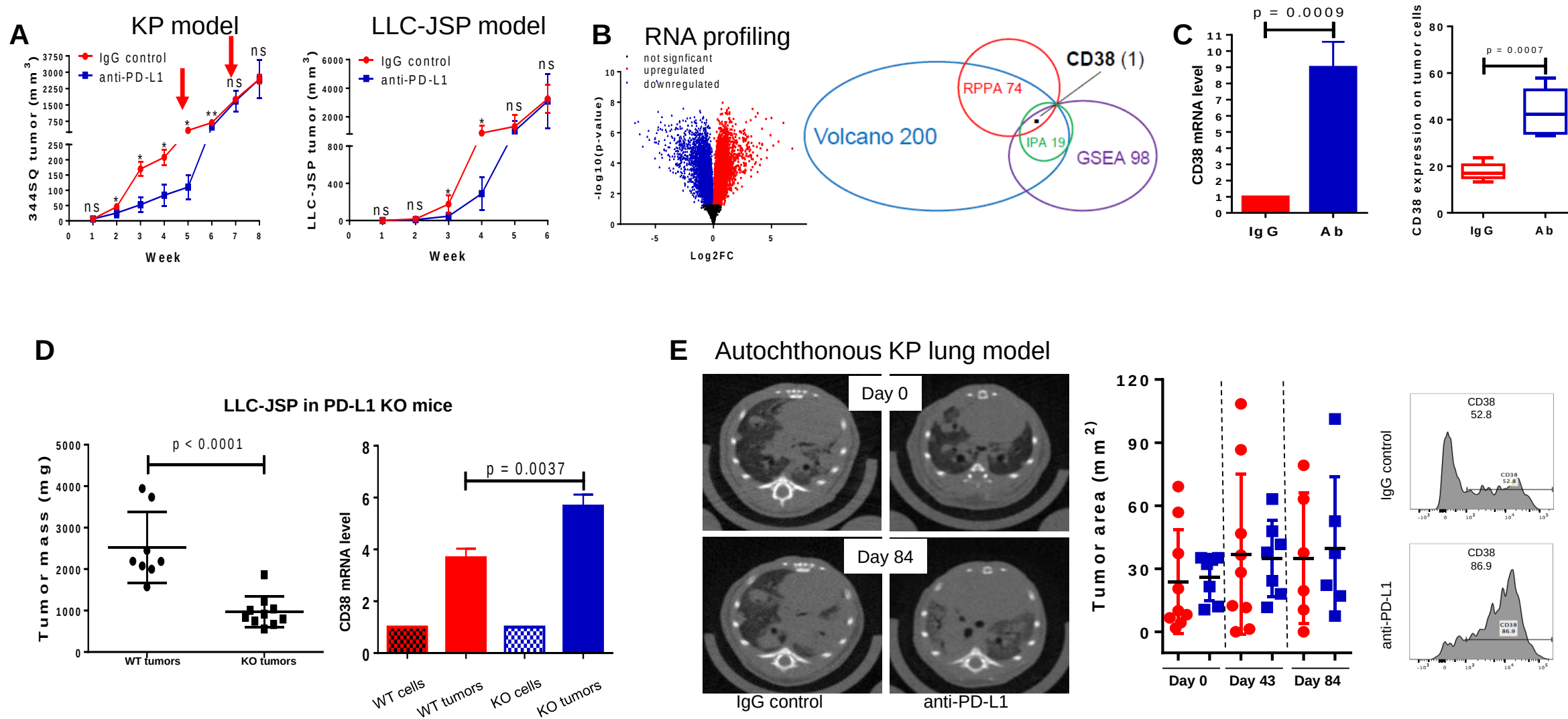
Gibbons et al, *Genes & Dev.*, 2009
Yang et al, *JCI*, 2011
Ahn et al, *JCI*, 2013
Kundu et al, *Nature Communications*, 2018
Grzeskowiak et al, *Nature Communications*, 2018
Peng et al, *Science Translational Medicine*, 2019

CD8 T cell response controls tumor growth and metastasis, but efficacy of anti-PD-(L)1 is lost over time

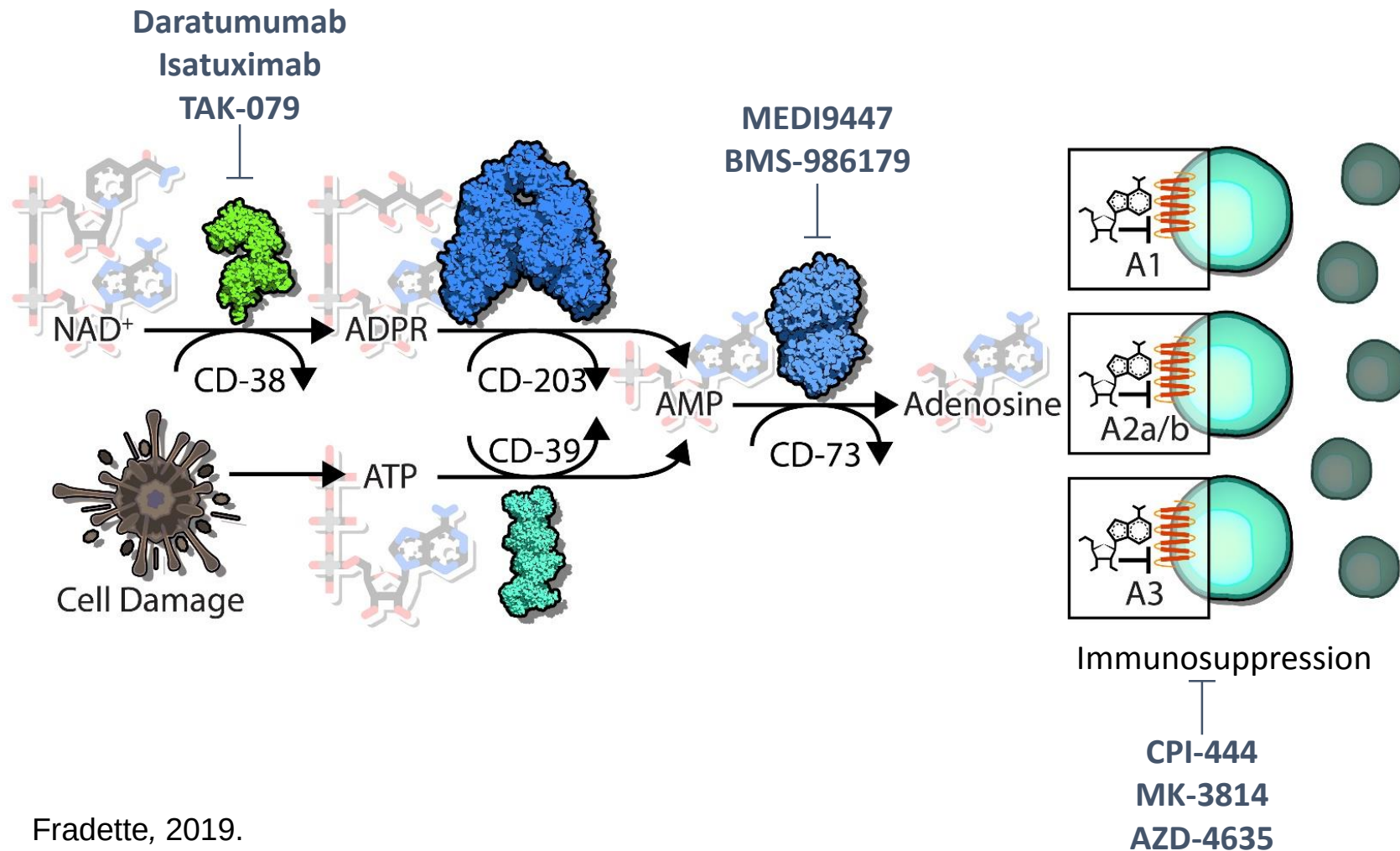


Chen et al, *Nature Communications*, 2014.
Chen et al, *Cancer Discovery*, 2018.

Identification of CD38 in pharmacologic & genetic models of *in vivo* anti-PD-L1/PD-1 resistance

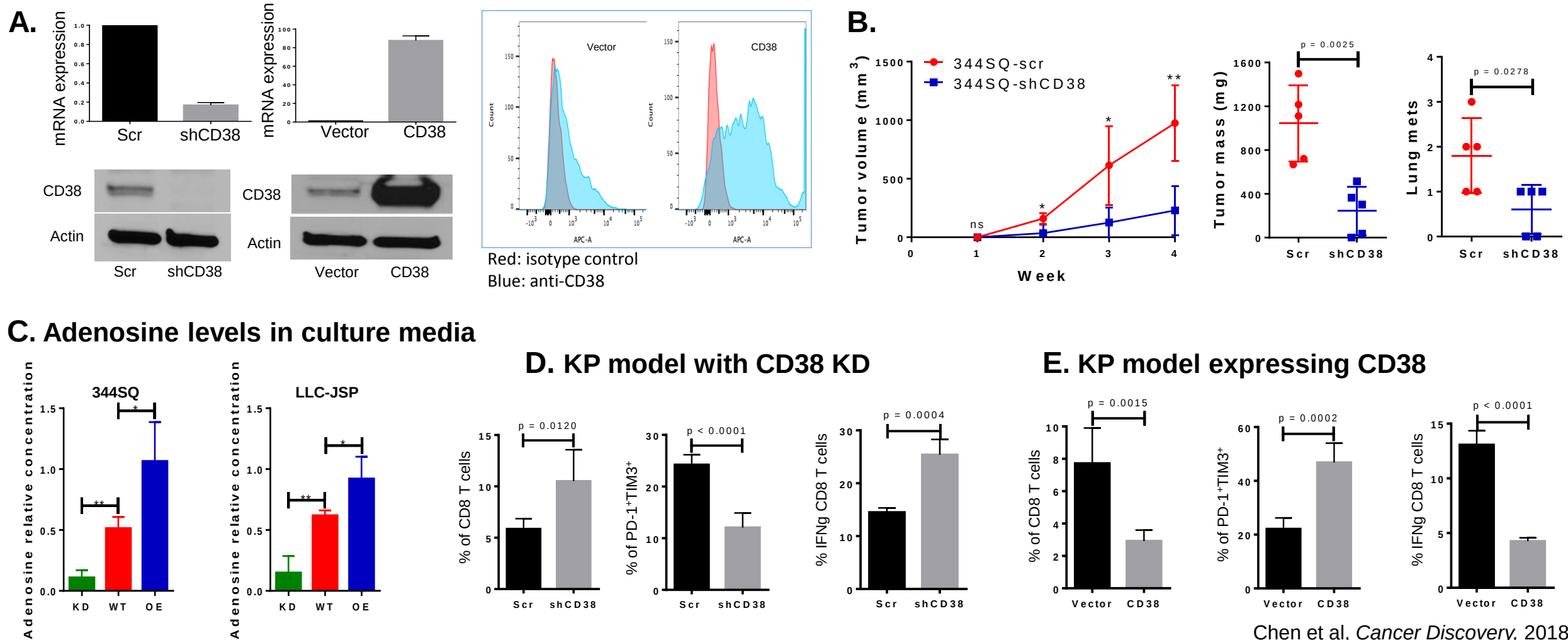


CD38: an NAD hydrolase/cyclase that provides an alternate pathway for extracellular adenosine production



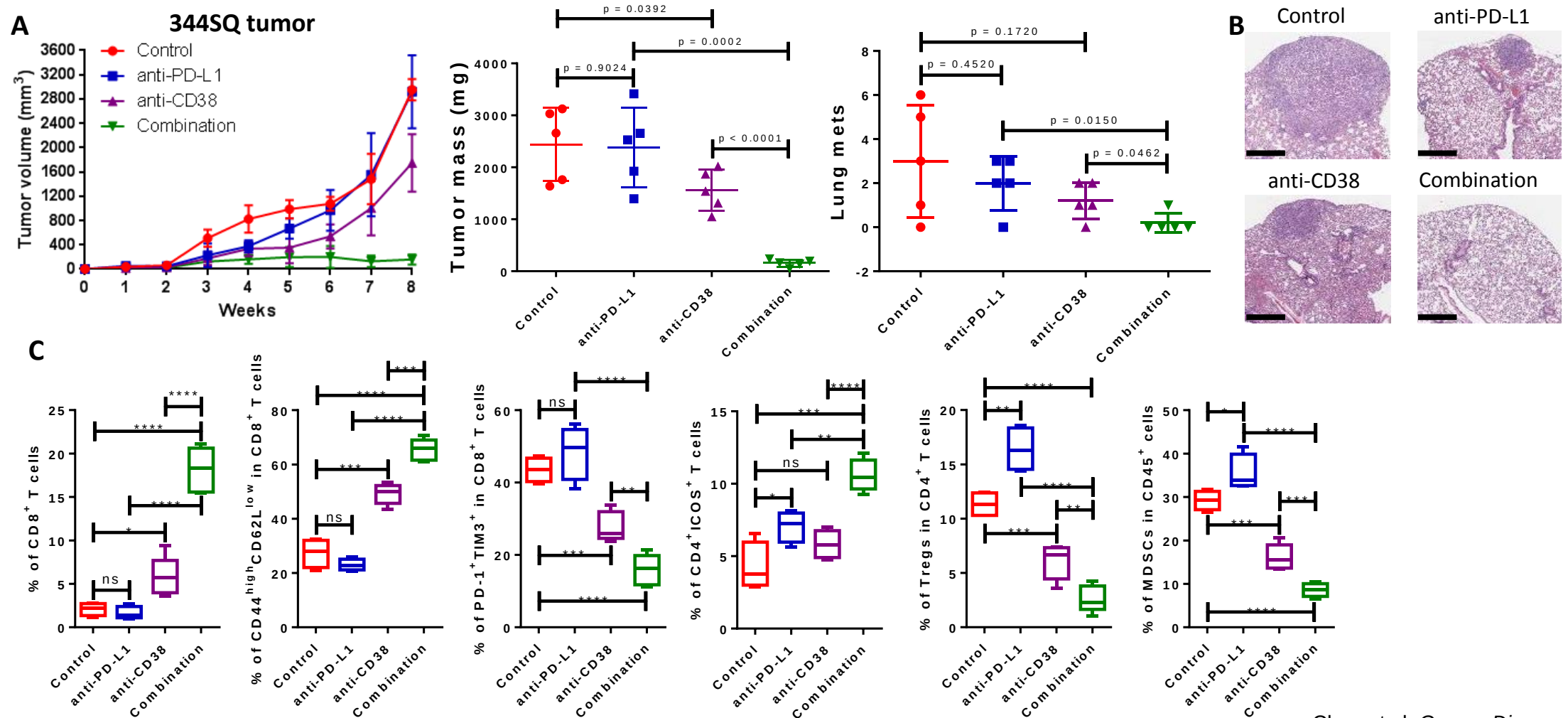
Fradette, 2019.

CD38 tumor expression drives growth, metastasis and immune phenotype in KP and LLC models



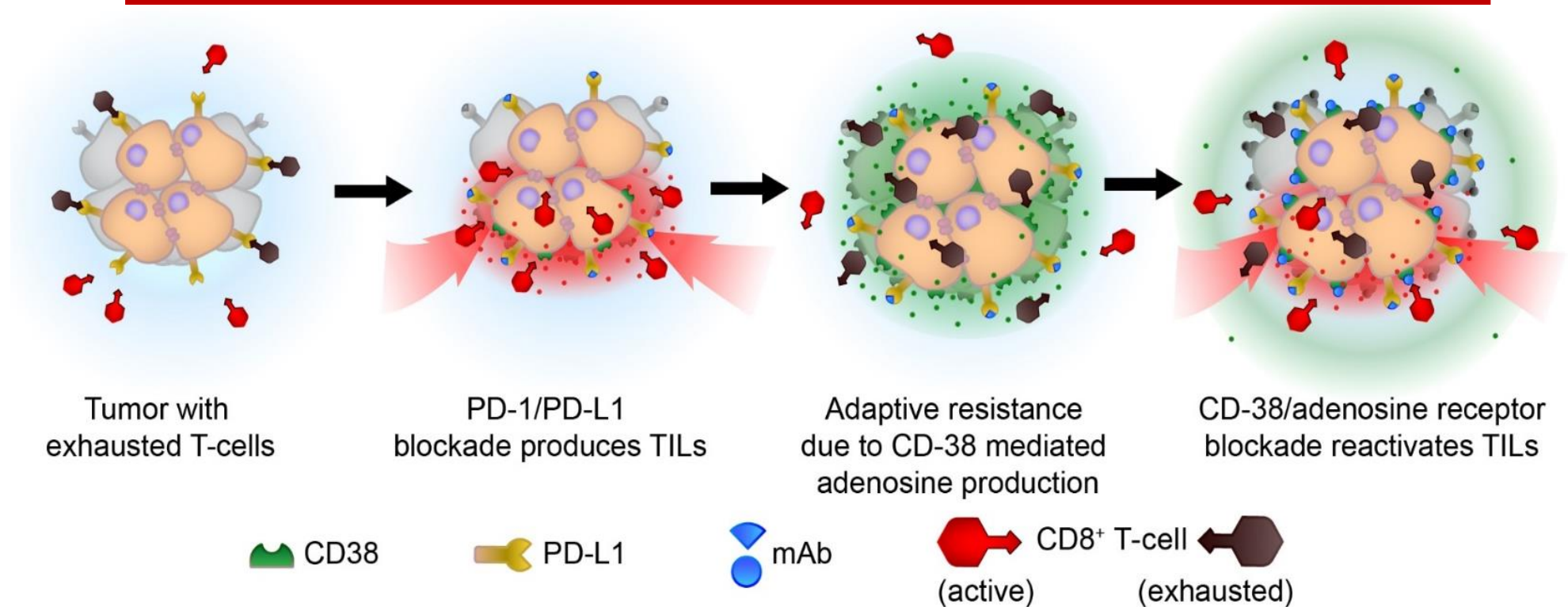
Chen et al, *Cancer Discovery*, 2018.

Combination anti-PD-L1/-CD38 improves therapeutic response in multiple *in vivo* models



Chen et al, *Cancer Discovery*, 2018.

Working Model of Adaptive Immune Suppression

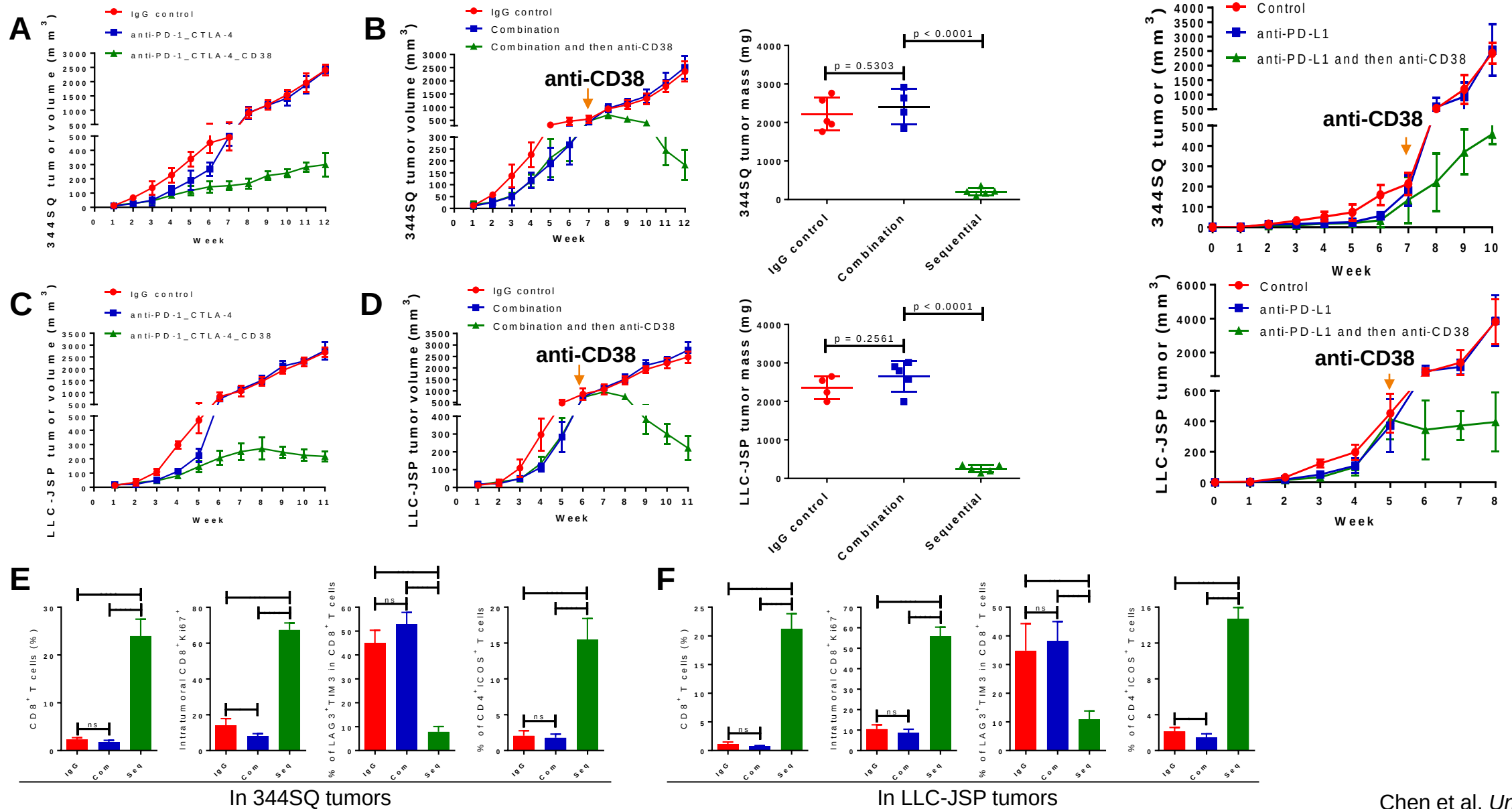


Chen et al, 2018

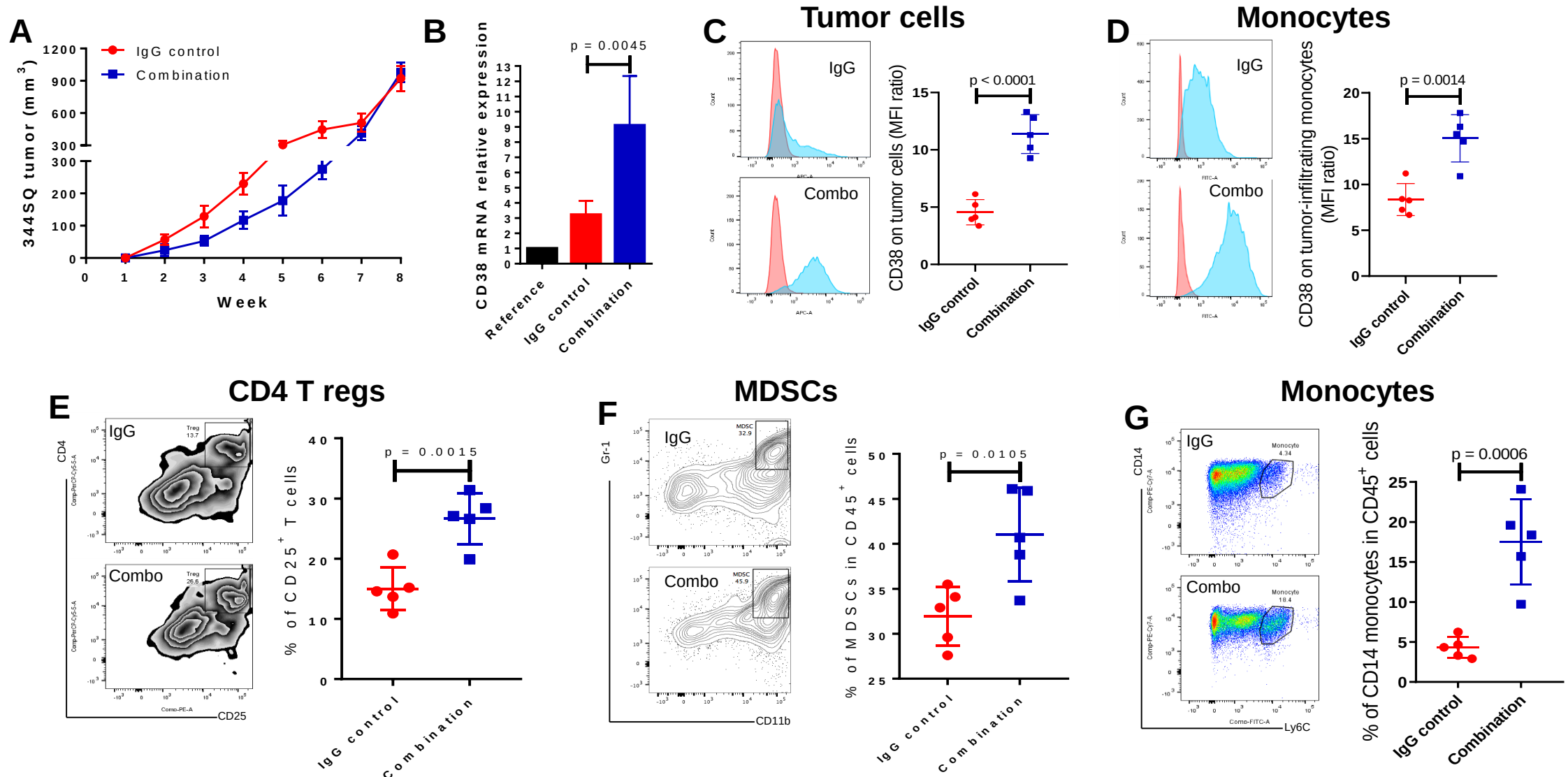
Open Questions:

- Does this mechanism apply to any immunotherapy treatment?
- What is the best therapeutic intervention against CD38 or the pathway?
- Besides T cells, are other effector immune cell types important?
- What is/are the best biomarker(s) to select patients and develop these therapies?

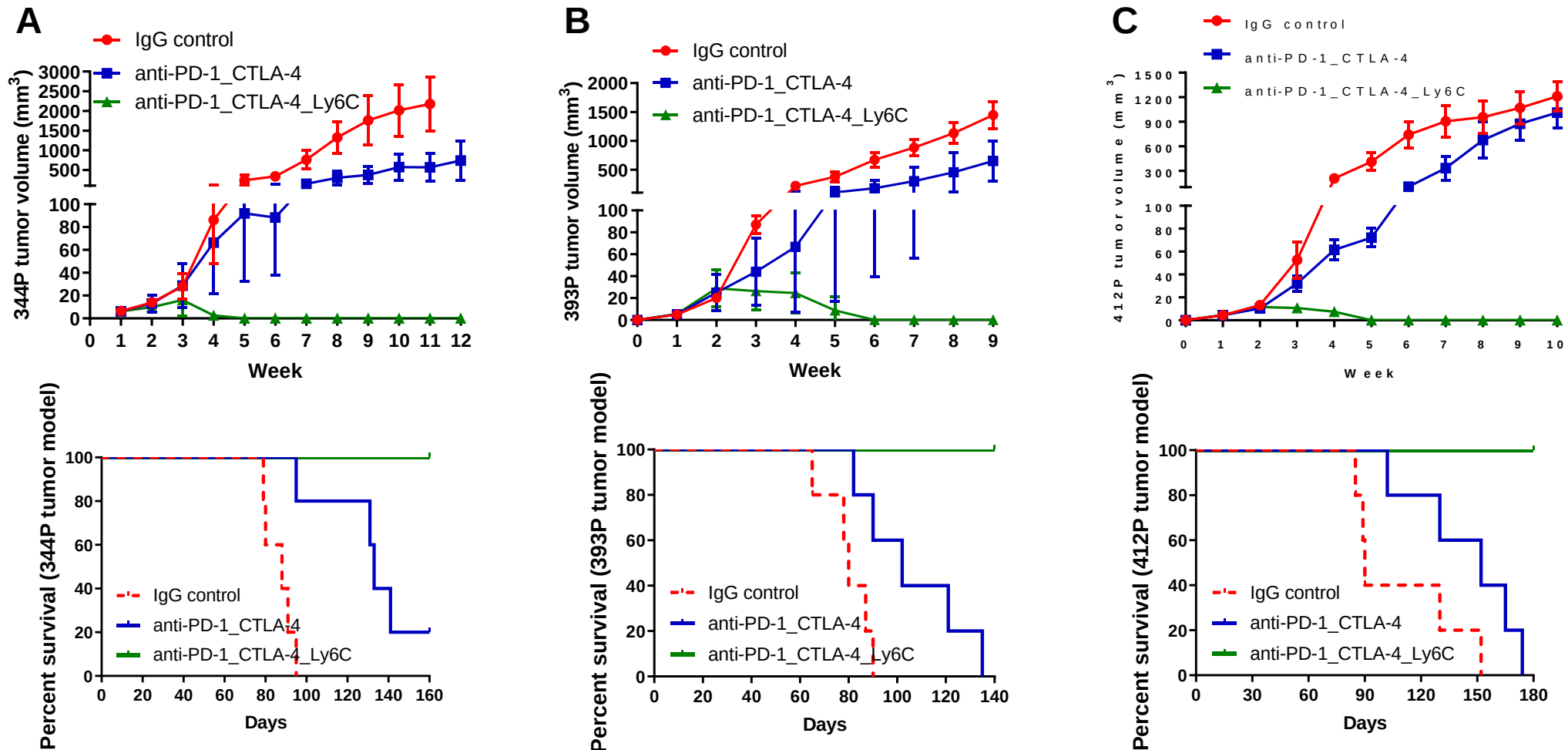
Anti-CD38 prevents & reverses the adaptive resistance to PD-1/CTLA-4 blockade



Anti-PD-1/-CTLA-4 resistance is associated with CD38 up-regulation on multiple cell types, including Ly6C⁺ monocytes

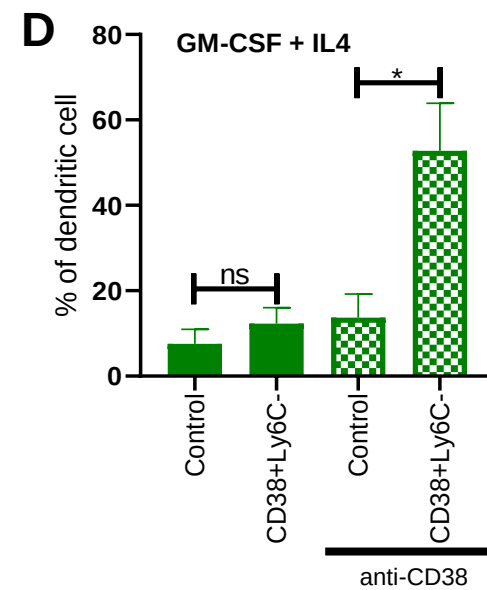
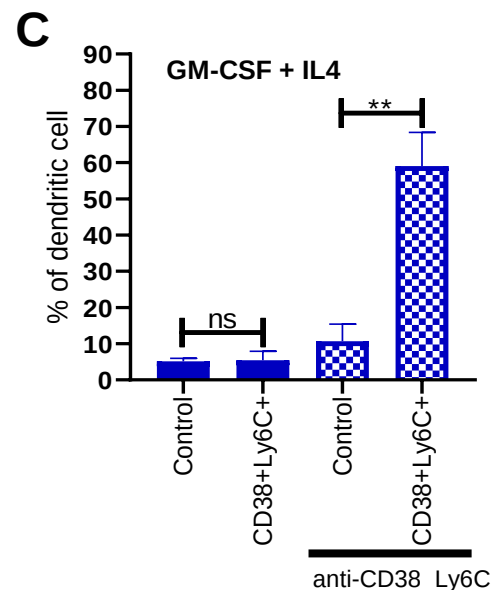
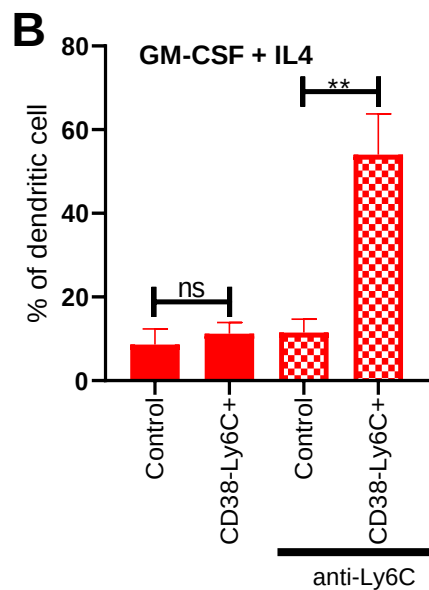
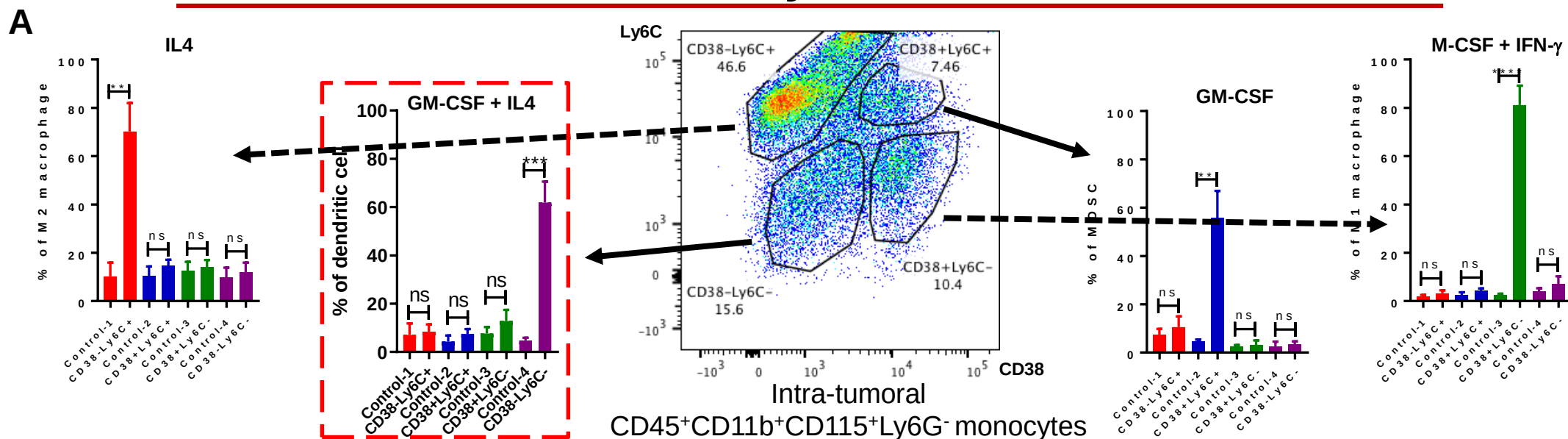


Tumor resistance to anti-PD-1/-CTLA-4 therapy is reversed by Ly6C blockade in multiple models



Chen et al, Unpublished.

CD38 and Ly6C status define the differentiation potential of intratumoral monocytes into dendritic cells



Dendritic cells present a necessary second signal to cytotoxic CD8 T cells

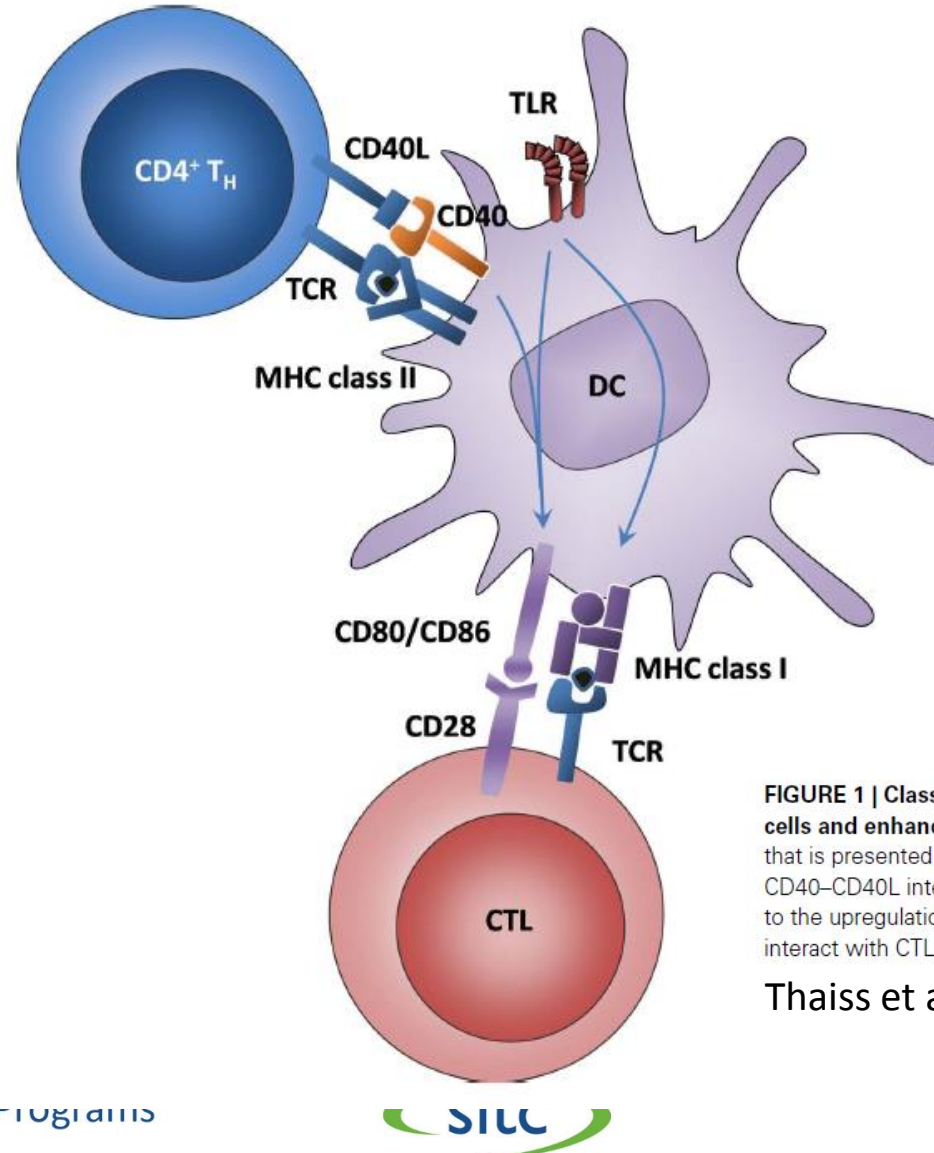
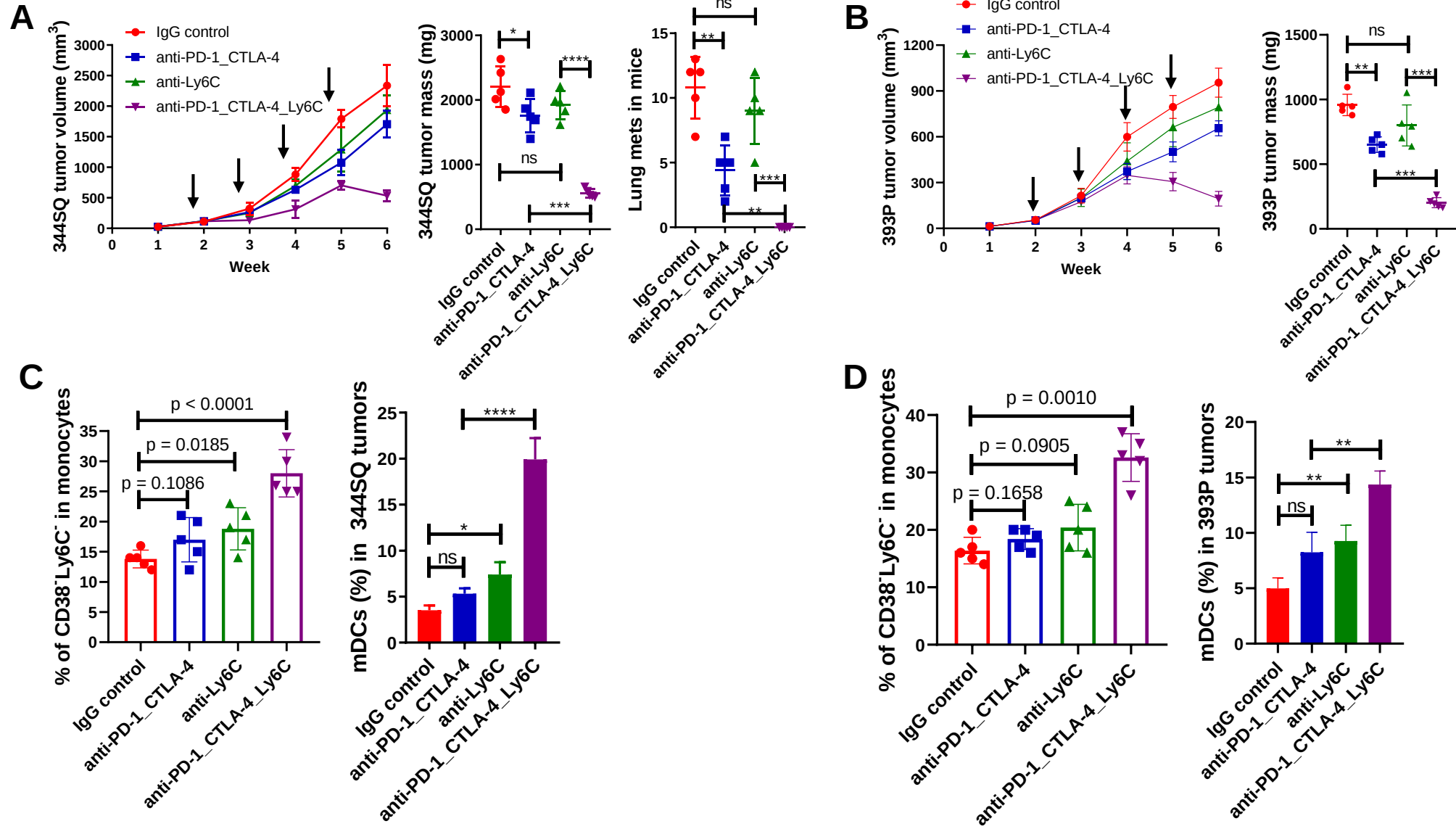


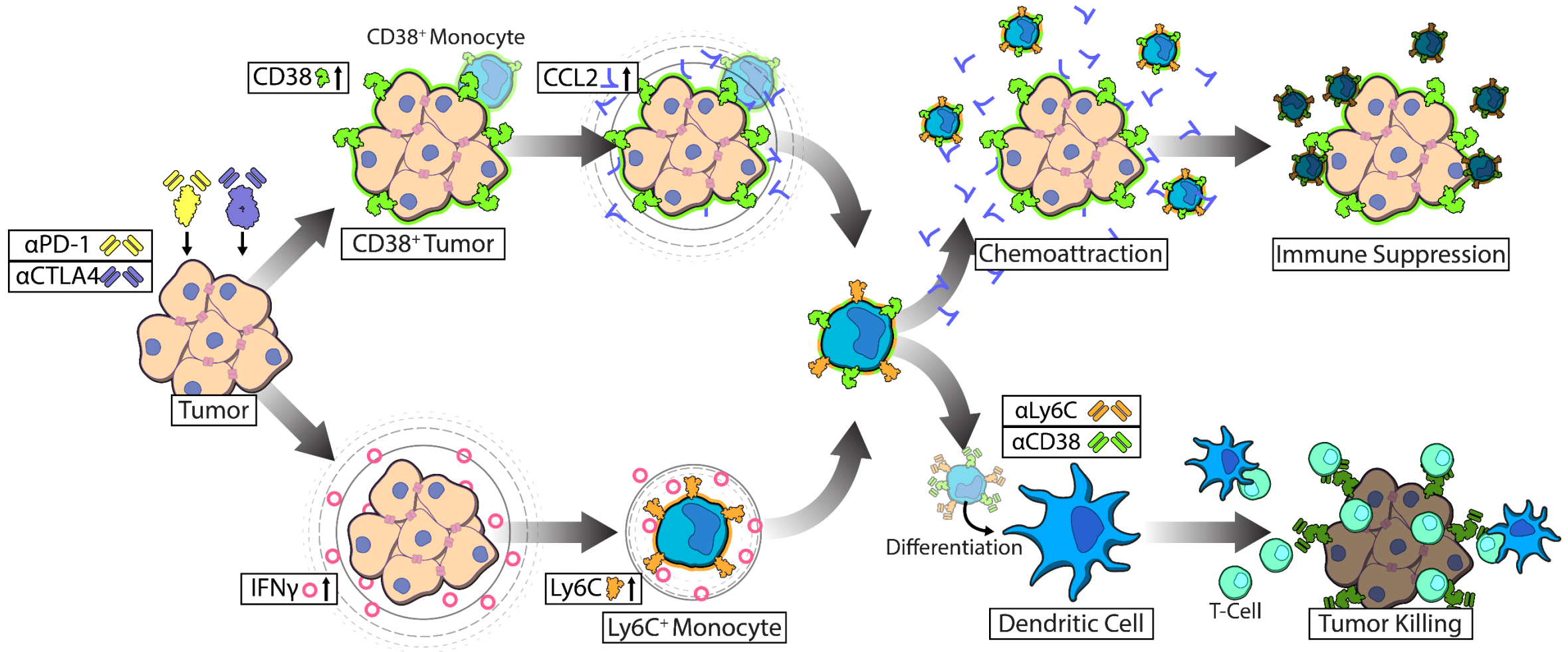
FIGURE 1 | Classical DC licensing for cross-priming is mediated by Th cells and enhanced by TLR ligands. DCs interact with Th cells via antigen that is presented on MHC class II and recognized by the TCR and via CD40–CD40L interactions. The signals downstream of CD40 and TLRs lead to the upregulation of MHC class I and CD80/86, thus allowing the DC to interact with CTL.

Thaiss et al, *Front. in Immunology*, 2011.

CD38⁻Ly6C⁻ monocytes and mature dendritic cells are enriched in tumors with anti-PD-1/-CTLA-4 /-Ly6C



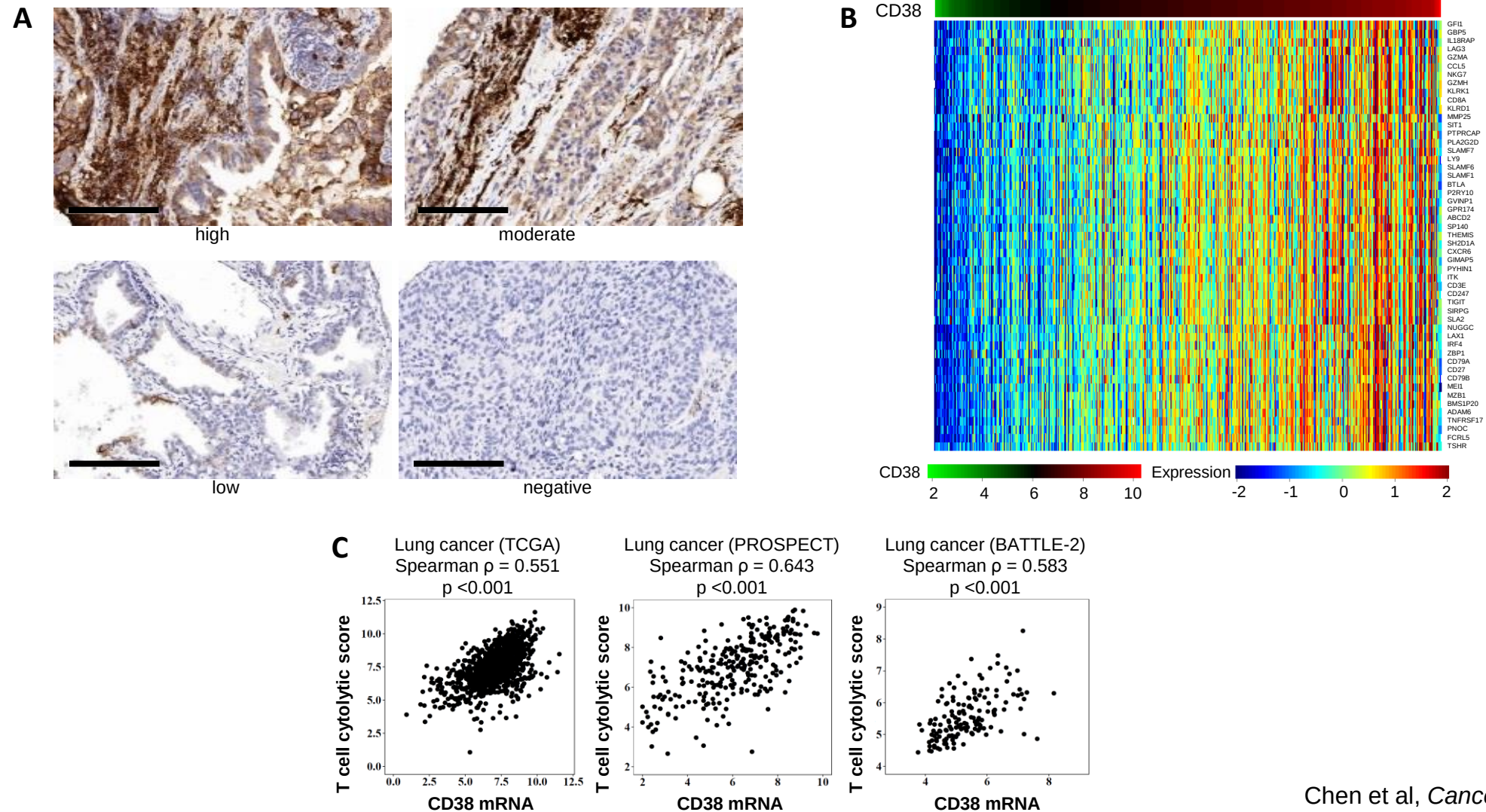
Potential Model of CD38 & Ly6C Effects on Myeloid Subsets and DC maturation



CD38-dependent Ado production also affects CD8 T cell function and DC maturation

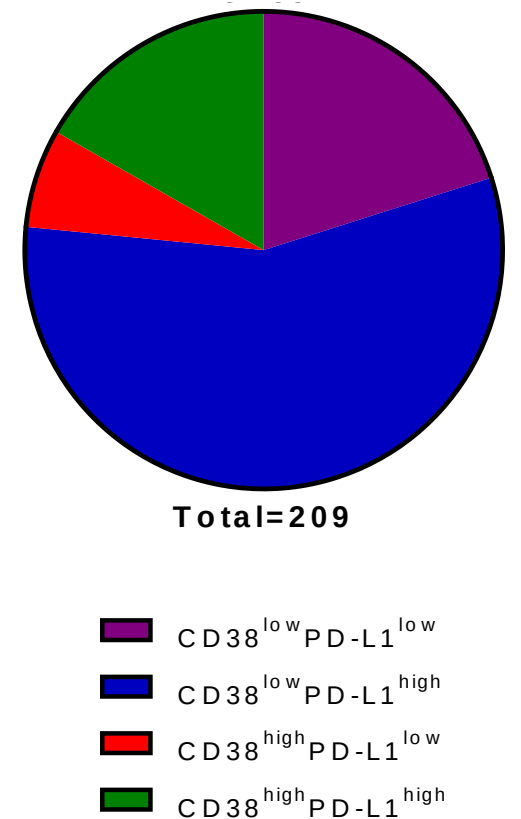
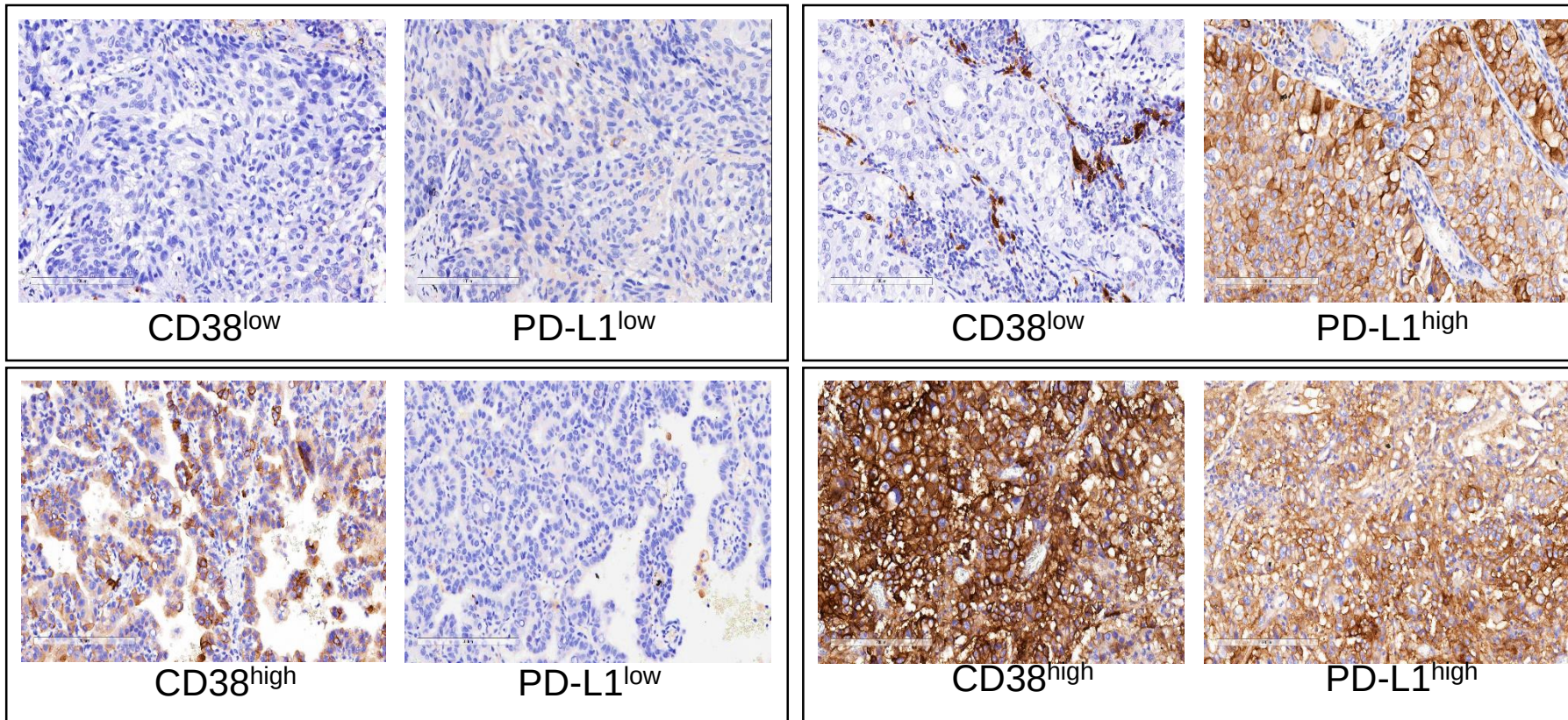
Translational & immune biomarker development in NSCLC

CD38 expression is associated with markers of intratumoral CD8 T cell infiltration



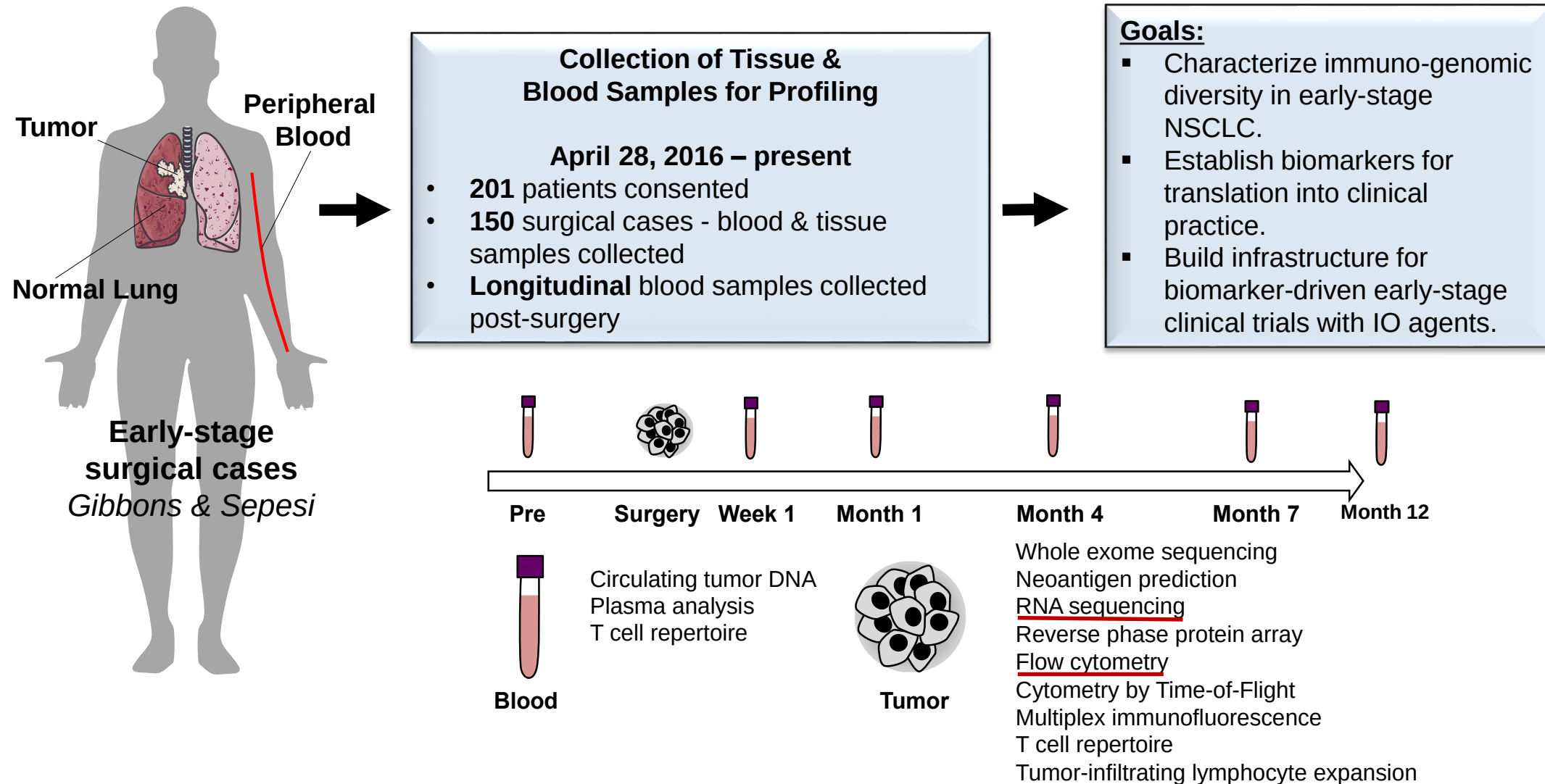
Chen et al, *Cancer Discovery*, 2018.

Co-expression of CD38 and PD-L1 in multiple cohorts of treatment-naïve NSCLC tumors



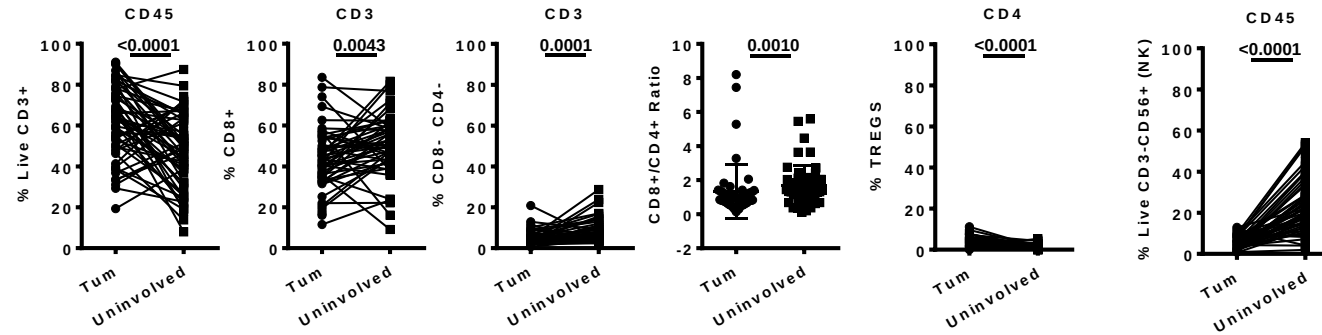
Chen et al, *Cancer Discovery*, 2018.

ICON Project (ImmunogenomiC prOfiling of NSCLC)

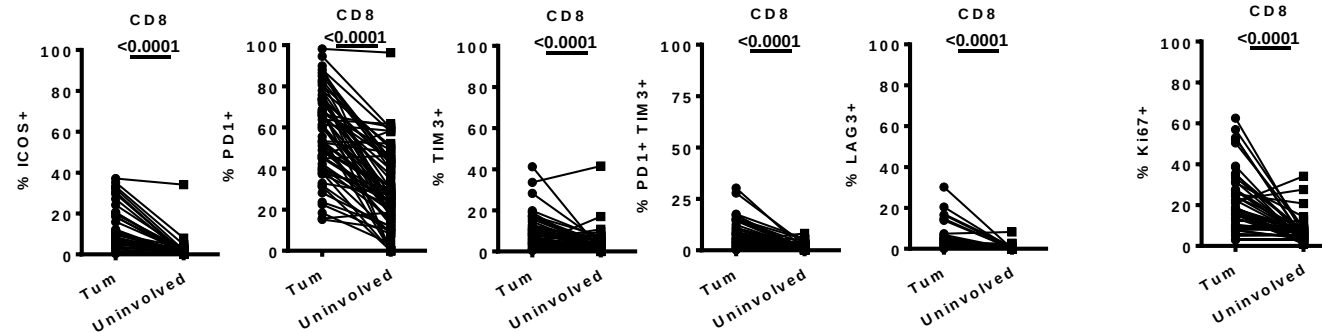


T cell profiles from multi-parameter flow for fresh tumor vs matched normal lung

Lymphocytes Subsets-----

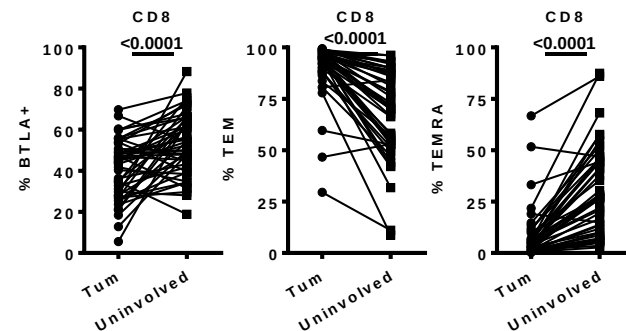


Activation-----

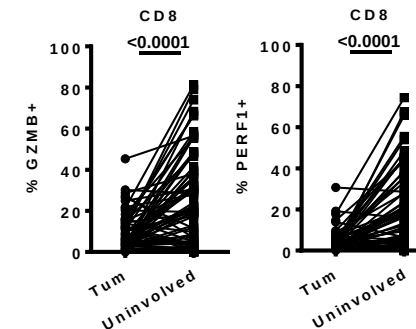


Proliferation

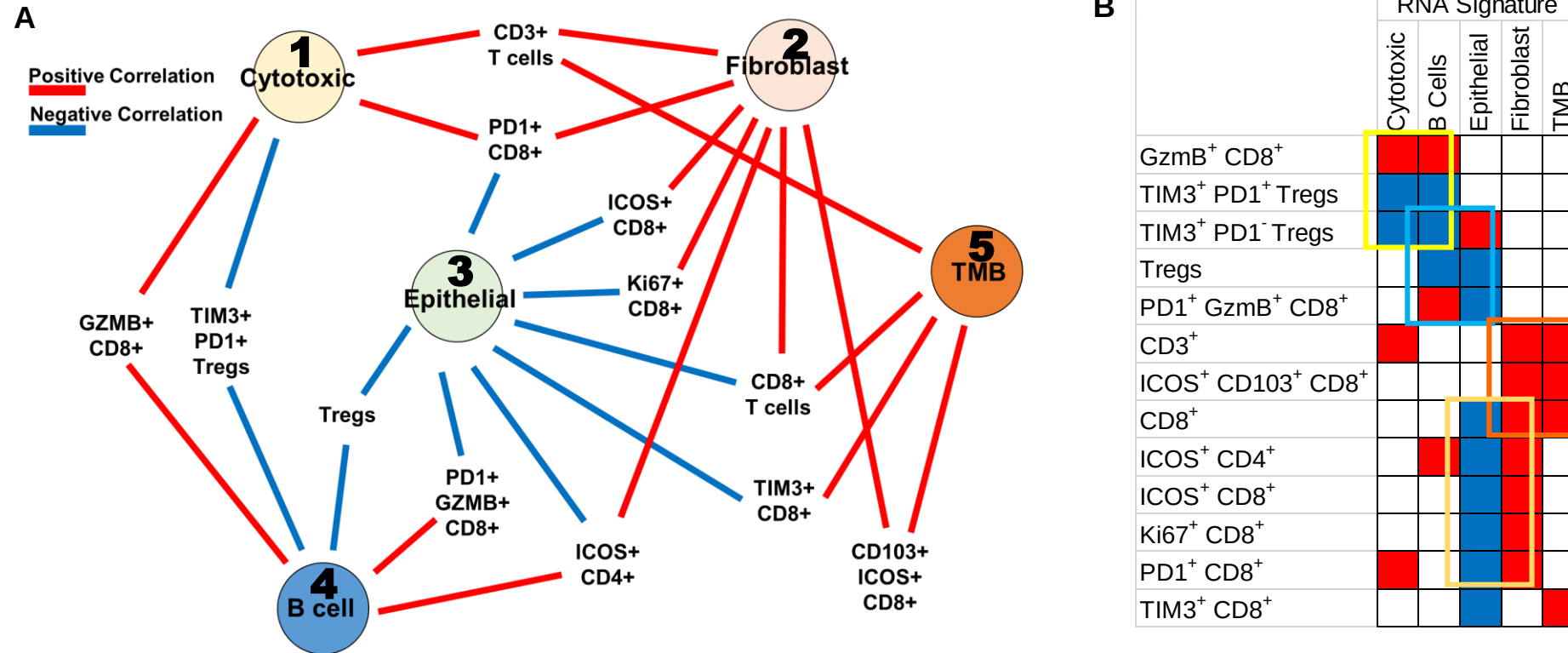
Differentiation-----



Cytotoxic Function

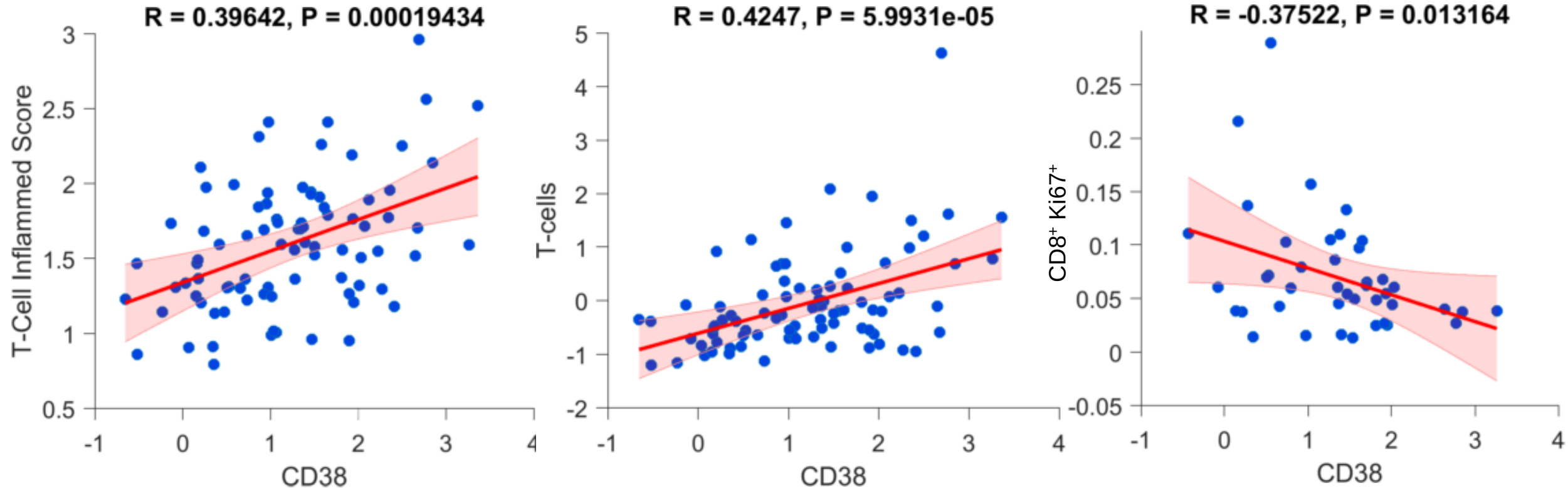


Mapping tumor subsets by correlation of T cell profiles with tumor RNA signatures

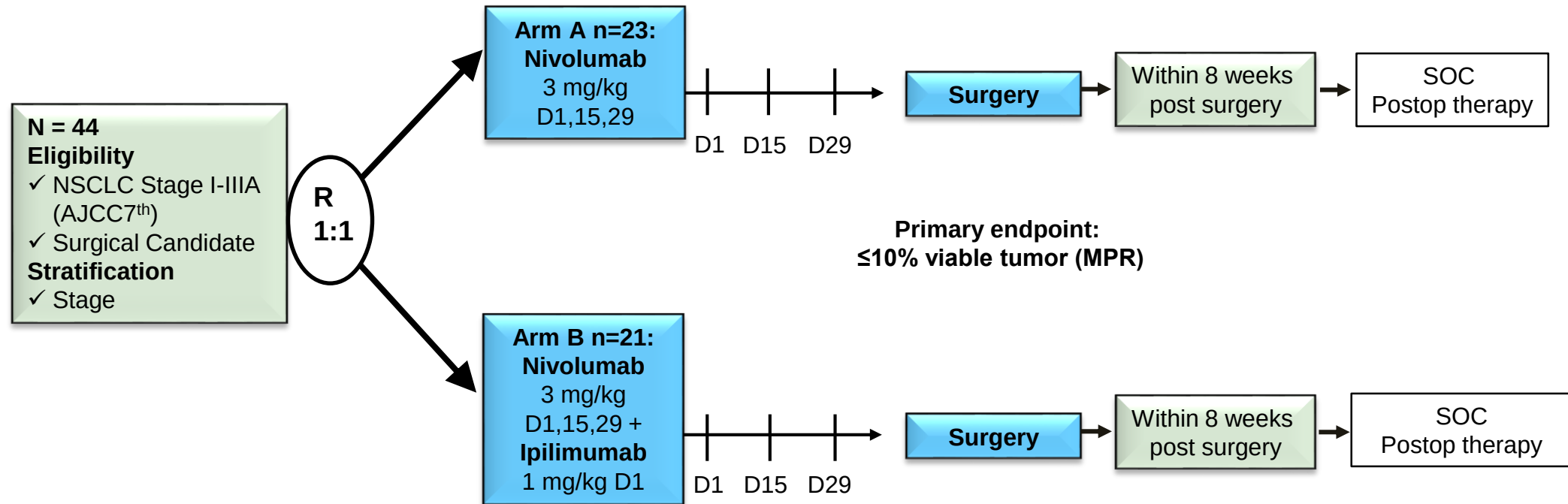


Federico, Karpinets, McGrail, MDACC

CD38 levels correlate with T Cell inflamed score, T cell infiltrate and suppression of CD8 proliferation in the ICON samples



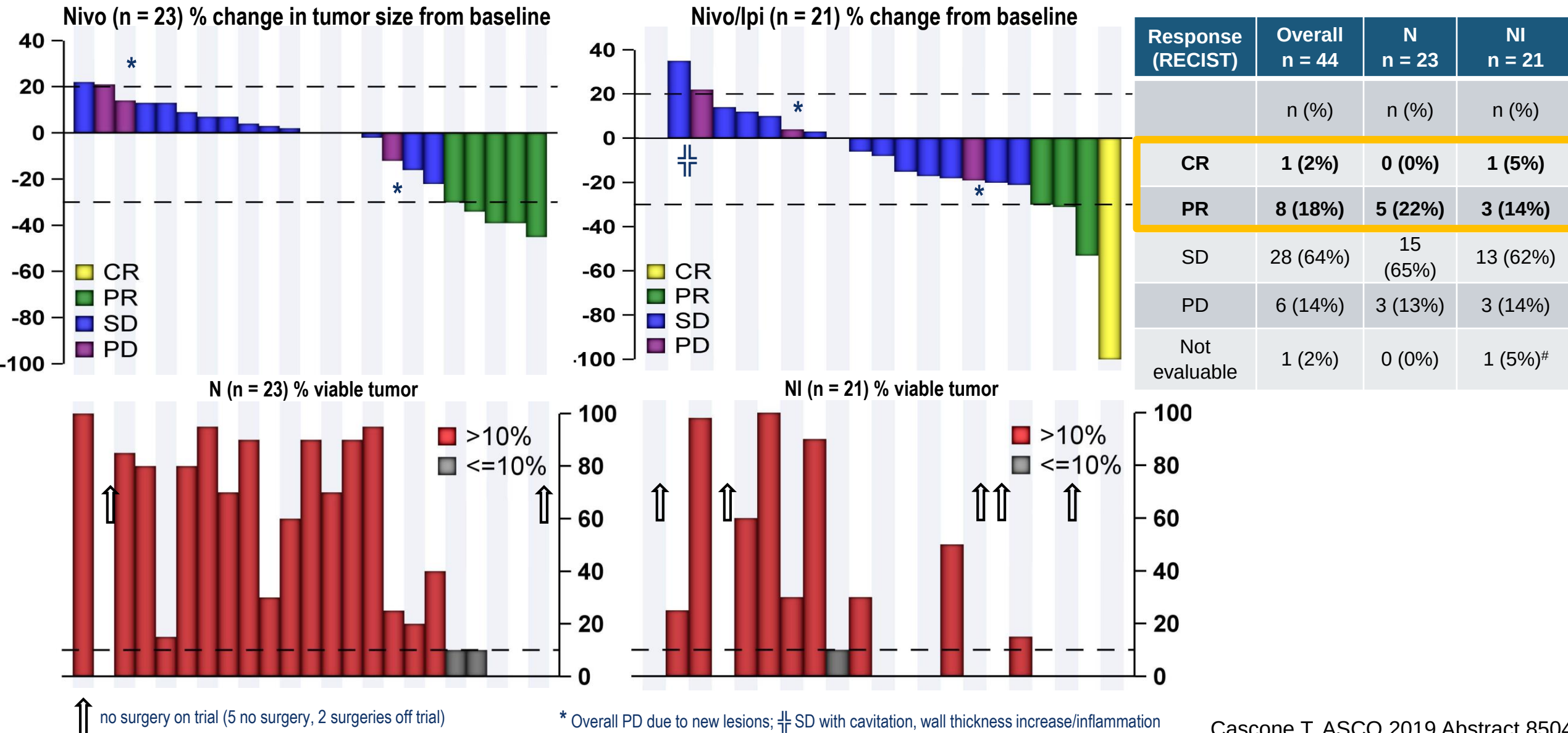
NEOSTAR: phase II study of induction checkpoint blockade for untreated stage I-IIIa NSCLC amenable for surgical resection



Successful enrollment of arms A and B completed in 17 months

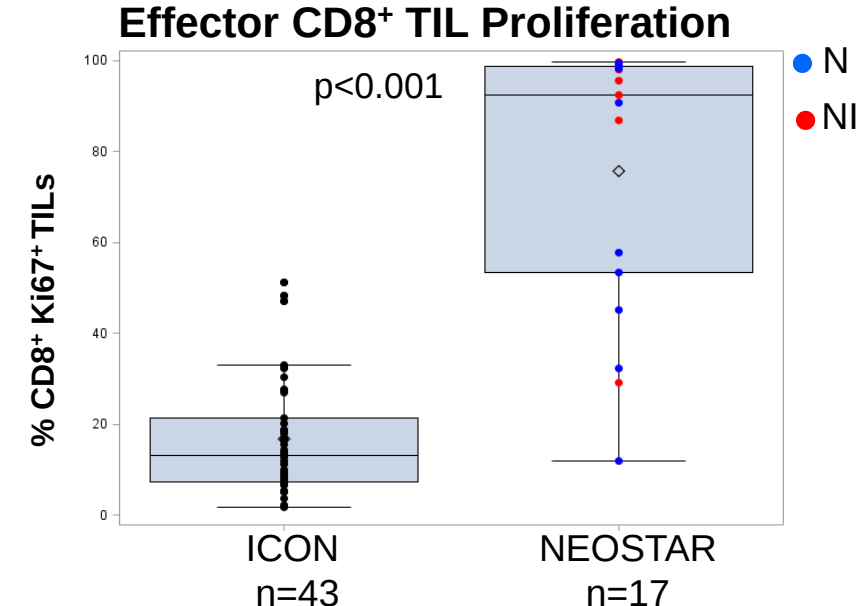
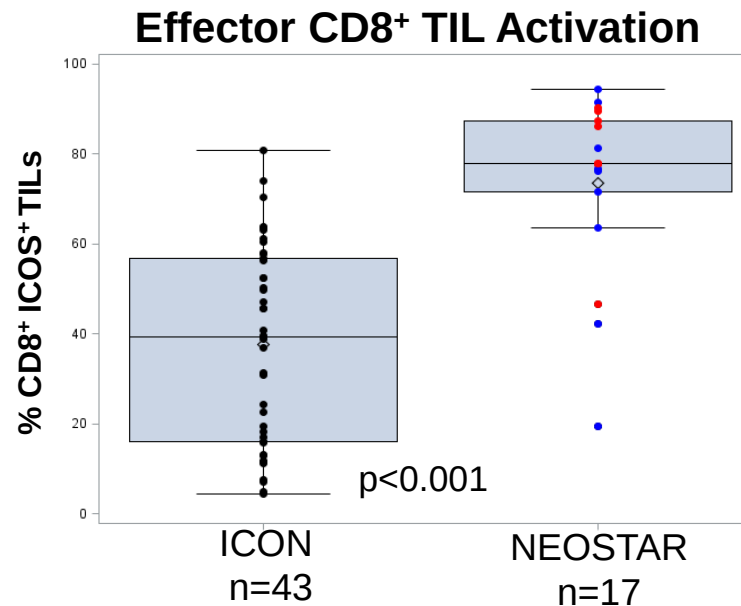
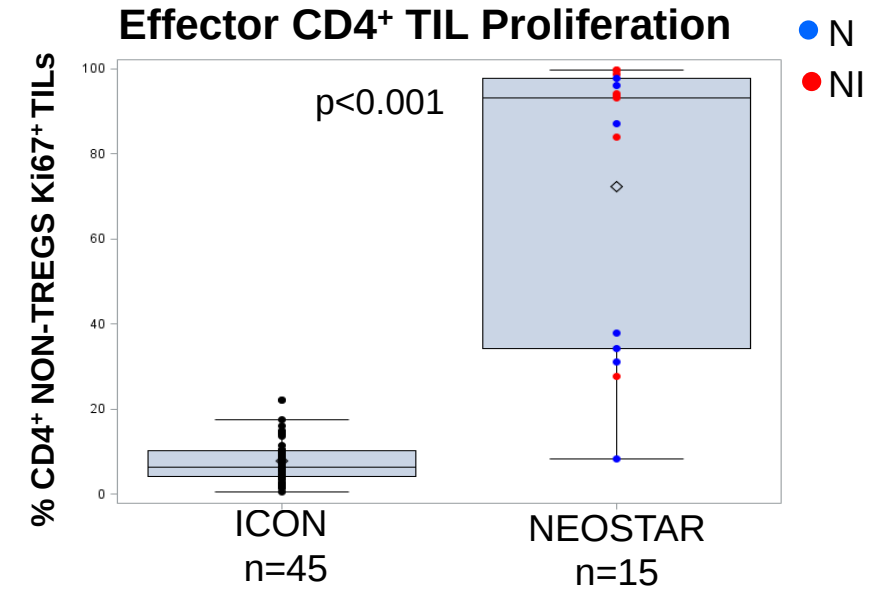
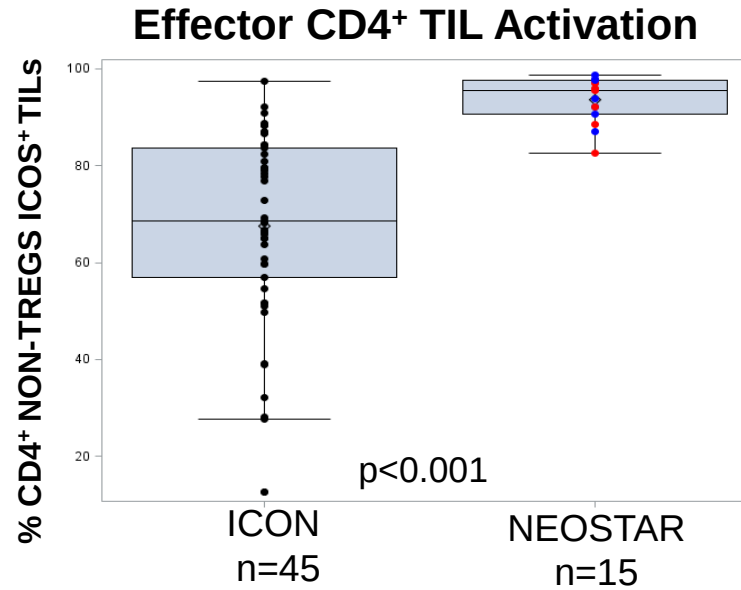
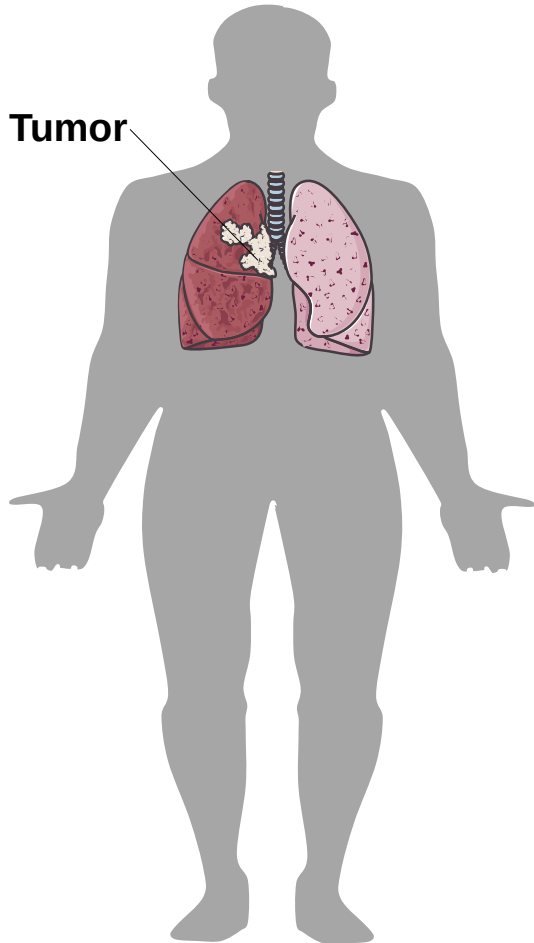
PI: T Cascone
Co-PI: B. Sepesi

RECIST Responses are positively associated with MPR



Neoadjuvant N and NI increase proliferative/activated TILs vs. untreated lung tumors (ICON set)

ICON (Immunogenomic Profiling of NSCLC)
Stage IB-IIIa resected tumors



Take home messages

- Multiple mechanisms of acquired resistance to PD-(L)1 and CTLA-4 blockade are activated upon an enhanced intratumoral immune infiltration.
- CD38 alters the tumor metabolic microenvironment & affects multiple immune cell types.
- Study of pre-clinical models allows us to address MOA, test causation and assess treatment strategies for IO agents in NSCLC.
- Parallel analysis of patient specimens will best guide our understanding of the broader immune landscape, development of clinical biomarkers and testing for treatment strategies.

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