

Off-the-shelf CAR T: Pioneering an Off-the-Shelf, Allogeneic T-cell Platform

Ola

EBV+ PTLD champion

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Innovative Off-the-Shelf, Allogeneic T-Cell Platform





State-of-the-Art T-Cell Manufacturing

- Dedicated, expandable ATOM (Atara T-cell Operations & Manufacturing) facility in Thousand Oaks, CA
- Flexibility to produce multiple T-cell and CAR T immunotherapies
- Integrated research and process science to enable rapid development and leverage research collaborations
- Designed to global regulatory standards (completed licensure for clinical production)

Pioneering Off-the-Shelf, Allogeneic T-Cell Immunotherapies

Three strategic priorities to create value





Robust T-Cell Immunotherapy Pipeline

	Indication/Program	Target	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Registration
Tab-cel [®] (tabelecleucel)	RR EBV+ PTLD following HCT	EBV					
	RR EBV+ PTLD following SOT	EBV					
	Nasopharyngeal carcinoma ⁽¹⁾	EBV					
	EBV+ cancers ⁽²⁾	EBV					
Multiple sclerosis	Autologous ATA190: Progressive MS	EBV ⁽³⁾					
	Off-the-shelf, allogeneic ATA188: Progressive MS	EBV ⁽³⁾					
Next-gen CAR T	Solid tumors ⁽⁴⁻⁶⁾	Mesothelin					
	Acute myeloid leukemia ⁽⁴⁾	Dual undisclosed					
	B-cell malignancies ⁽⁴⁾	CD19-CD20- CD22					
	Off-the-shelf, allogeneic B-cell malignancies	CD19					

EBV+ PTLD: EBV-Associated Post-Transplant Lymphoproliferative Disease; RR: rituximab relapsed/refractory; HCT: allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplant; SOT: solid organ transplant Other programs: ATA230 (CMV), ATA368 (HPV), ATA520 (WT1) and ATA621 (BK/JCV)

- (1) Phase 1b/2 study in combination with anti-PD-1 therapy, KEYTRUDA® (pembrolizumab), in patients with platinum-resistant or recurrent EBV-associated NPC.
- (2) Phase 2 multi-cohort study planned with possible indications including EBV+ PTLD with CNS involvement, EBV+ PID/AID LPD, EBV+ LMS and other potential EBV-associated diseases
- (3) Targeted antigen recognition technology

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- (4) Development expected to start in autologous setting
- Mesothelin is expressed at high levels on the surface of cells in aggressive solid tumors including mesothelioma, triple-negative breast cancer, esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer and non-small cell lung cancer
 MSK investigator-sponsored Phase 1 study (NCT02414269) of a mesothelin-targeted CAR T immunotherapy is ongoing; Atara's CAR T collaboration with MSK will focus on development of a next-generation, mesothelin-targeted CAR T using novel 1XX CAR signaling and PD-1 dominant negative receptor (DNR) checkpoint inhibition technologies.

Pioneering Off-the-Shelf, Allogeneic T-Cell Immunotherapies

Three strategic priorities to create value

Tab-cel[®] (tabelecleucel)

EBV-associated cancers

FDA breakthrough designation & EMA PRIME for EBV+ PTLD

Multiple sclerosis

Developing first T-cell immunotherapy in autoimmune disease

Next-generation CAR T

Mesothelin-targeted CAR T immunotherapy for solid tumors

Off-the-shelf, allogeneic platform



EBV-Associated Post-Transplant Lymphoproliferative Disease Aggressive, Often Deadly Cancer with No Approved Therapy

Rare B-cell lymphoma that occurs in immunosuppressed patients after transplant



- Median age under 40 years vs. around 65 years for all lymphomas
 - Bone marrow transplant (HCT)
 EBV+ PTLD risk up to recovery of immune system (~1 year)
 - Solid organ transplant (SOT)
 Chronic risk of PTLD from immunosuppression;
 Highest risk within ~1 year of transplant⁽¹⁾
- High mortality in rituximab ± chemo relapsed/refractory patients
 - Median survival
 HCT: under 1 month⁽²⁾
 SOT: 3-12 months^(1,3)



Dierickx D, Habermann TM. *N Engl J Med.* 2018 Feb 8;378(6):549-562. Atara estimated 1-year survival based on analysis of Ocheni S, et al. 2008 Aug;42(3):181-6; Fox CP, *et al.* 2014;49(2):280-6. Choquet S, et al. 2007 Aug;86(8):599-607; Zimmermann, H, *et al.* Abstract PF719, EHA 2019.

Tab-cel[®] – Positive Long-Term Outcomes for Patients with EBV+ PTLD Observed in Phase 2 Studies⁽¹⁾



All 35 (0) 26 (9)23 (11) 18 (14) 17 (14) 14 (14) 13 (15) 12 (15) 6 (15) 3 (15) 3 (15) Non Response 11 (0) 4 (7) 2 (8) 0 (10) Response 24 (0) 22 (2) 21 (3) 18 (4) 17 (4) 14 (4) 13 (5) 12 (5) 6 (5) 3 (5) 3 (5)

Overall survival at 1 year **68%**

Overall survival at 2 years in responders 83%

Median survival not yet reached⁽²⁾



Overall survival at 1 year 64%

Overall survival at 2 years in responders 86%

Median survival of 21.3 months



Few treatment-related serious adverse events (SAEs): 12 possibly related Serious Adverse Events (SAEs) among 173 patients: no infusion related toxicities, no CRS (cytokine release syndrome) and three possibly related graft vs. host disease (GvHD); Safety data on file as of December 2017.

(1) NCT00002663 and NCT01498484; Prockop, S., et al. EHA 2018. (2)

Pioneering Off-the-Shelf, Allogeneic T-Cell Immunotherapies

Three strategic priorities to create value





We Have Assembled a Tool Kit of Technologies Designed to Address Current CAR Limitations

1 Multi-	2 Next Gen	3 PD1	4
Targeted	Co-stimulatory	Dominant	Other
CARs	domains	Negative Receptor	Technologies
Methods of designing multi- targeted CAR T cells directed against two or more identified antigens	Novel CD28 and 4-1BB co-stimulatory domains which may offer more physiologic T cell signaling	Provide intrinsic checkpoint inhibition to unlock solid tumor microenvironment	Artificial antigen presenting cell technology optimizes manufacturing



Atara's Next-Generation CAR T Immunotherapy Strategy

Rapidly advance autologous CAR T for proof-of-concept then followed by EBV-specific allogeneic CAR Ts

Collaborate with academic leaders applying next-gen technologies

Invest in world-class T-cell manufacturing

Leverage T-cell research, development and regulatory experience

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Advantages of EBV-Specific T-Cell Immunotherapy Platform



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- EBV present in >95% of individuals by age 40
 - Implicated in a wide range of cancers and autoimmune diseases
 - EBV-specific T cells sourced from established healthy donor networks
- No gene editing or HLA edits required
 - Maintaining healthy donor T cell proliferation and persistence advantages
- Risk of GvHD may be reduced by EBV TCR specificity
- EBV T-cells may be immunologically privileged⁽¹⁾
 - Long-term persistence when engineered to express an additional WT1 TCR⁽²⁾
 - Traffic to and embed within solid tumors where their activation can lead to antitumor activity⁽³⁾
 - Expand in immuno-competent patients without lymphodepleting chemotherapy pre-treatment⁽⁴⁾

Maeda Y, et al. Science. 2014 Dec 19;346(6216):1536-40; Regulatory T cells (T_{regs}) "silence" T cells with reactivity to self
 Chapuis AG, et al. Nat Med. 2019 Jul;25(7):1064-1072.

(3) Rosato P, *et al.* Nature Communications 2019 Feb 4; 10:567; Virus-specific memory T Cells populate tumors and can be repurposed for tumor immunotherapy.
 (4) Prockop S, *et al.* Proc ASCO 2016.

Atara Next-Generation and Off-the-Shelf, Allogeneic CAR T Approach



ATA3219: Off-the-Shelf, Allogeneic Next Gen CAR T Immunotherapy Targeting CD19





Atara Allogeneic EBV.CD19.28z CAR T Balances Proliferation Capacity and Activated T Cell Function



Enriched for desirable central memory T cell phenotype

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Atara Allogeneic EBV.CD19.28z CAR T Demonstrates Potent *in vitro* CD19 Activity

Nalm6, Raji and K562 are the standard cells for CD19 CAR T positive and negative controls

- Left: EBV-specific T cells without CAR shows low activity for CD19(+) and CD19(-) cells
- Right: Allogeneic EBV.CD19.28z
 CAR T targets CD19(+) cells





Atara Allogeneic EBV-Specific T Cells Require HLA Match





HLA: Human Leukocyte Antigen BLCL: EBV transformed B lymphoblastoid cell line PHA: Phytohaemagglutinin Blast

Atara Allogeneic EBV.CD19.28z CAR T Selectively and Specifically Targets CD19 Independent of HLA





HLA: Human Leukocyte Antigen BLCL: EBV transformed B lymphoblastoid cell line PHA: Phytohaemagglutinin Blast

Atara Allogeneic EBV.CD19.28z CAR T Shows Strong Antigen-Specific Proliferation and Persistence

Robust multi-day proliferation following stimulation with CD19 and EBV/CD19 targets





Atara Next Generation CAR T Platform – Conclusions and Next Steps

- Leverages innovative licensed technologies and EBV-specific T cell expertise
- Rapid ability to advance CAR T programs integrating research and process science under one roof (ATOM facility)
- EBV.CD19.28z CAR T demonstrates
 - High CAR transduction
 - Increased frequency of central memory T cell phenotype
 - Specific and selective CD19 activity
 - Low levels of off-target alloreactivity designed to minimize GvHD risk
 - Strong antigen-specific proliferation
- Developing an off-the-shelf, allogeneic CAR T targeting CD19 using next generation costimulatory domain (ATA3219)



Licensed Mesothelin-Targeted CAR T Immunotherapy for Solid Tumors from Prasad Adusumilli's Lab at MSK

Mesothelin is an attractive target associated with aggressive solid tumors

- Aberrant mesothelin expression promotes cancer cell proliferation and confers resistance to apoptosis
 - Associated with mesothelioma, triple-negative breast cancer and non-small cell lung cancer
- Mesothelin-associated cancers⁽¹⁾
 - Incidence: ~340,000 patients
 - Prevalence: ~2 million patients

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 Morello A, Sadelain M, Adusumilli PS. Mesothelin-Targeted CARs: Driving T Cells to Solid Tumors. *Cancer Discov*. 2016 Feb;6(2):133-46; U.S. incidence/prevalence.
 Frequency and distribution pattern of the mesothelin protein in solid malignancies.

Prioritized Mesothelin-Targeted Next-Generation CAR T *Positive MSK Phase 1 Results Support Autologous ATA2271 Program*



73-year-old with unresectable biphasic mesothelioma⁽²⁾



Complete response after CAR T + PD-1; No additional therapies for 16 mo

- Positive ASCO 2019 results from ongoing MSK Phase 1 study for mesothelin-targeted CAR T⁽¹⁾
- 16 malignant pleural mesothelioma patients treated following preconditioning cyclophosphamide plus PD-1 and minimum follow-up time of 3 months
 - 80% overall survival (OS) at 12 months
 - 63% best overall response rate (ORR)
 - Three durable investigator assessed complete responses (CR)⁽³⁾
 - Seven partial responses (PR)
- Generally well-tolerated with no CAR T-related toxicities higher than grade 2
 - Unique scFv binds to mesothelin only above cancer threshold, avoiding major on-target, off-tumor toxicity



Adusumilli PS, et al. 2019 American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) Annual Meeting oral presentation: Regional delivery of mesothelin-targeted CAR T cells for pleural cancers: Safety and preliminary efficacy in combination with anti-PD-1 agent. Abstract 2511, S406, Tuesday, June 4, 2019, 8:36 a.m. - 8:48 a.m. CDT, Chicago. PET CT results from ongoing MSK Phase 1 investigator-sponsored study (NCT02414269) patient provided for illustrative purposes only to show how clinical parameters above

may correlate to clinical presentation of a patient Not based on RECIST/mRECIST

Next-Generation CAR T Oncology Pipeline Expanding with Novel Technology Collaborations

	Indication	Target	CAR T Technologies	
ATA2271	Solid tumors ⁽¹⁾	Mesothelin	PD-1 DNR Novel 1XX co-stimulation Autologous ⁽²⁾	Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center
ATA2321	AML	Dual-targeted undisclosed	Novel co-stimulation Autologous ⁽²⁾	MOFFITT
ATA2431	B-cell malignancies	CD19-CD20- CD22	Novel co-stimulation Autologous ⁽²⁾	MOFFITT CANCER CENTER
ATA3219	B-cell malignancies	CD19	Off-the-shelf, allogeneic Novel co-stimulation	ATARA BIO®

Prioritized the mesothelin-targeted next-generation CAR T program with an IND planned for autologous ATA2271 in advanced mesothelioma in 2020



AML: acute myeloid leukemia; DNR: Dominant Negative Receptor

Mesothelin is expressed at high levels on the surface of cells in aggressive solid tumors including mesothelioma, triple-negative breast cancer, esophageal cancer, pancreatic cancer and non-small cell lung cancer Development expected to start in autologous setting with option to develop in parallel or transition to an off-the-shelf, allogeneic product Nasdaq: ATRA

Thank you



Ayden EBV+ PTLD champion