

The DAMP Hypothesis: Unscheduled Cell Death Regulates the Immune Tumor Microenvironment

University of Pittsburgh – Center for DAMP Biology

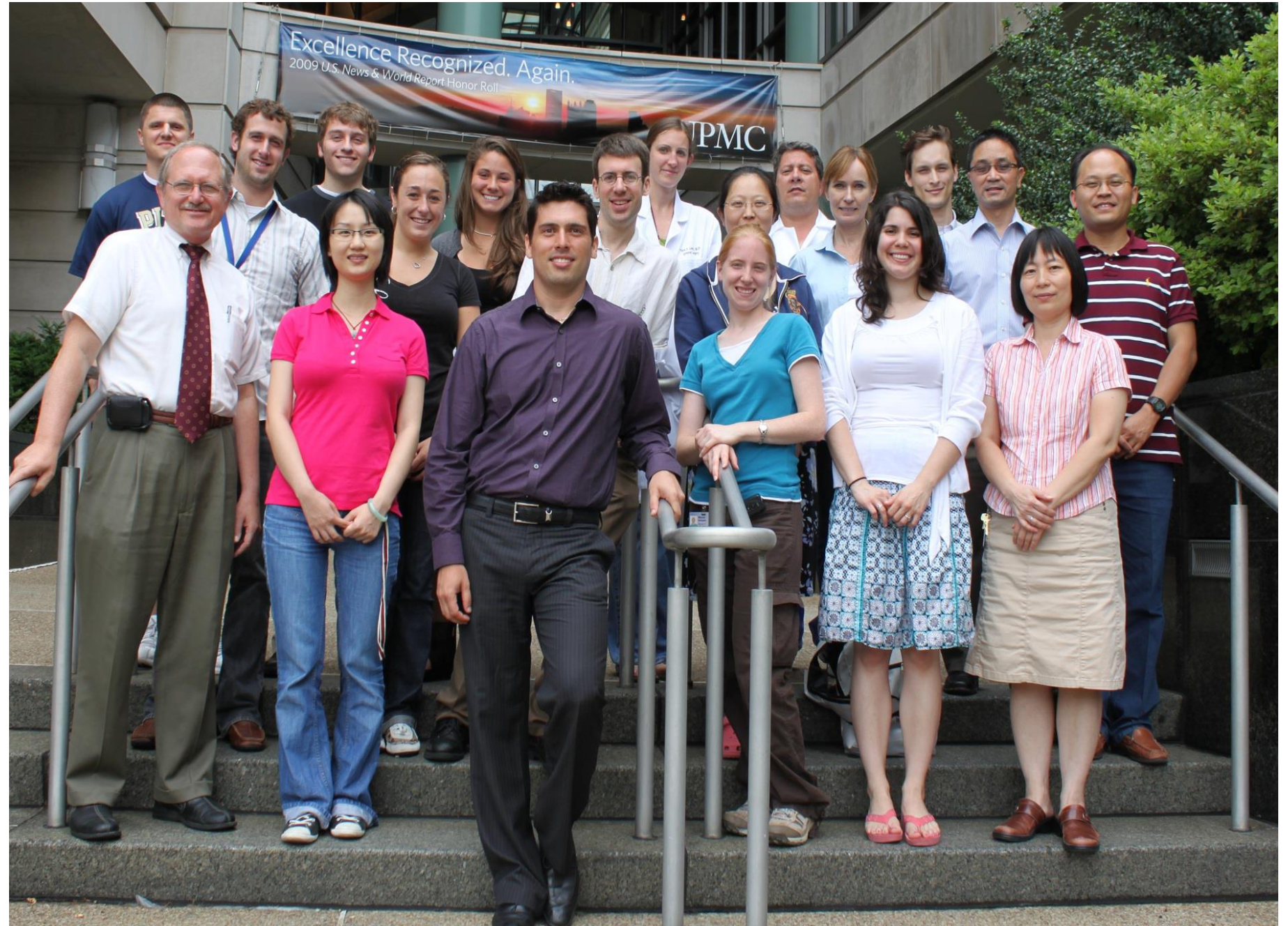
DAMP Lab

Guanqiao Li
Wenqian Wang
William Buchser
Phil Vernon
Rui Kang
Herb Zeh III
Daolin Tang



Collaborators

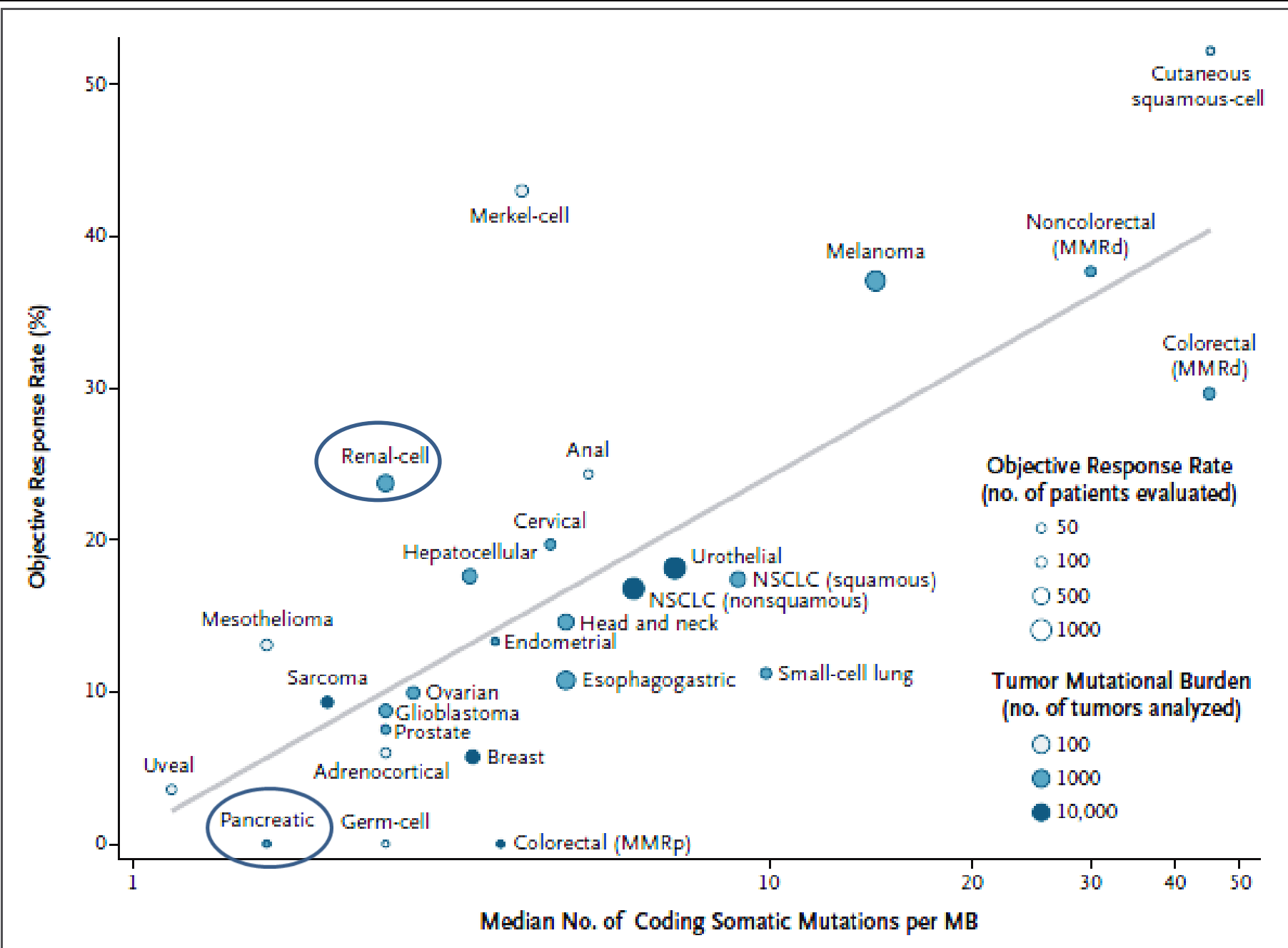
Len Appleman
Jodi Marancie
Ed Prochownk
Andrea Berman
Annette Duensing
Walter Storkus
Xin Huang
Dan Normolle
Rajiv Dhir
Bill Laframboise
Lisa Butterfield

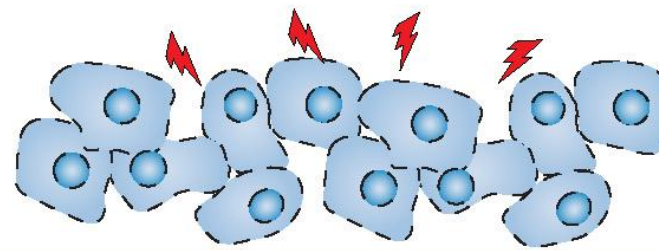


Correlation between Tumor Mutational Burden and Objective Response Rate with Anti-PD-1 or Anti-PDL1 Therapy in 27 Tumor Types.

n engl j med 377;2
nejm.org December
21, 2017

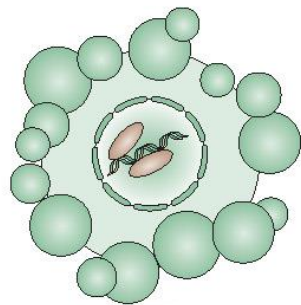
- 1) Autophagy 101
- 2) The DAMP Hypothesis
- 3) Pancreatic Cancer
- 4) Renal Cancer
- 5) Biomarkers of the DAMP Hypothesis





Dead, dying, or injured cells

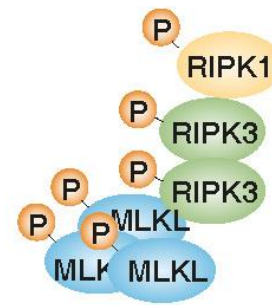
Apoptotic body



Apoptosis

DNA, Histone

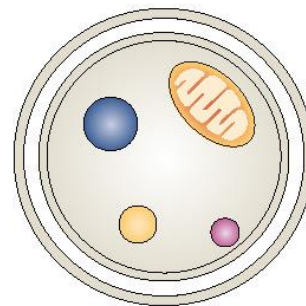
Necrosome



Necroptosis

HMGB1, ATP

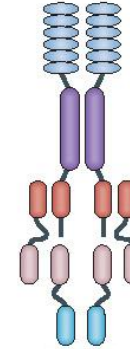
Autophagosome



Autophagy

HMGB1, ATP

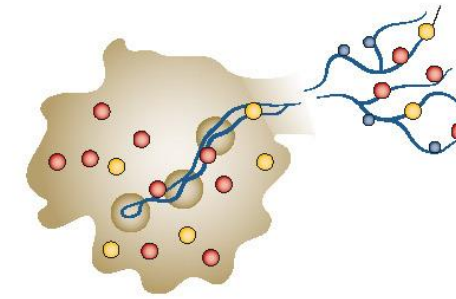
Inflammasome



Pyroptosis

IL1, IL18,
HMGB1, K⁺

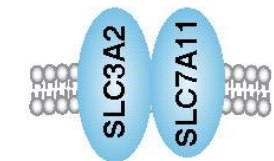
NETs



NETosis

DNA, HMGB1,
Histone

System X_c⁻



Lipid peroxidation

Ferroptosis

HMGB1, PUFA

Toll-like receptors, NOD-like receptors, RIG-I-like receptors, AIM2-like receptors, and RAGE

Regulation of inflammation, immune, metabolism and stress response



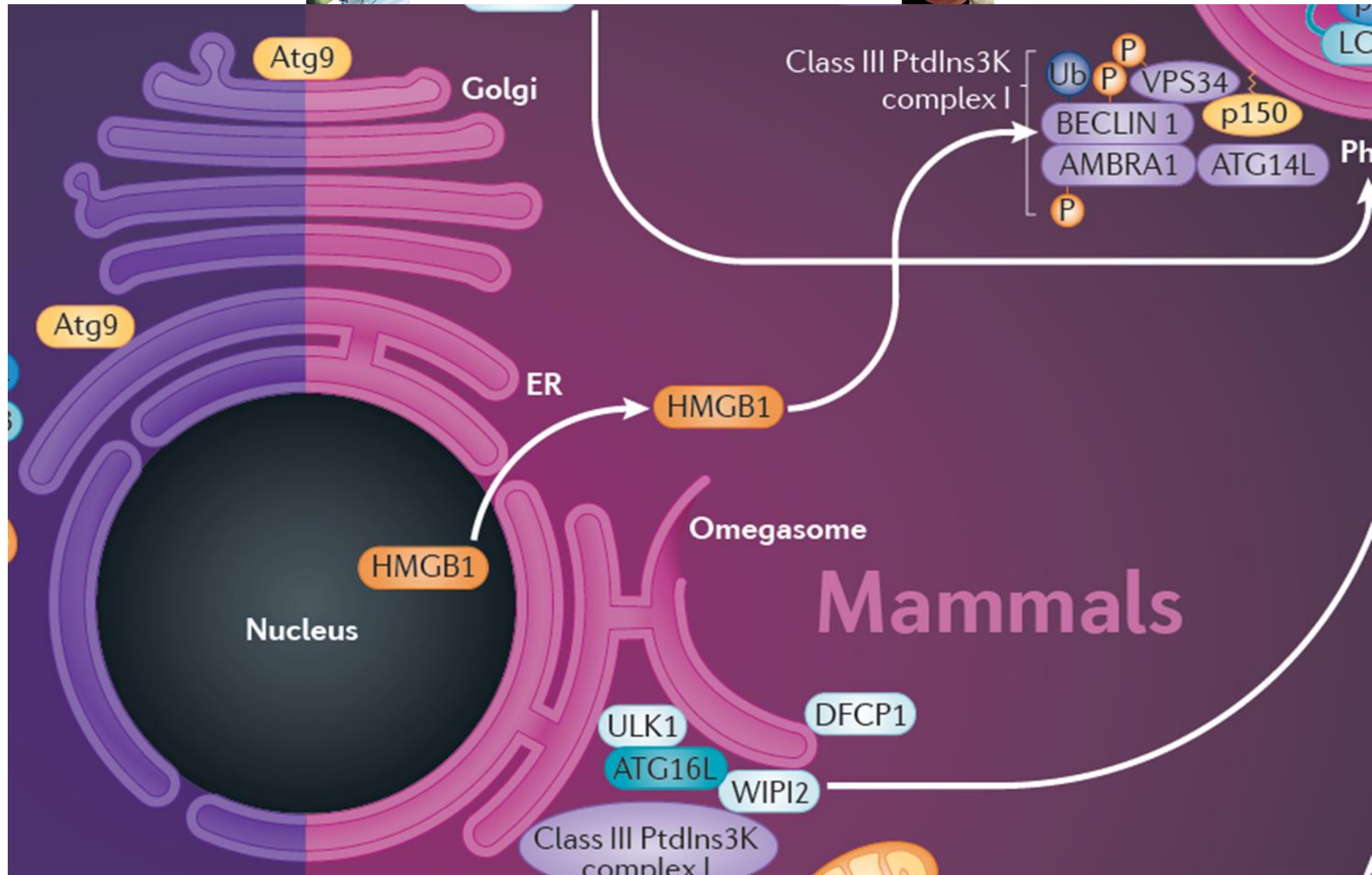
Yoshinori Ohsumi
Autophagy
Nobel Prize 2016

Japanese scientist Yoshinori Ohsumi was awarded this year's Nobel Prize in medicine on Monday for discoveries related to the degrading and recycling of cellular components. The Karolinska Institute honored Ohsumi for "brilliant experiments" in the 1990s on autophagy, the machinery with which cells recycle their content. Disrupted autophagy has been linked to various diseases, including Parkinson's, diabetes and cancer, the institute said. Ohsumi was born in 1945 in Fukuoka, Japan. He is currently a professor at the Tokyo Institute of Technology.

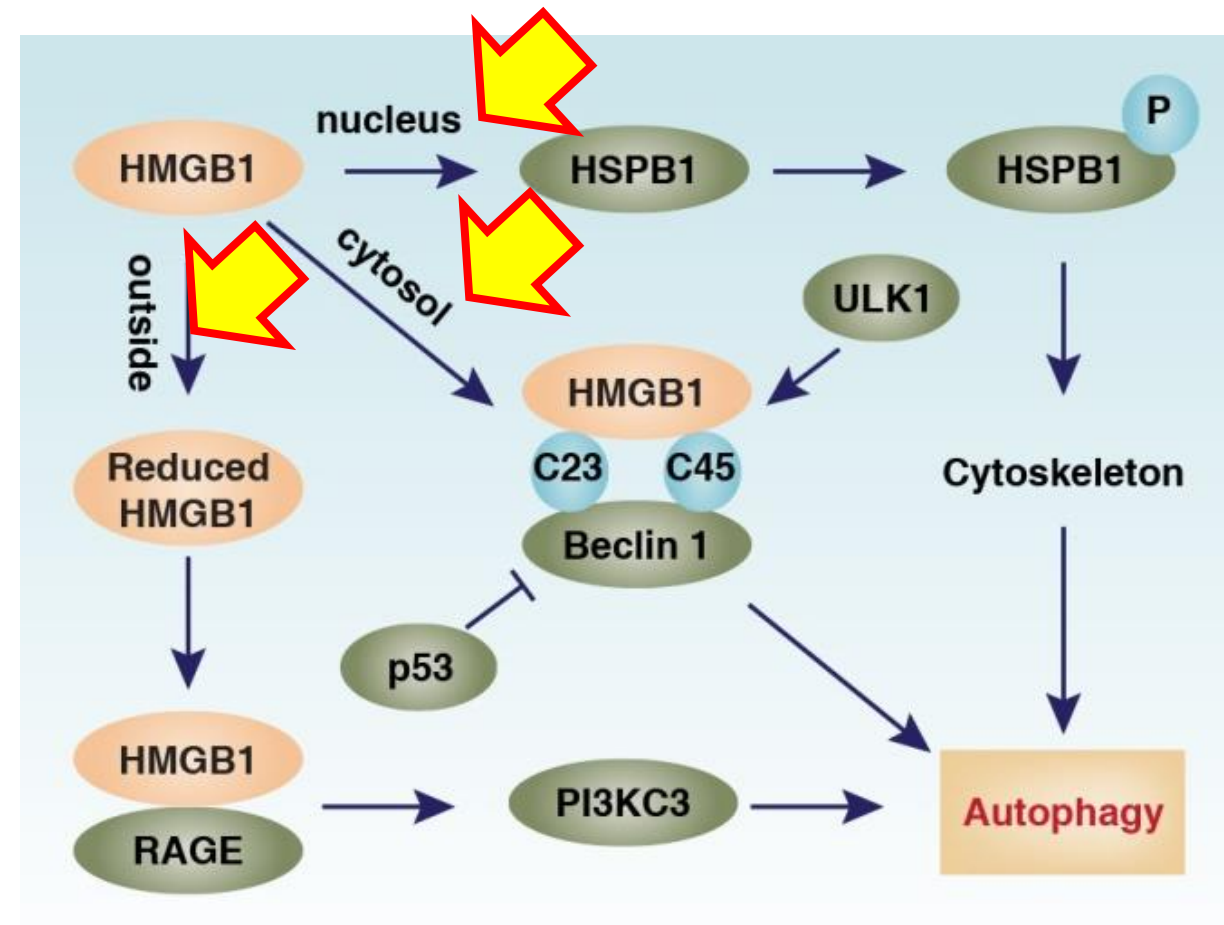
Autophagy: molecular mechanisms and disease outcomes



Daniel J. Klionsky and Vojo Deretic



HMGB1-dependent Autophagy



Tang et al, *J Cell Biol.* 2010
Tang et al *Cell Metab.* 2011

Tang et al, *Oncogene* 2010
Huang et al, *Cancer Res.* 2012

Livesey et al, *Cancer Res.* 2012
Yang et al, *Autophagy.* 2015

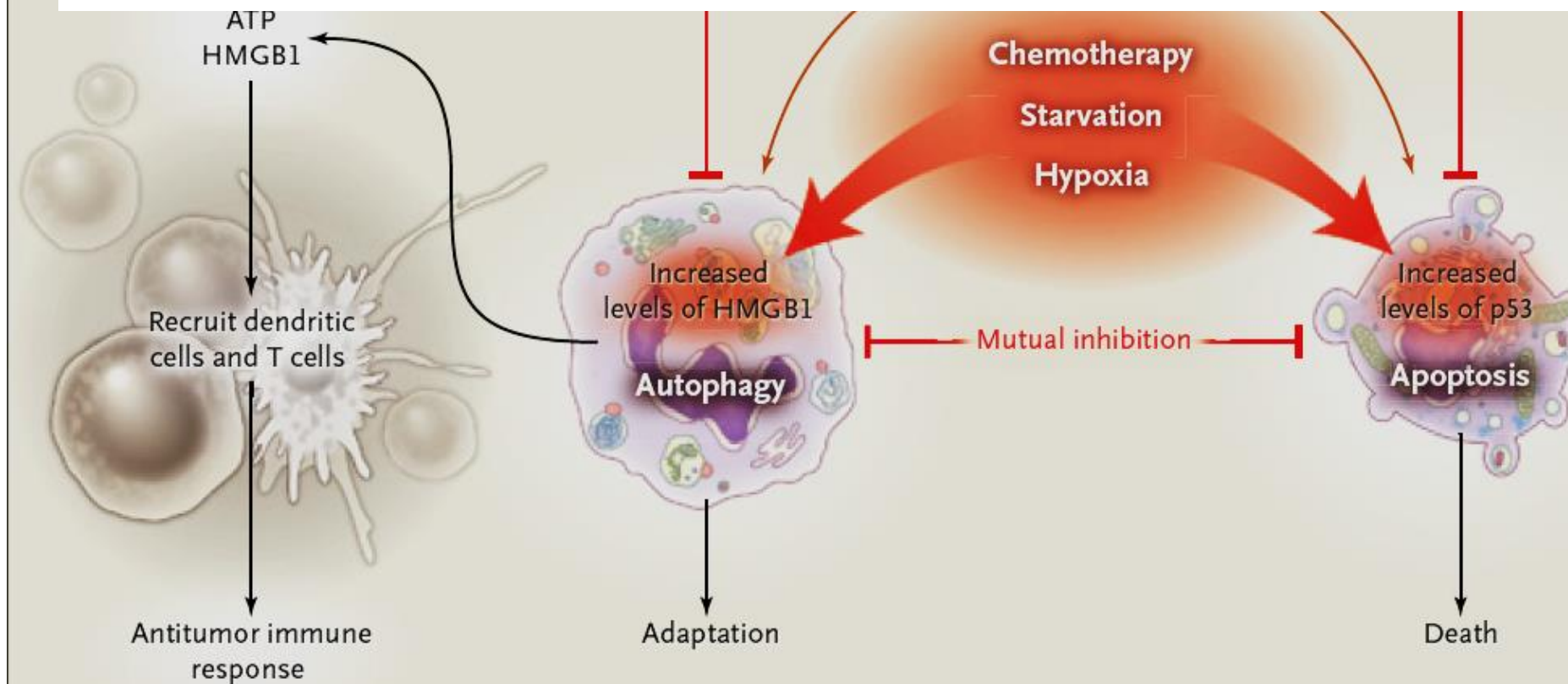
366:1156-1158; March 22, 2012

CLINICAL IMPLICATIONS OF BASIC RESEARCH

Tumor-Cell Death, Autophagy, and Immunity

Louis M. Weiner, M.D., and Michael T. Lotze, M.D.

The DAMP Hypothesis

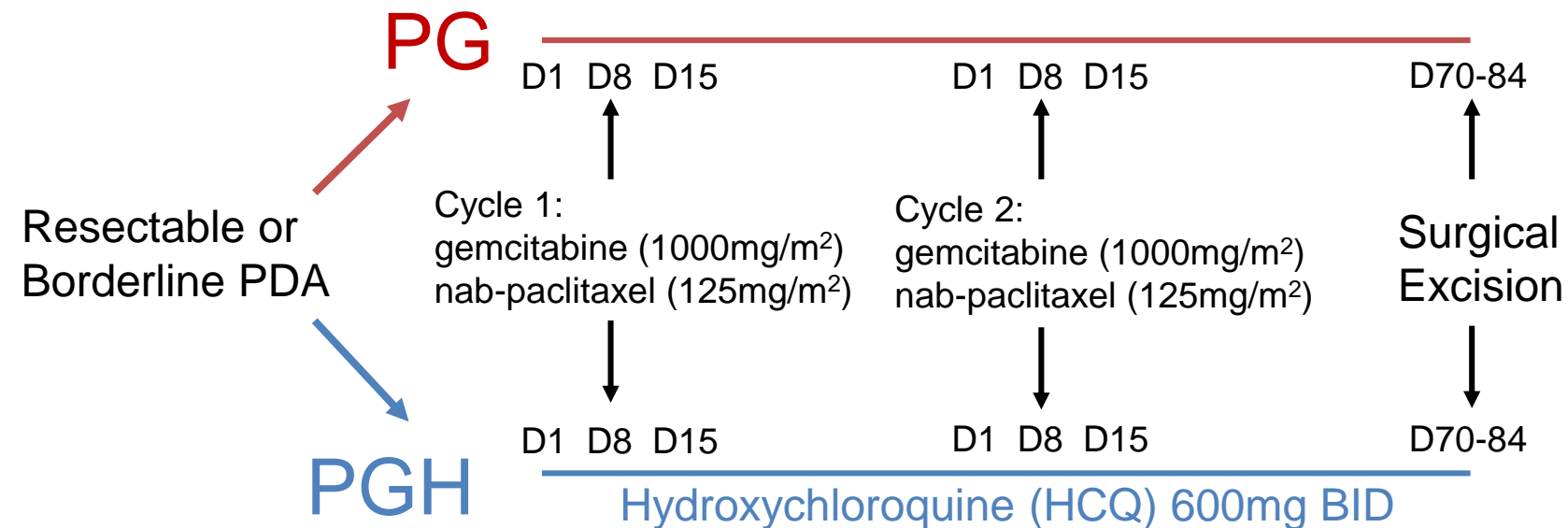


Background: Hydroxychloroquine



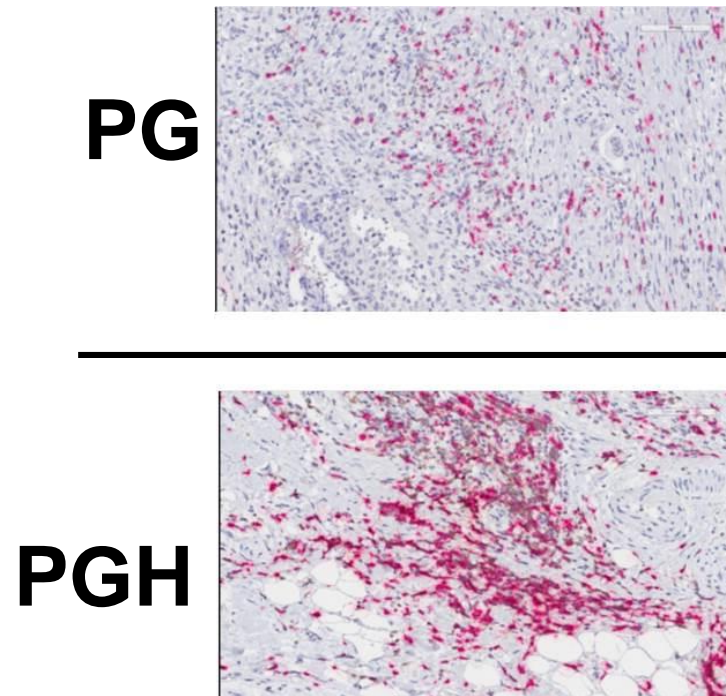
- **Anti-malarial drug**
- **Useful in SLE for cutaneous, MSK disease and fatigue; very safe and long track record**
- **Mild to moderate disease-modifying properties in RA**
- **Inhibits Autophagy by Preventing Lysosomal Fusion**

UPCI 13-074 Neoadjuvant Pancreatic Cancer Trial Design

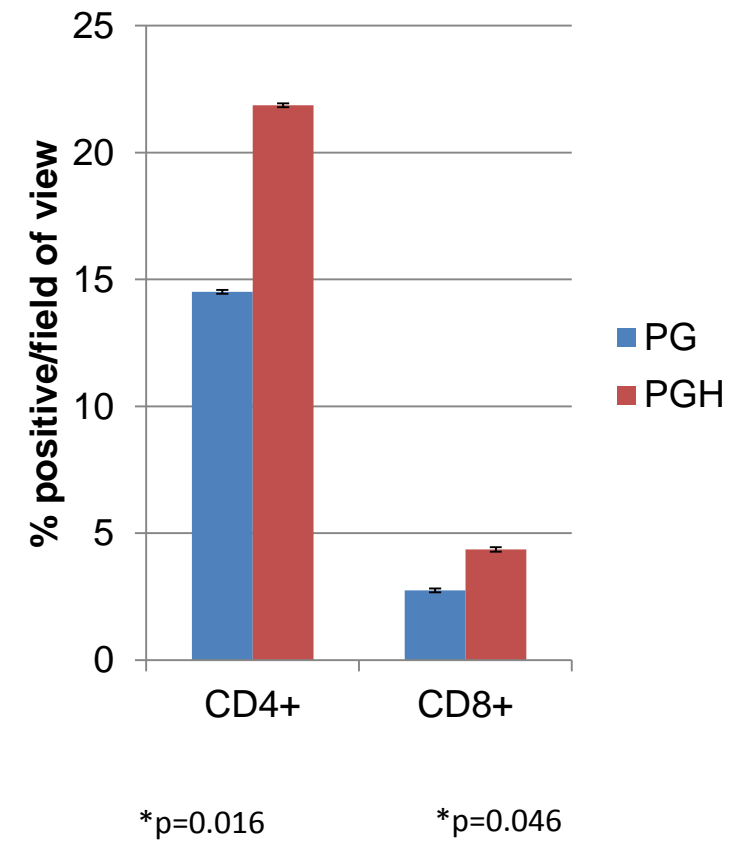


(R01 CA160417-01A1)

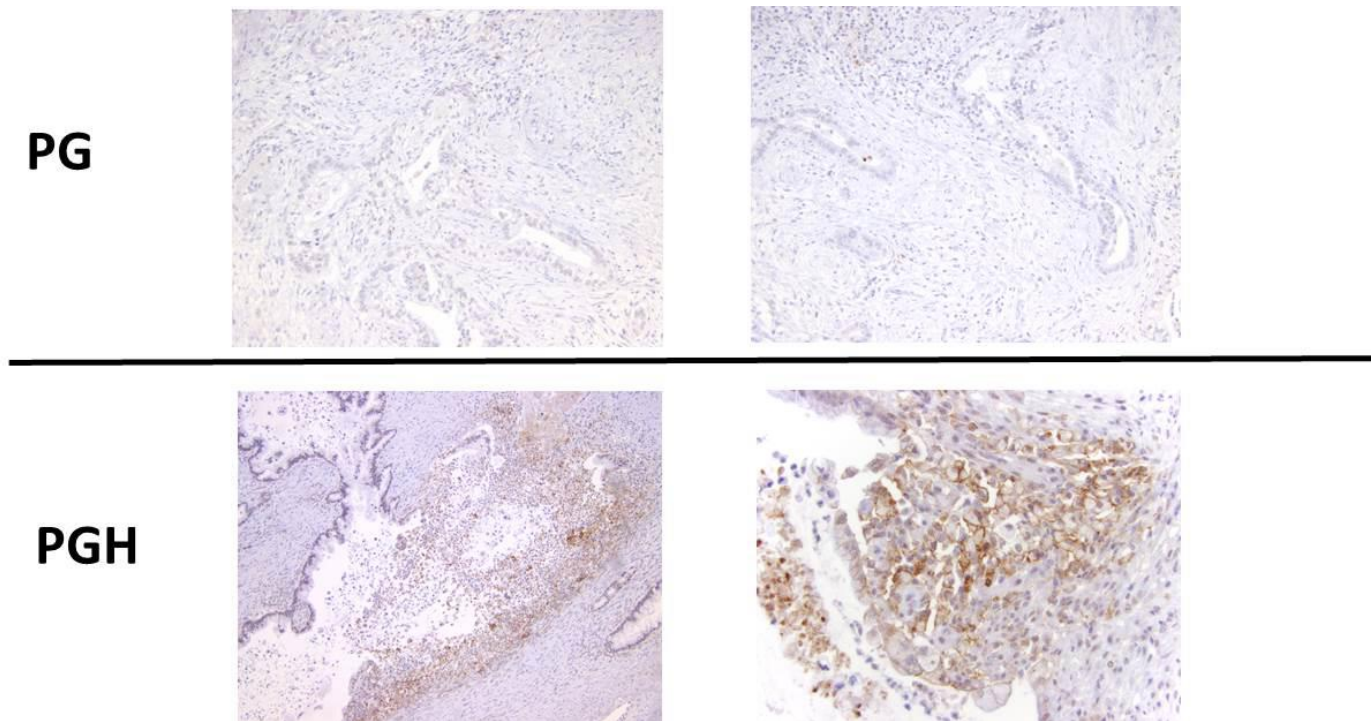
Enhanced T cell Infiltration in PGH Paclitaxel, Gemcitabine, Hydroxychloroquine



Pink: CD4; Brown: CD8

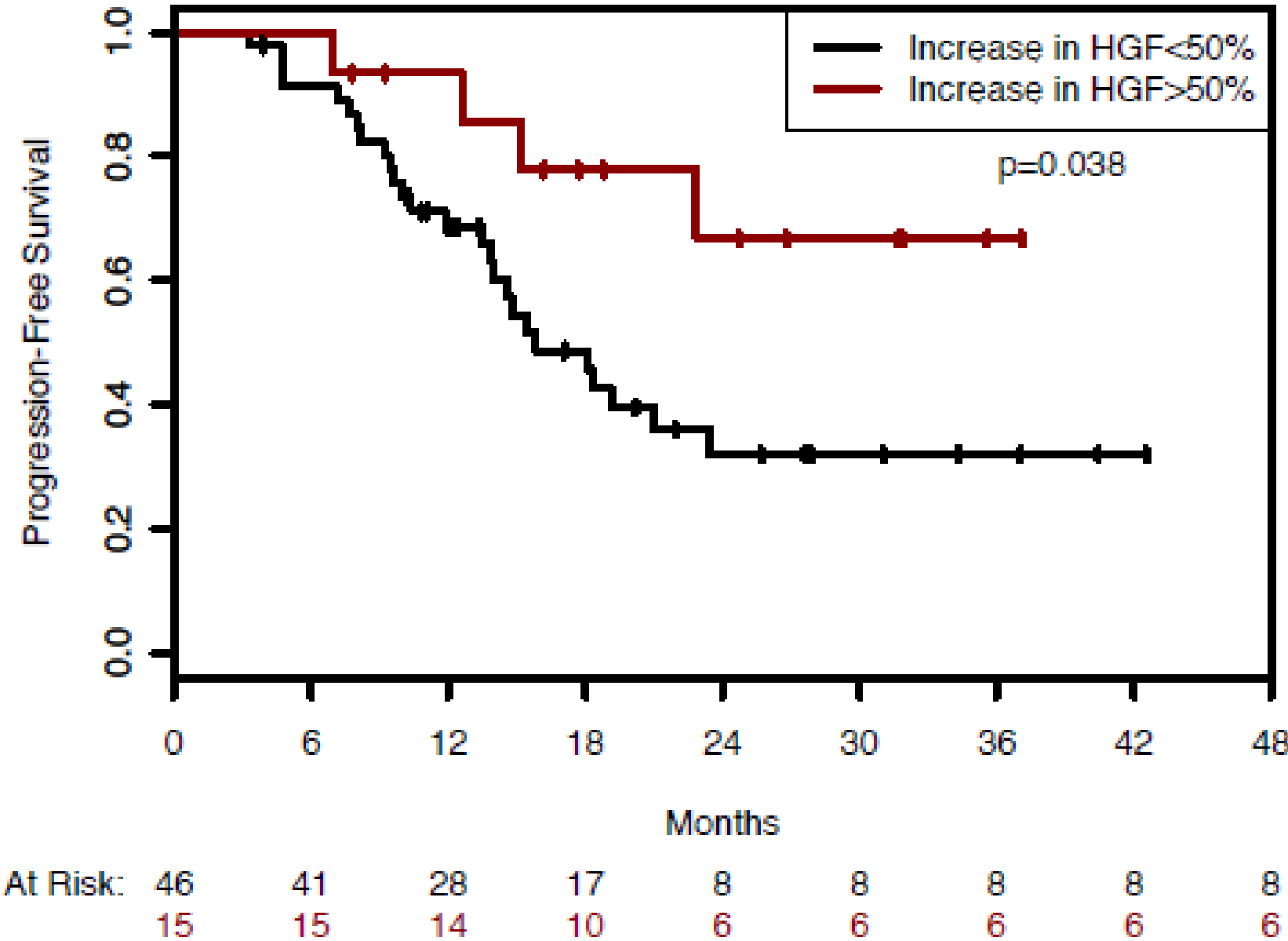


Increased PD-L1 Expression in PGH



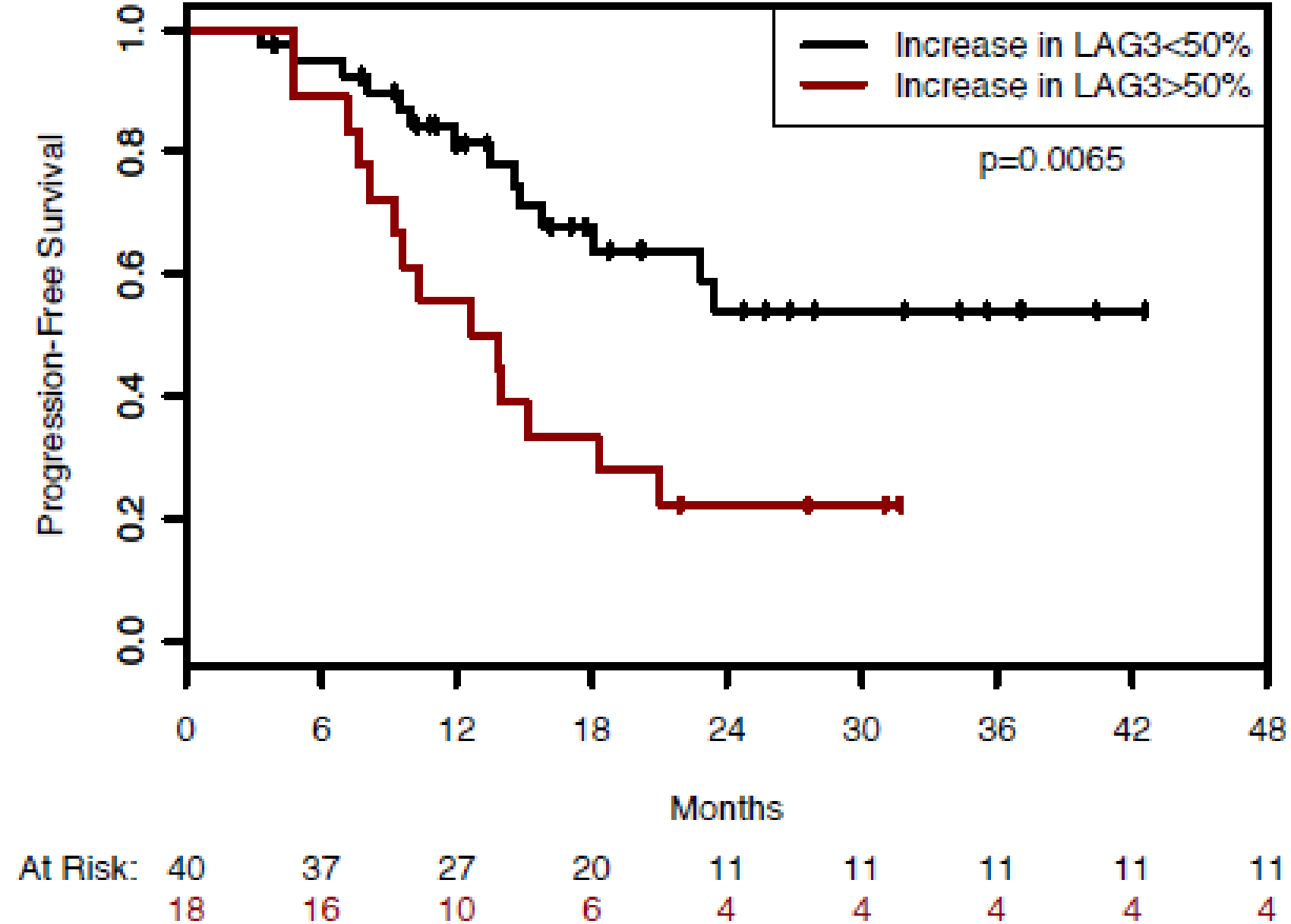
Brown: programmed death ligand I (PD-L1)

Increased HGF with Rx Better



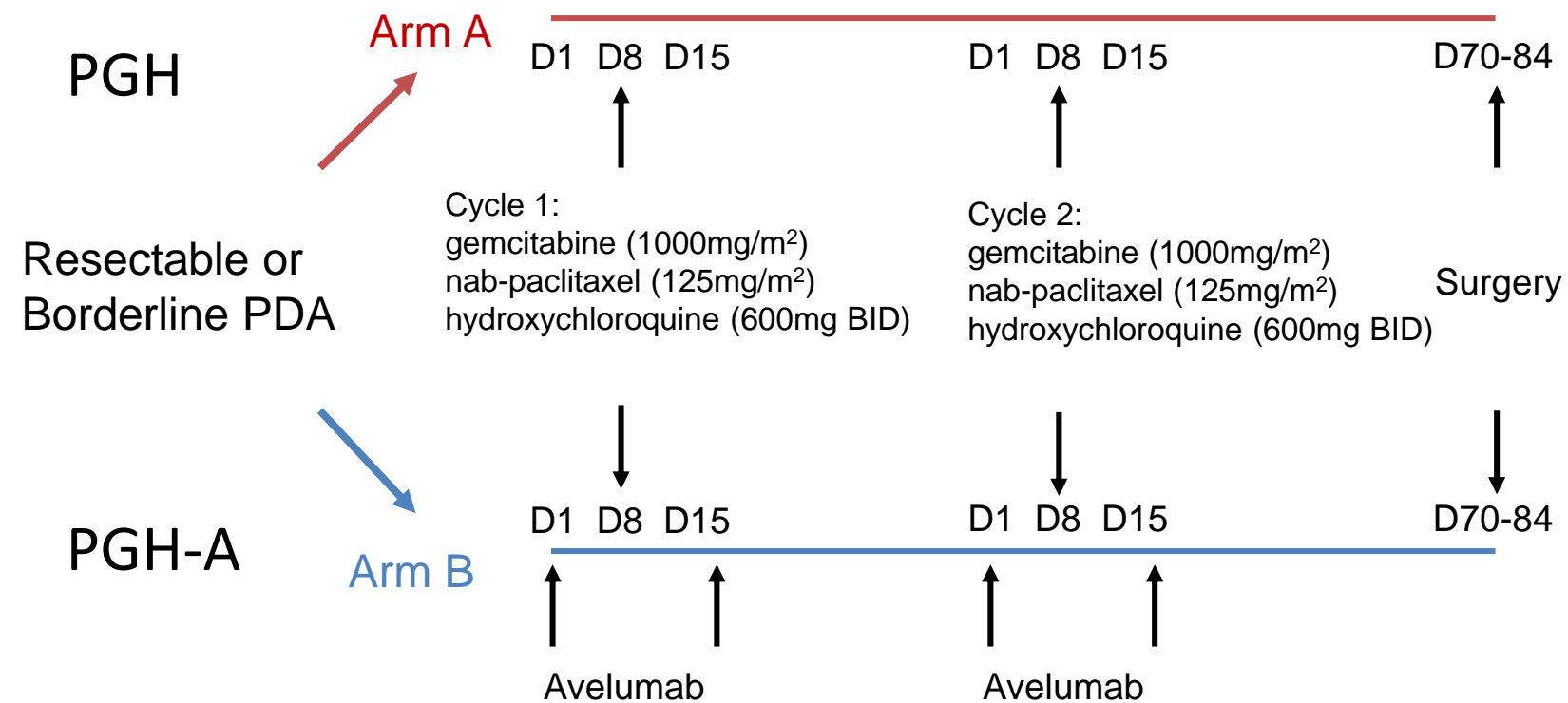
	Median	Lower 95% CI	Upper 95% CI
1	21.45	2.19	15.83
2	31.70	3.39	NA

Increased sLAG3 with Rx Worse



	Median	Lower 95% CI	Upper 95% CI
1	26.48	2.19	NA
2	16.95	2.72	13.26

Current Trial Design-+/- Ab PDL1

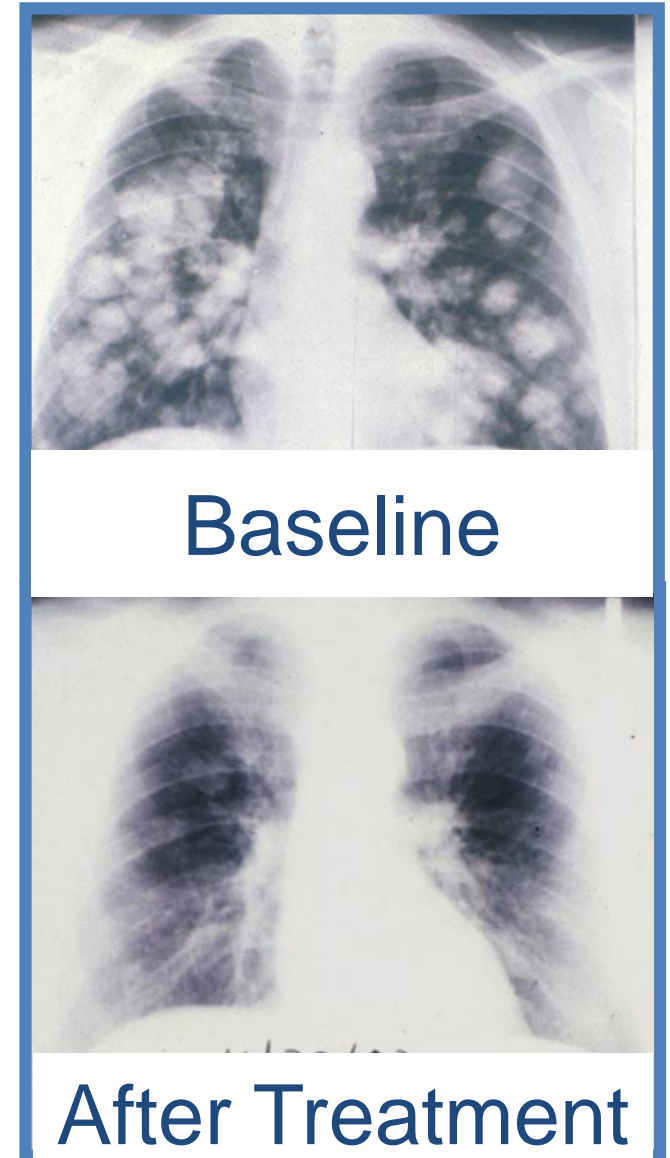


Conclusions 1: Autophagy Inhibition in Pancreatic Cancer

- **Autophagy inhibition + chemotherapy improves:**
 - histopathologic response:
 - Evans >50% destruction: n=24 vs n=12, $p=0.0095$
 - biochemical response:
 - % change CA 19-9, mean 1189 vs 368; $p=0.0095$
- **Corollary studies suggest:**
 - diminished stromal activation
 - increased immune infiltration (CD4 and CD8)
 - increased PD-L1

The First Cellular (Treg) Checkpoint Inhibitor - High Dose IL-2

- High-dose IL-2 (HDIL2) is an FDA-approved immunotherapy for patients with renal cell carcinoma (RCC) and melanoma.
- The mechanism is related to T and NK cell activation and profligate cytokine production.
- HDIL-2 toxicity
 - ~65% of patients have problems with high toxicity
 - Development of cytokine storm
 - Co-administration of iNOS inhibitors, soluble TNF-R or IL-1R has yielded only modest reduction of serious side effects
- IL-2 treatment may induce a '**systemic cytokine-induced autophagic syndrome**' and temporally limited tissue dysfunction. --- AR. Chavez, X Liang, MT Lotze. *Ann.N.Y.Acad.Sci.*1182:14-27 (2009)



New Cytokine and Checkpoints In the Clinic

Company	Agent	Checkpoint inhibitor combination partner(s)	Indication	Stage
Nektar/BMS	NKTR-214, IL-2R β (CD122)-biased PEGylated IL-2	Opdivo, Yervoy, Keytruda	Solid tumors	Phase 2 ongoing Phase 3 to start mid-2018
ARMO Biosciences	AM0010 (pegilodecekin), PEGylated recombinant human IL-10	Keytruda, Opdivo	NSCLC	Phase 2
Roche (Basel, Switzerland)	RO6874281 (RG7461), engineered IL-2 variant conjugated to anti-FAP antibody	Tecentriq (atezolizumab)	Solid tumors	Phase 2
Altor Bioscience (NantCell)	ALT-803, IL-15 superagonist	Opdivo	NSCLC	Phase 1/2
Merck KGaA (Darmstadt, Germany)	NHS-IL12, IL-12 fused to IgG1 antibody targeted to necrotic regions	Bavencio (avelumab)	Solid tumors	Phase 1
Novartis (Basel, Switzerland)	NIZ985 (IL-15/sIL-15 α), heterodimeric human IL-15	PDR001	Metastatic solid tumors	Phase 1
US National Cancer Institute	Recombinant human IL-15	Opdivo, Yervoy	Metastatic solid tumors	Phase 1
Alkermes (Dublin)	ALKS 4230, fusion protein of circularly permuted IL-2 & IL-2R α	None yet	Refractory solid tumors	Phase 1
Medicenna	MDNA-109, IL-2 superagonist	NA	NA	IND 2019
Nektar	NKTR-255, IL-15 receptor agonist	NA	NA	IND 2019

NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; NA, not applicable; IND, new drug application.

Renal Cell Carcinoma: Approved Agents 2018 (VHL/HIF1 α)



VEGFR TKI

VEGFR/MET TKI

mTOR inhibitor

Immune therapy

Neutralizing anti-VEGF mAb

ACS estimates RCC US 2018:

- 63,990 cases (40,610 men; 23,380 women)
- 14,400 people (9,470 men and 4,930 women) will die

The Strange Immunobiology of RCC

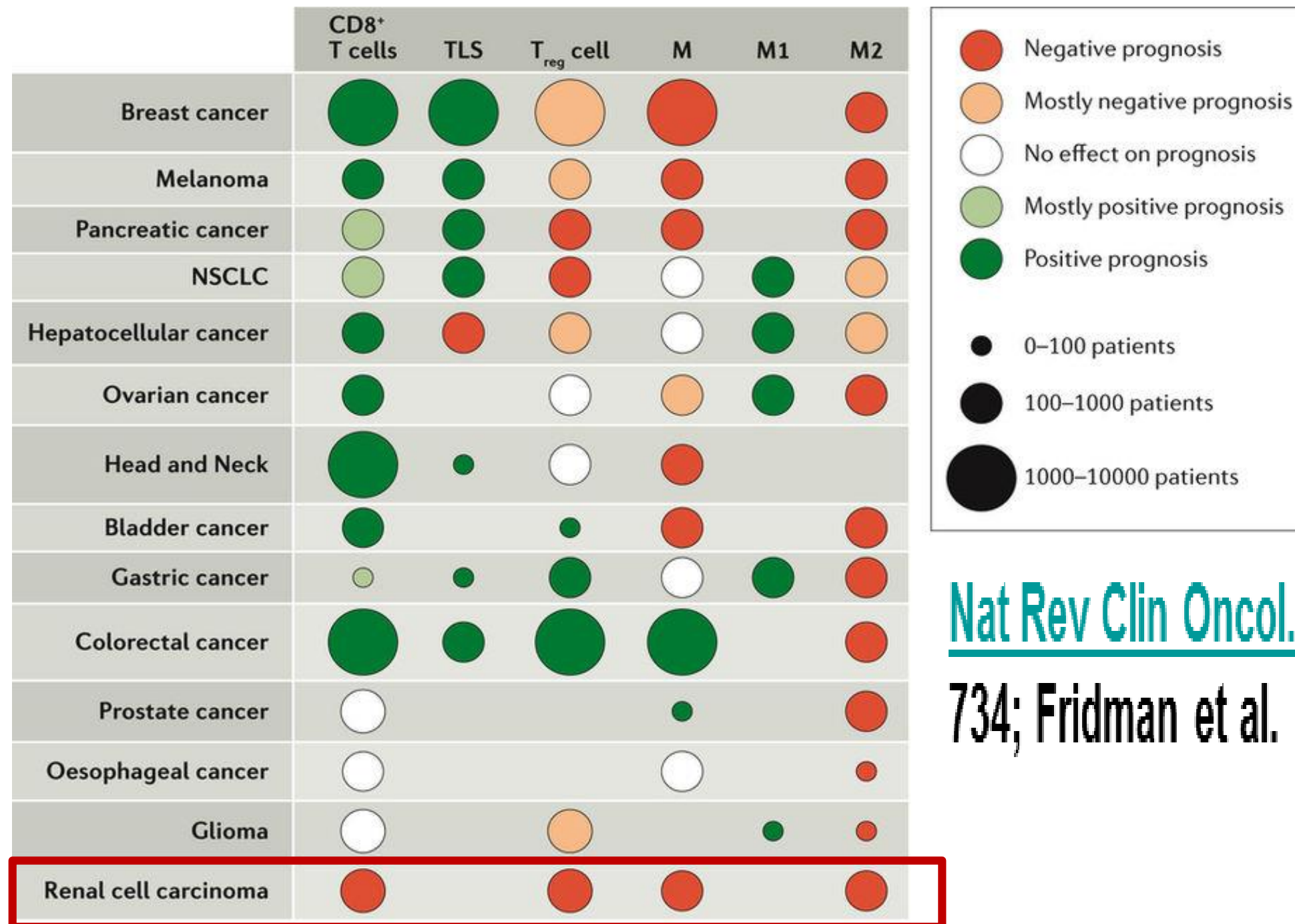
RESPONSE	INTEFERON α	IL- 2	CTLA4 AB	PD-1 AB	TIL
MELANOMA	+	+++	++	++	++++
RCC	+	+++	++	++	-

- 1: **Lotze MT**, Maranchie J, Appleman L. Inhibiting autophagy: a novel approach for the treatment of renal cell carcinoma. Cancer J. 2013 Jul-Aug;19(4):341-7
- 2: Romo de Vivar Chavez A, de Vera ME, Liang X, **Lotze MT**. The biology of IL-2 efficacy in the treatment of patients with RCC. Med Oncol. 2009; 1:3-12.
- 3: Bernhard H, Maeurer MJ, Jäger E, Wölfel T, Schneider J, Karbach J, Seliger B, Huber C, Storkus WS, **Lotze MT**, Meyer zum Büschenfelde KH, Knuth A. Recognition of human RCC and melanoma by HLA-A2-restricted CTL is mediated by shared peptide epitopes and up-regulated by IFN γ . Scand J Immunol. 1996;44:285-92.
- 4: Maeurer MJ, Martin DM, Castelli C, Elder E, Leder G, Storkus WJ, **Lotze MT**. Host immune response in RCC: IL-4 and IL-10 mRNA are frequently detected in freshly collected TIL. Cancer Immunol Immunother. 1995 Aug;41(2):111-21.
- 5: Spencer WF, Linehan WM, Walther MM, Haas GP, **Lotze MT**, Topalian SL, Yang JC, Merino MJ, Lange JR, Pockaj BA, et al. Immunotherapy with IL2 and IFN α in patients with metastatic RCC with *in situ* primary cancers. J Urol. 1992 147(1):24-30.
- 6: Rosenberg SA, **Lotze MT**, Muul LM, et al. Observations on the systemic administration of autologous lymphokine-activated killer cells and recombinant IL-2 to patients with metastatic cancer. N Engl J Med. 1985 Dec 5;313(23):1485-92.

...two groups of tumors with **extensive CD8⁺T-cells**:

1. high expression of immune checkpoints in the absence of fully functional mature DC → ↑ risk of disease progression.
2. low expression of immune checkpoints and localization of mature DC in peritumoral immune

Unlike other Cancers, RCC Infiltration by TILs is linked to Poor Prognosis: A Matter of Immune Context?



Nat Rev Clin Oncol. 2017 Dec;14(12):717-734; Fridman et al.

Inhibiting Systemic Autophagy during Interleukin 2 Immunotherapy Promotes Long-term Tumor Regression

Xiaoyan Liang¹, Michael E. De Vera¹, William J. Buchser¹, Antonio Romo de Vivar Chavez¹, Patricia Loughran^{1,2}, Donna Beer Stolz², Per Basse³, Tao Wang⁴, Bennett Van Houten⁴, Herbert J. Zeh III¹, and Michael T. Lotze^{1,3}

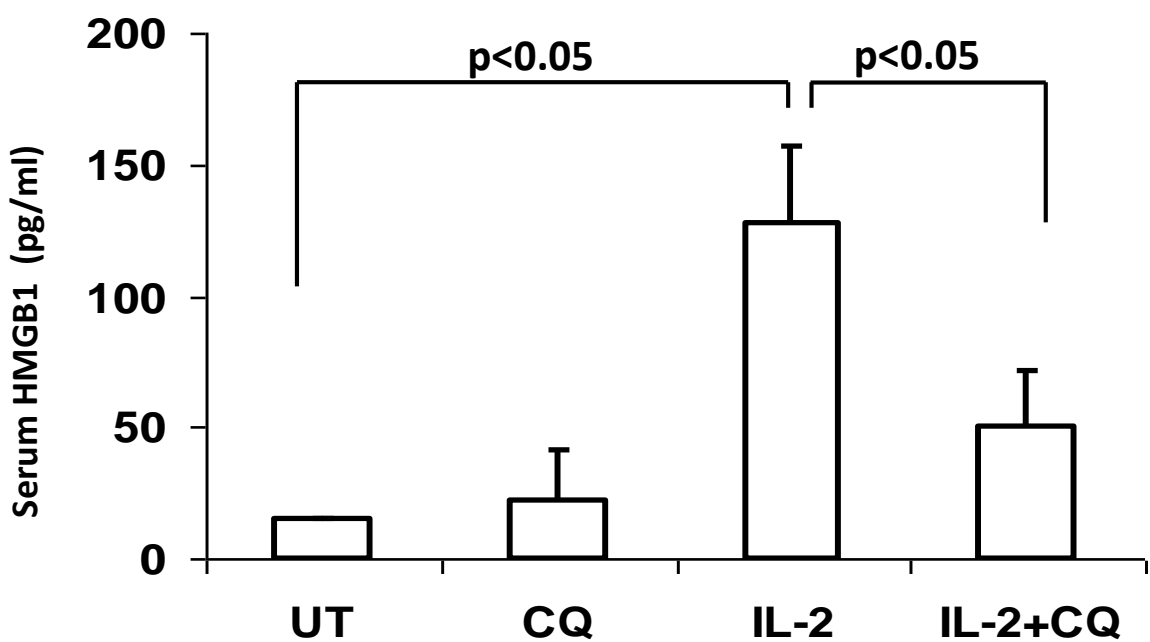
Cancer Research 72(11): 2791~2801, 2012

Blocking the interleukin 2 (IL2)-induced systemic autophagic syndrome promotes profound antitumor effects and limits toxicity

Michael T. Lotze,* William J. Buchser and Xiaoyan Liang

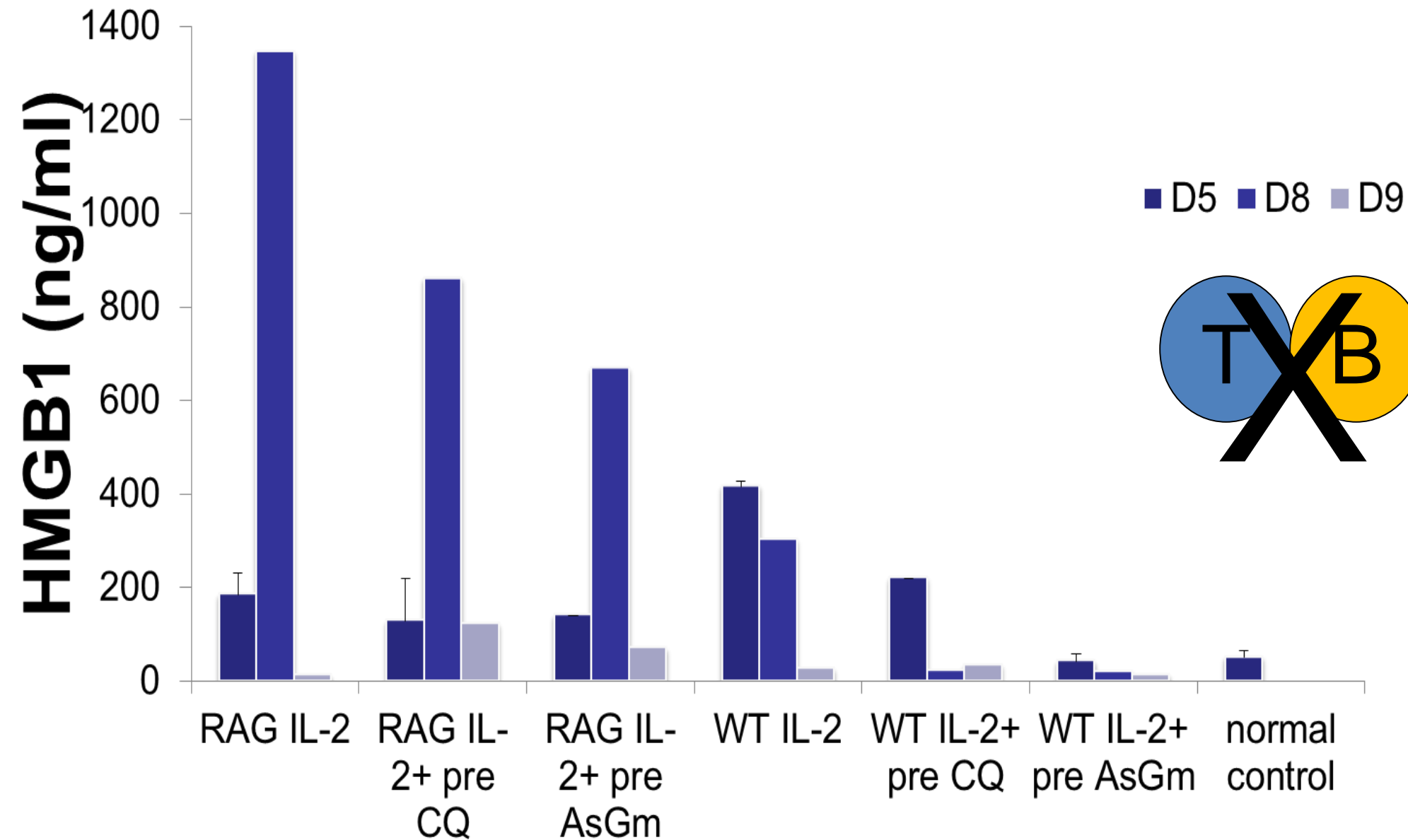
The DAMP Laboratory; Department of Surgery; Hillman Cancer Center; University of Pittsburgh Cancer Institute; University of Pittsburgh; Pittsburgh, PA USA

Autophagy 8:8, 1264–1266; 2012;



CQ (Chloroquine): an anti-malarial drug

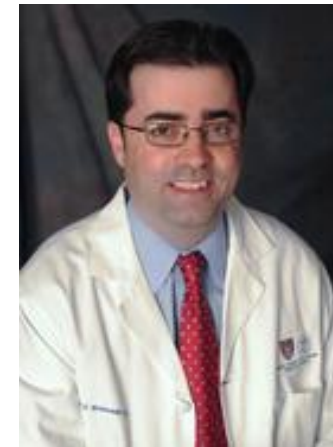
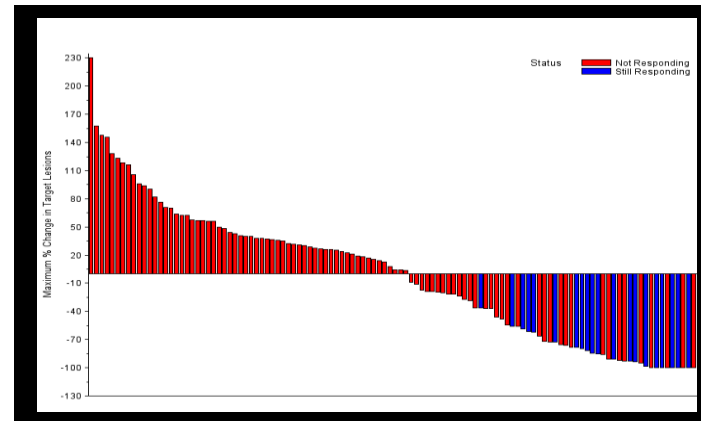
Marked Increases Serum HMGB1 RAG KO Mice Rx IL-2x5D



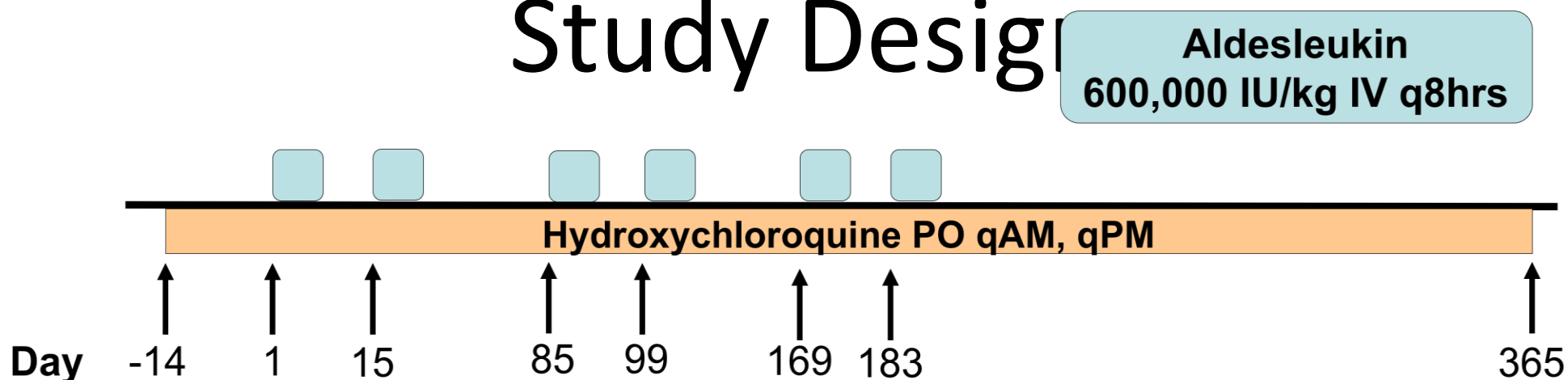
Dartmouth
Harvard
Indiana
Oregon
Pittsburgh
Portland

Inhibiting the Systemic Autophagic Syndrome –
A Phase I/II Study of Hydroxychloroquine and
Aldesleukin in Renal Cell Carcinoma Patients (RCC) – 30
Patients

A Cytokine Working Group (CWG) Study
Principal Investigator: Michael T. Lotze, MD
Prometheus/Nestle



Study Design

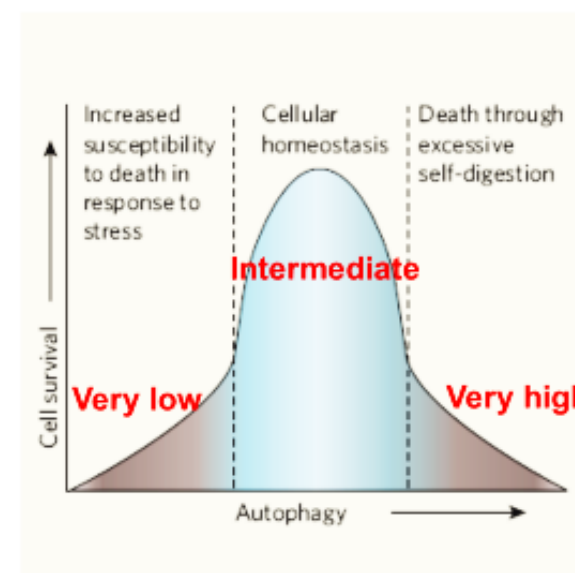


Notable Eligibility Criteria:

- mRCC with measurable disease
- Karnofsky PS \geq 80%
- Known G6PD deficiency exclusion
- Serum Creatinine \leq 1.5 or est CrCl \geq 60 ml/min
- Baseline QTc \leq 470 msec
- Prior immune checkpoint inhibitor treatment allowed.

Study Design: Single arm IL-2+ HCQ with Bayesian beta-binomial stopping rule for excessive toxicity; stopped for toxicity due to 1200mg (N=13) and remainder treated at 600mg (N=17)

Relationship Between The Levels Of Autophagy And Cell Death



Nature 446, 745-747 (12 April 2007)

Very low -- The absence of autophagy increases cell death during metabolic stress and on treatment with cytotoxic chemotherapeutic agents.

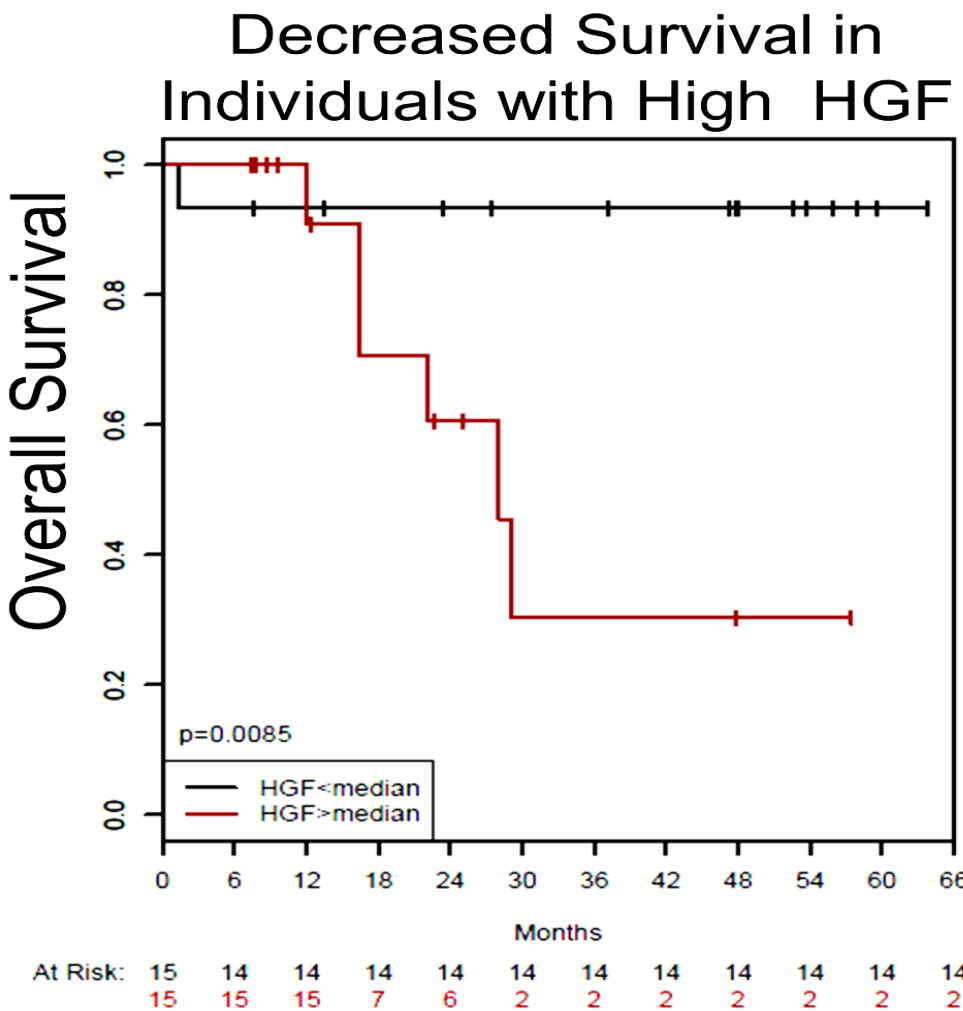
Intermediate -- Physiological levels of autophagy are essential for normal cellular homeostasis.

Very high -- excessive levels of autophagy promote cell death.

Results – 3CR, 3PR

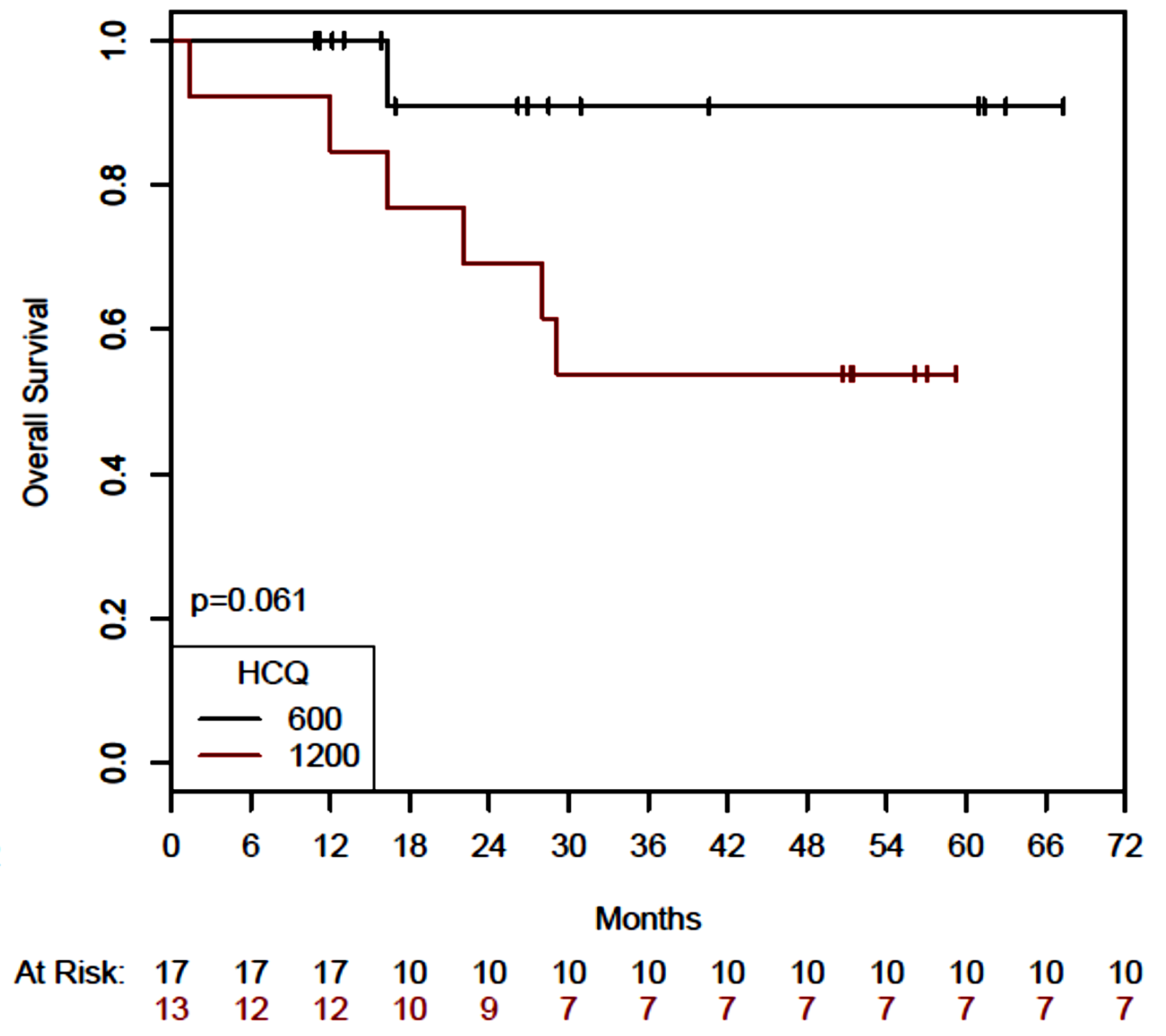
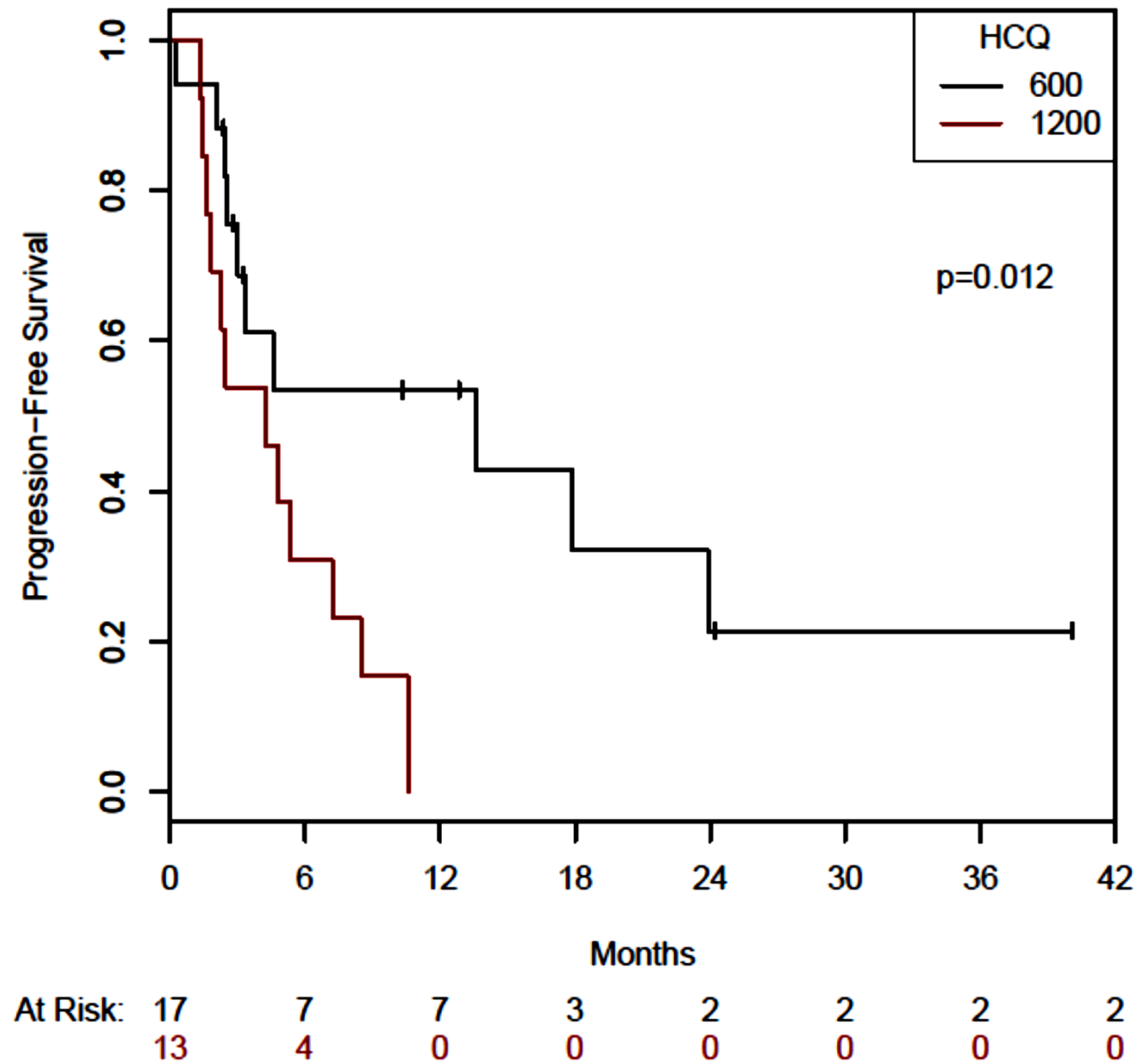
Gender	
Male	22 (71%)
Female	9 (29%)
Age	
Median (Range)	57.5 (45.2,68.8)

Clinical Responses: 3 subjects out of 29 evaluable (10%) had confirmed complete response (CR) as best response. 3 subjects had a partial response as best response.

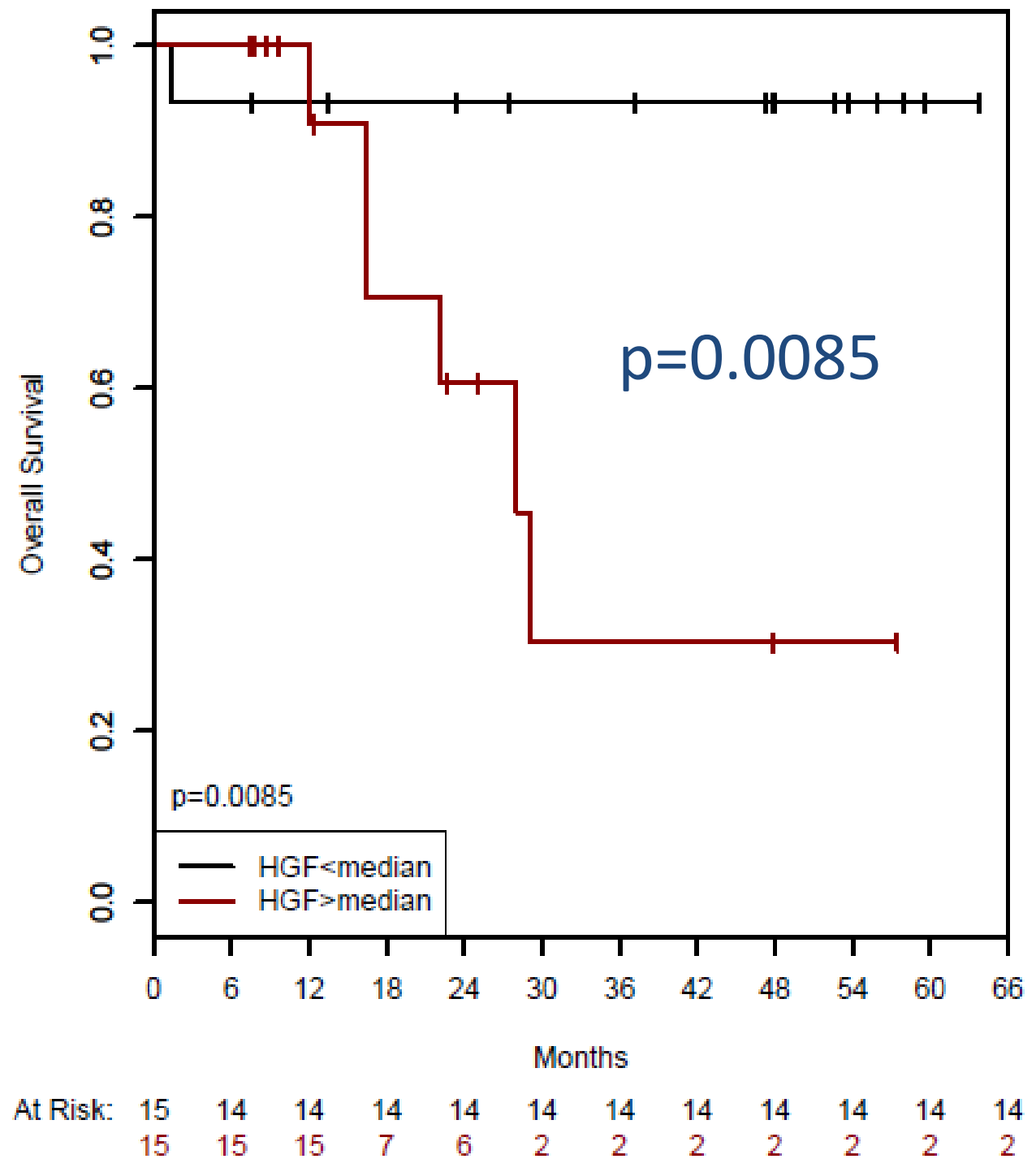


With first 2 weeks of HCQ, statistically increased BAFF, CXCL13, Eotaxin 1, 2, IL2Ra, MIG, sTNFR2, sBTLA in ThermoFisher Checkpoint 14-Plex ProcartaPlex™ & Immune Monitoring 65-Plex ProcartaPlex™ Human Panels.

Improved PFS and Overall Survival – 600 mg HCQ



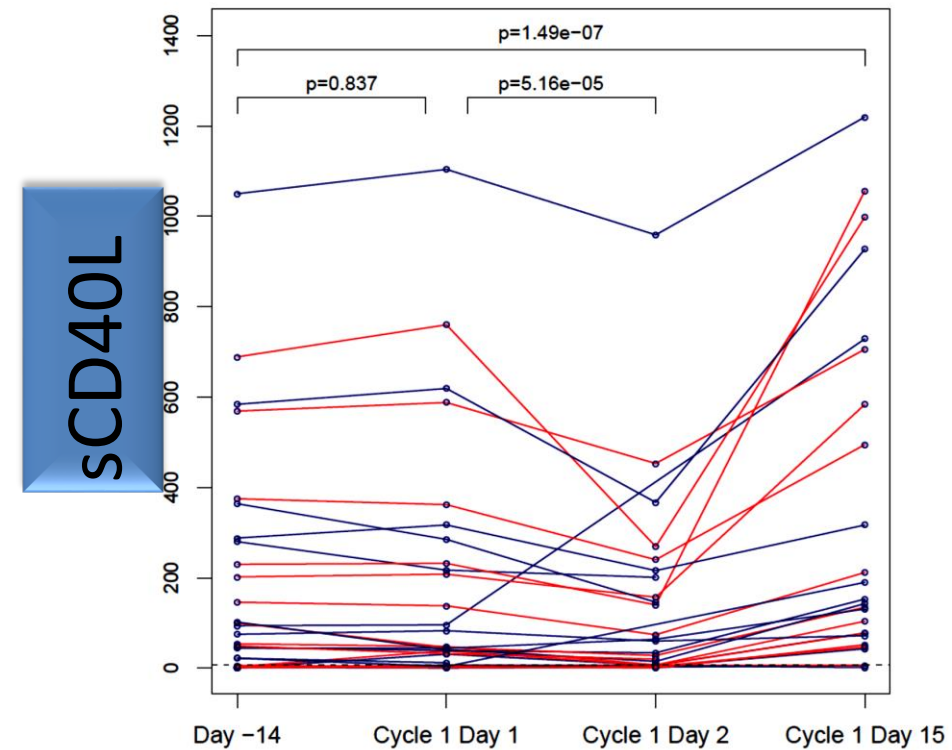
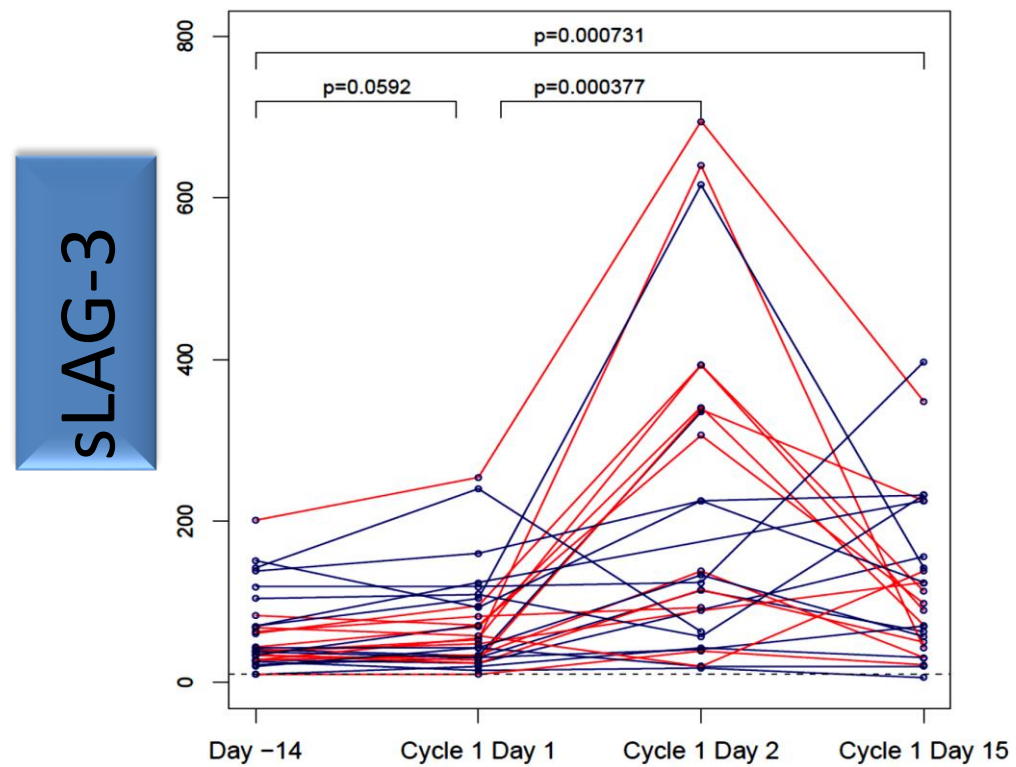
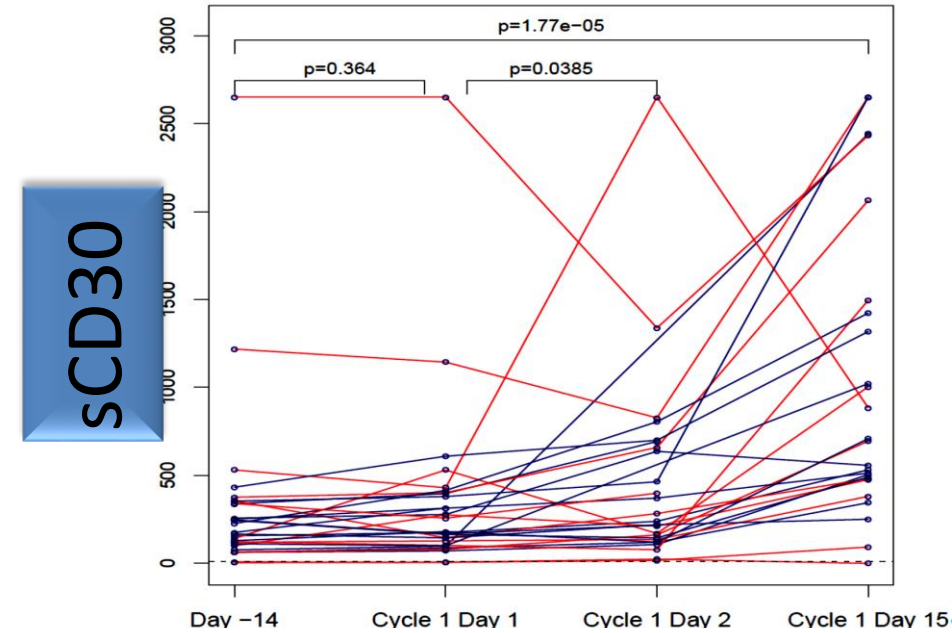
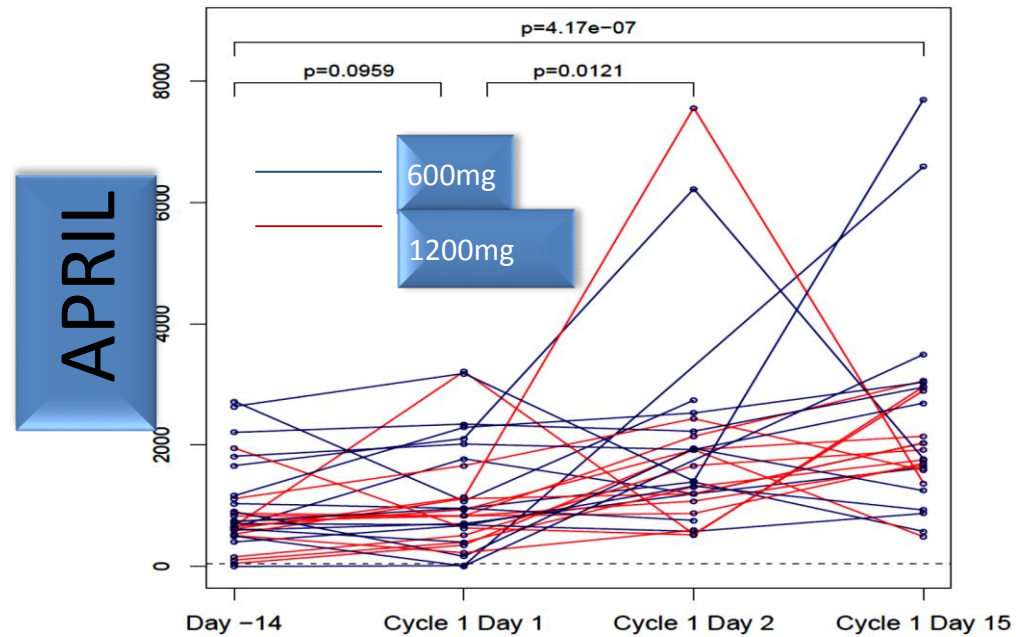
Improved Survival with Serum Hepatocyte Growth Factor Less Than Median



Tanimoto S, Fukumori T, El-Moula G, Shiirevnyamba A, Kinouchi S, Koizumi T, Nakanishi R, Yamamoto Y, Taue R, Yamaguchi K, Nakatsuji H, Kishimoto T, Izaki H, Oka N, Takahashi M, Kanayama HO. Prognostic significance of serum hepatocyte growth factor in clear cell renal cell carcinoma: comparison with serum vascular endothelial growth factor. J Med Invest. 2008 Feb;55(1-2):106-11.

Survival of patients with high serum HGF (>1150 pg/ml) was significantly reduced compared to patients with low serum HGF concentrations (p=0.0044). In patients with nuclear grade 2 or high stage RCC, the higher serum HGF group exhibited significantly lower cause-specific survival (**p=0.0087 and p< 0.05, respectively**).

Highly Significant Changes In Cytokines and Checkpoints

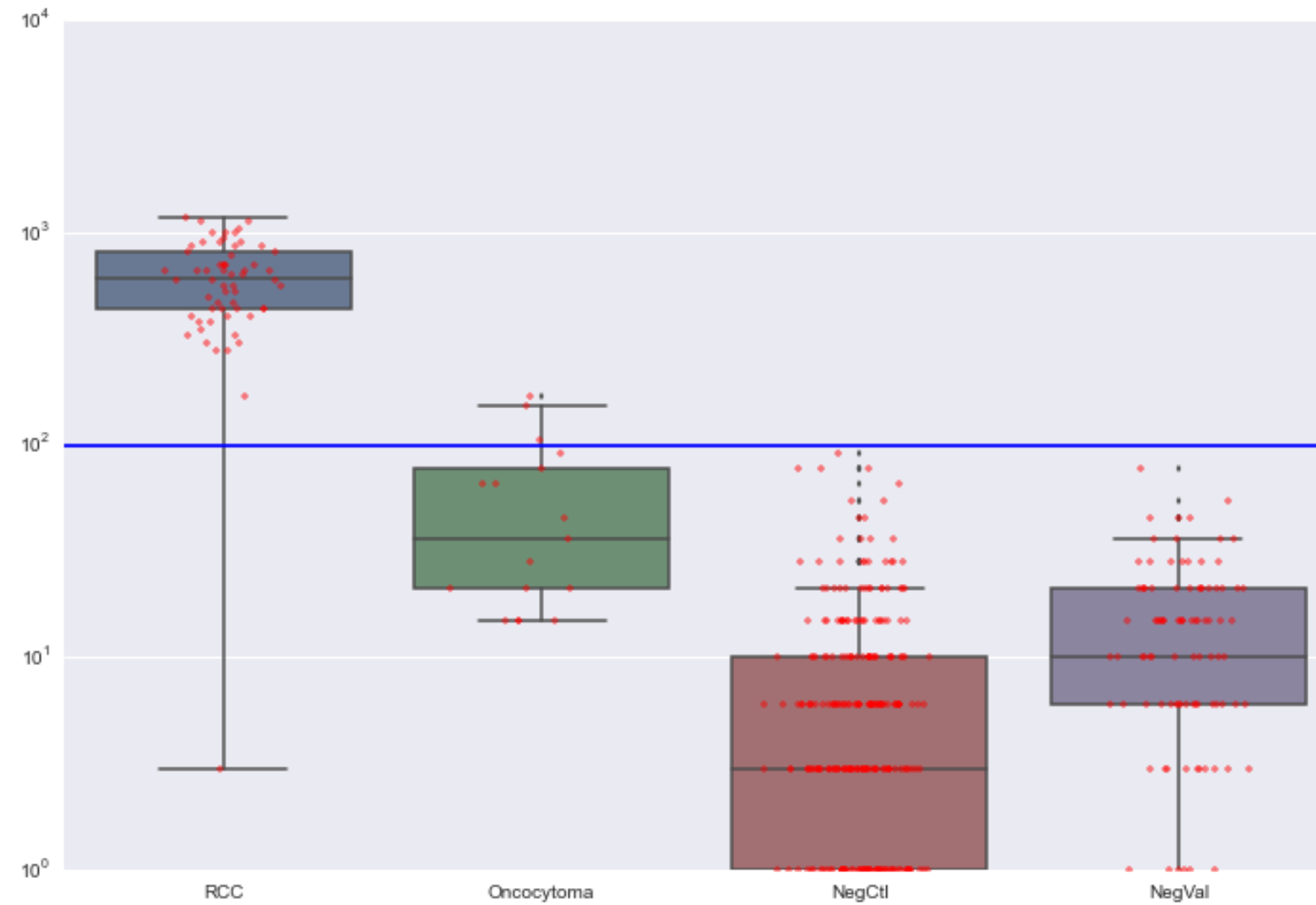


Conclusions 2

Accrual Period (Months)	Total n- 2x	Total n/ Month	Total n- 3x	Total n/ Month
24	144	6	72	3
30	140	4.67	70	2.33
36	138	3.83	70	1.94
42	136	3.24	69	1.62

- The combination of high dose aldesleukin and daily oral hydroxychloroquine at a dose of 600 mg daily was well tolerated in patients with metastatic RCC
- No novel/increased toxicity of the combination was observed
- We have observed 3 confirmed CR and 3 PR in patients and ↑ PFS
- sLAG3, HGF>median are novel predictors of poor outcome
- Consider a randomized CWG Study - should be debated-high vs low dose IL-2; ? PEG-IL2/anti-PD1

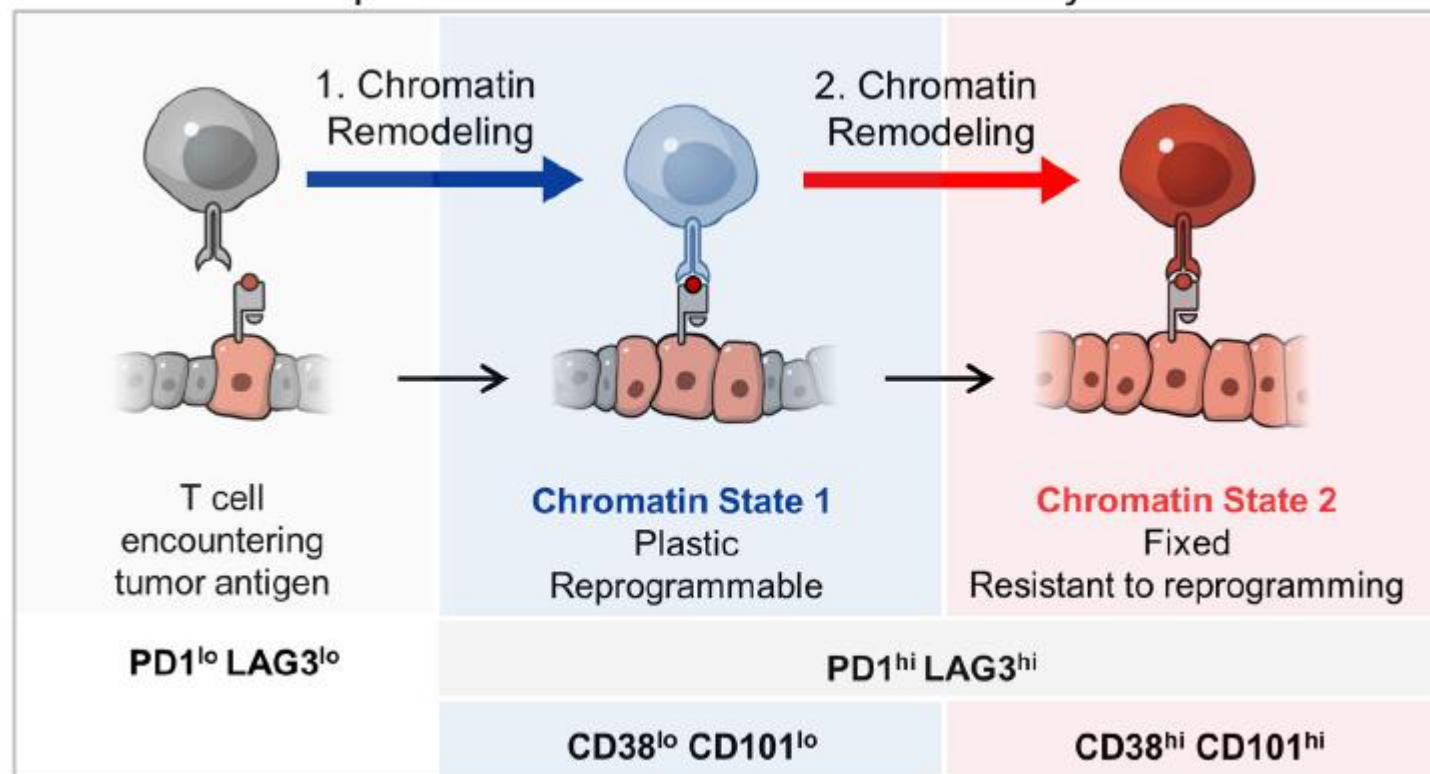
iRepertoire Shared CDR3 (DSLAs) for Renal Cancer



Chromatin states define tumour-specific T cell dysfunction and reprogramming

Mary Philip¹, Lauren Fairchild^{2,3}, Liping Sun⁴, Ellen L. Horste¹, Steven Camara¹, Mojdeh Shakiba^{1,5}, Andrew C. Scott^{1,5}, Agnes Viale⁴, Peter Lauer⁶, Taha Merghoub^{5,7}, Matthew D. Hellmann^{5,8}, Jedd D. Wolchok^{5,7,9}, Christina S. Leslie² & Andrea Schietinger^{1,5}

Model for tumor-specific CD8 T cell differentiation and dysfunction in tumors

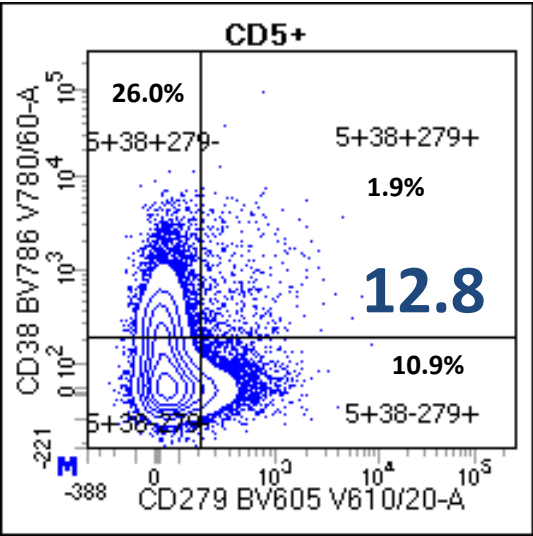


4 5 2 | N A T U R E
| V O L 5 4 5 | 2 5
may 2 0 1 7

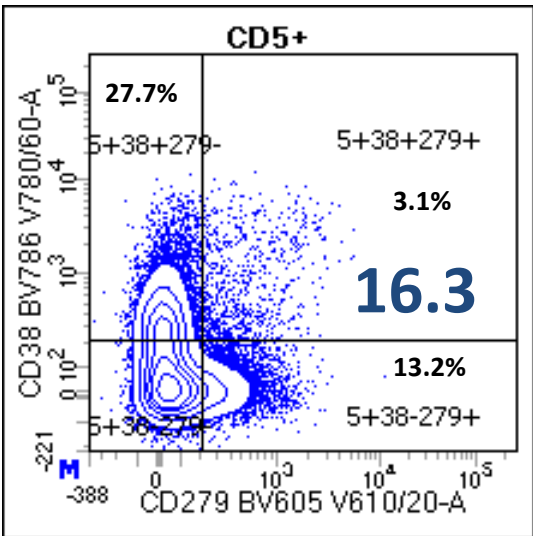
Immunogenomics
Huntsville AL Oct
1-3

Increased PD1+ CD5+ Cells in Peripheral Blood with IL-2 Treatment

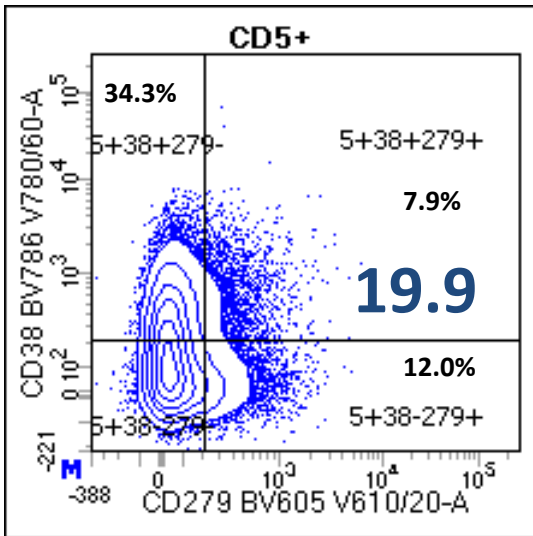
CD38 ↑



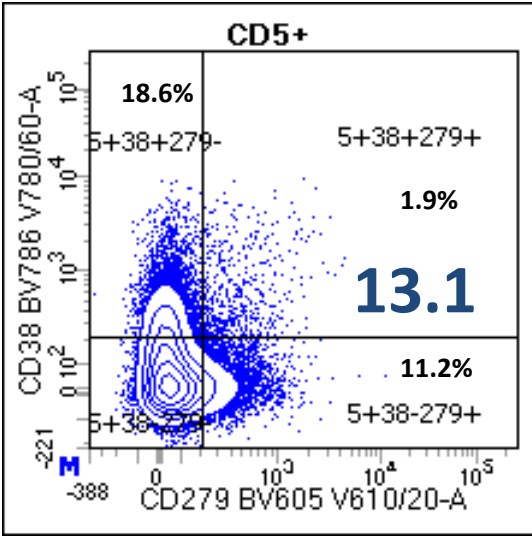
Pre



Post HCQ



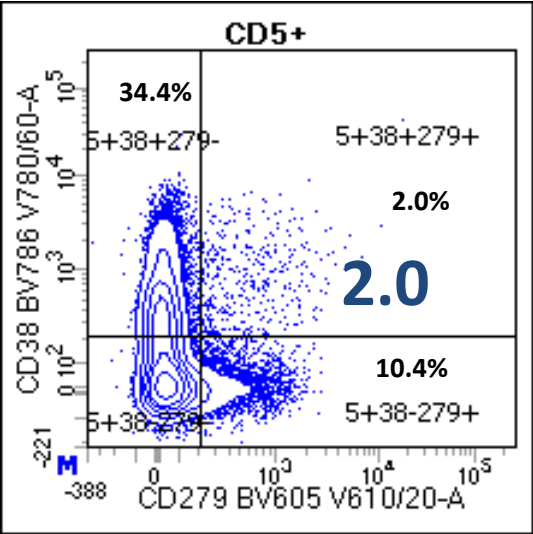
Post IL-2



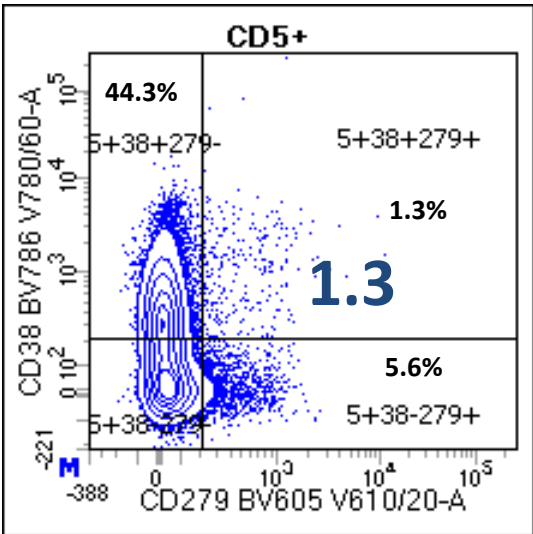
Last

PD1 →

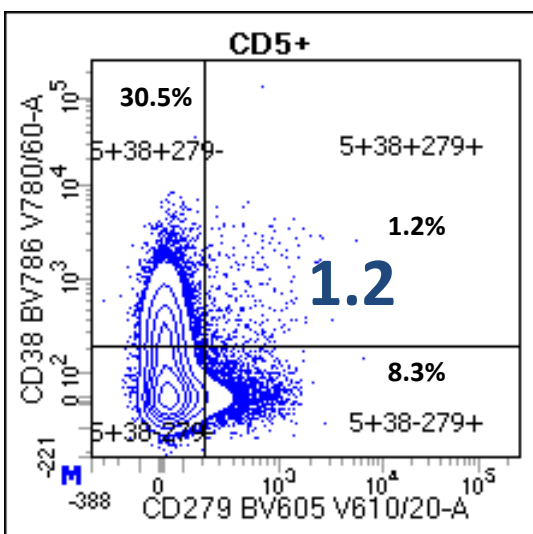
Subject 01-003 CR CD5+ T cells



Pre



Post HCQ



Post IL-2

Subject 03-028 PR
CD5+ T cells

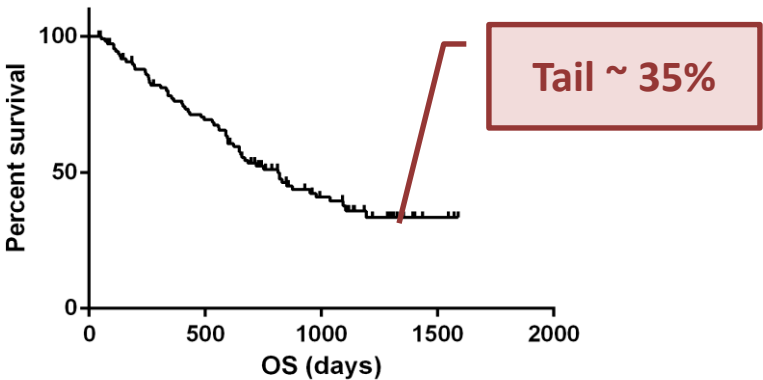
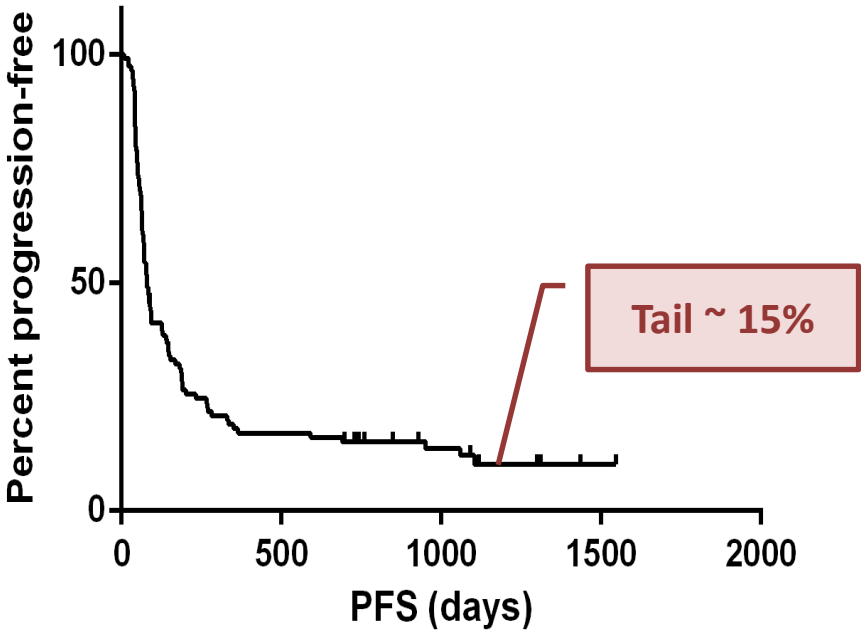
Cytokine Working Group/Ryan Sullivan/IL-2 Proteomics Predictors

- DeepMALDI
 - Validated and standardized high throughput MS spectral acquisition
 - Samples:
 - Serum <10µl
 - Either from frozen aliquots or via serum cards
 - CLIA ready
- dxCortex
 - Machine learning algorithms based on deep learning techniques
 - Avoid over-fitting
 - Development performance estimates \approx validation estimation (in 47 projects)
 - Evaluation only on test part of development data
 - Enables design to purpose

Identifying IL-2 Responders in Melanoma Patients

Samples from R Sullivan (MGH)

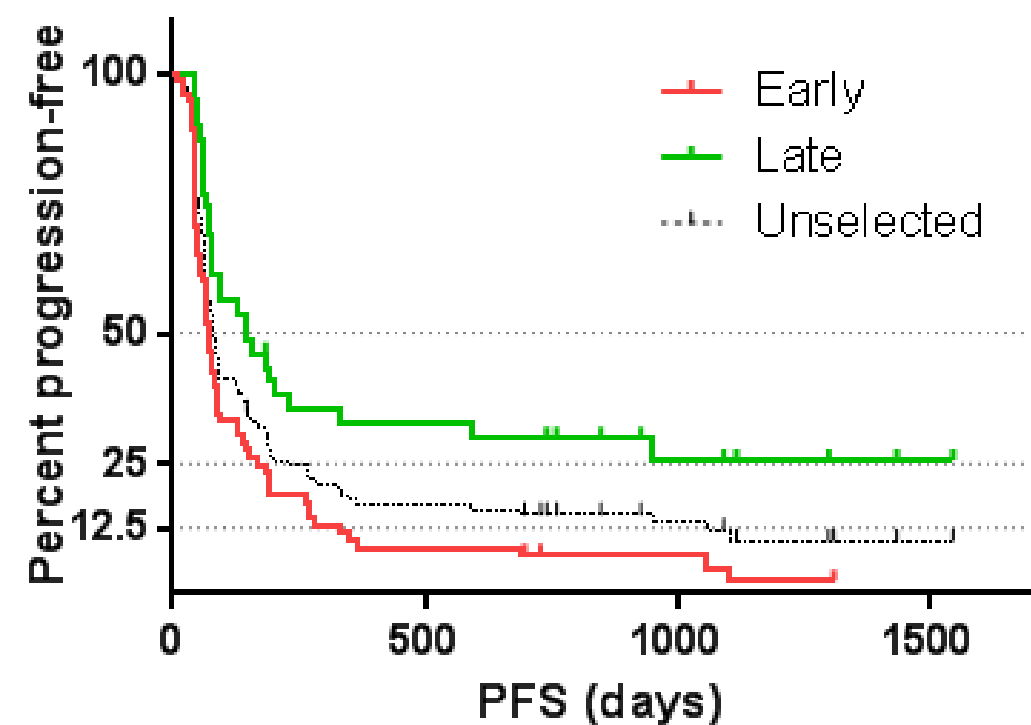
- N=114; Median PFS = 79 days, Median OS= 813 days
- No benefit rate: 60PDs ~50%
- Likely tx with checkpoints
 - After IL2 failure, see OS



	n (%)
CR	8 (7)
PR (overall)	13 (11)
PR (PFS <1 yr)	8 (7)
PR (PFS >1000days)	1 (1)
PR(PFS, no event)	4 (4)
Minimal Response	6 (5)
SD	26 (23)
PD	60 (53)
NE/NA	1 (1)

Distinguishing Before Therapy Responders and Progressors

Response and PFS



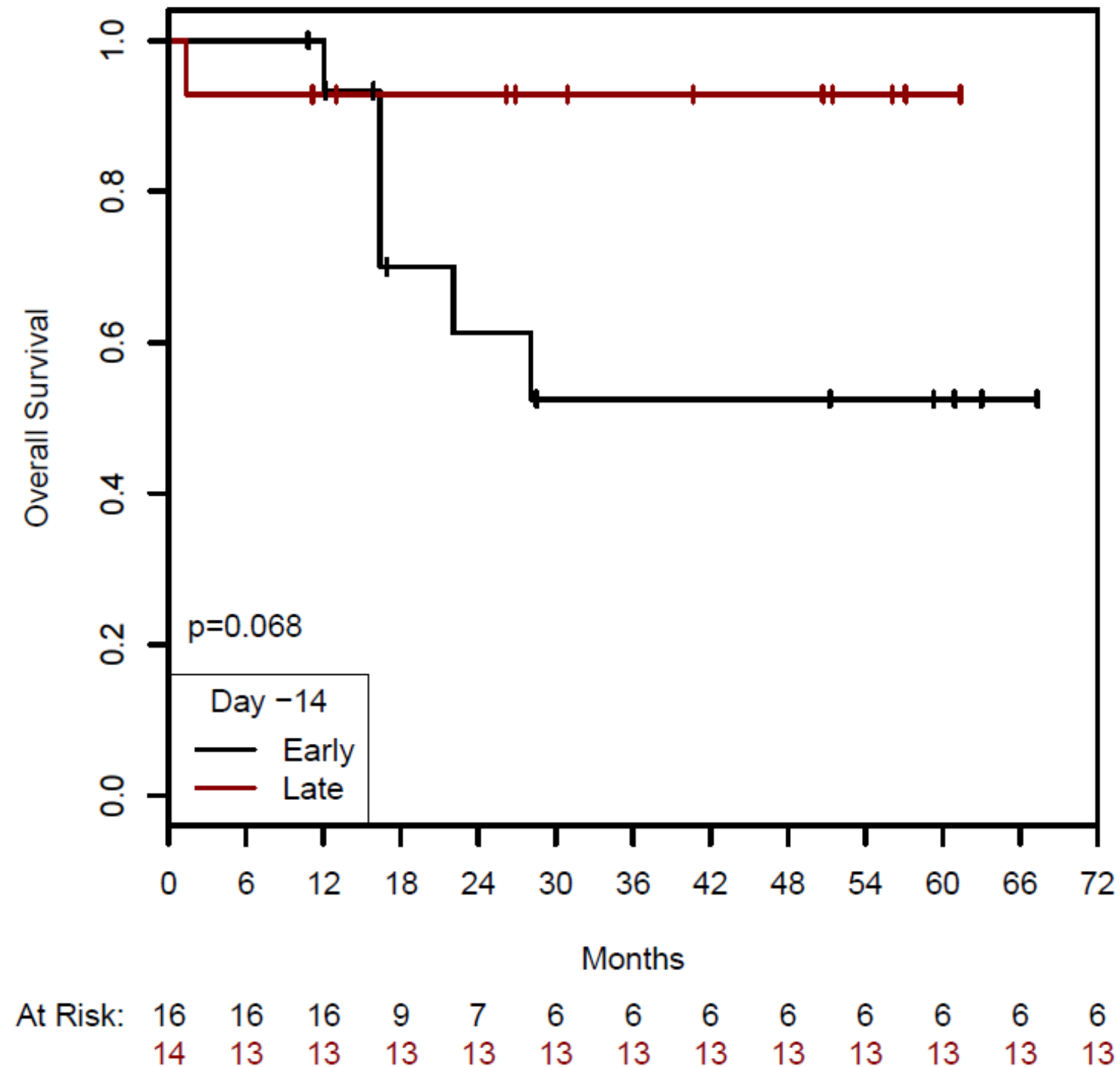
	PFS		
	log-rank p	CPH p	HR (95% CI)
Early vs Late	0.001	0.001	2.12 (1.36-3.30)

	Early (N=75)	Late (N=39)
PD	44 (59%)	16 (41%)
SD	17 (23%)	9 (23%)
Minimal Response	3 (4%)	3 (8%)
PR (all)	10 (13%)	3 (8%)
PR (PFS < 1yr)	7 (9%)	1 (3%)
PR (PFS > 1000 days)	1 (1%)	0 (0%)
PR (PFS, no events)	2 (3%)	2 (5%)
CR	0 (0%)	8 (21%)
NE/NA	1 (1%)	0 (0%)

	Early (N=75)	Late (N=39)
Response	13 (17%)	14 (36%)
No response	62 (83%)	25 (64%)

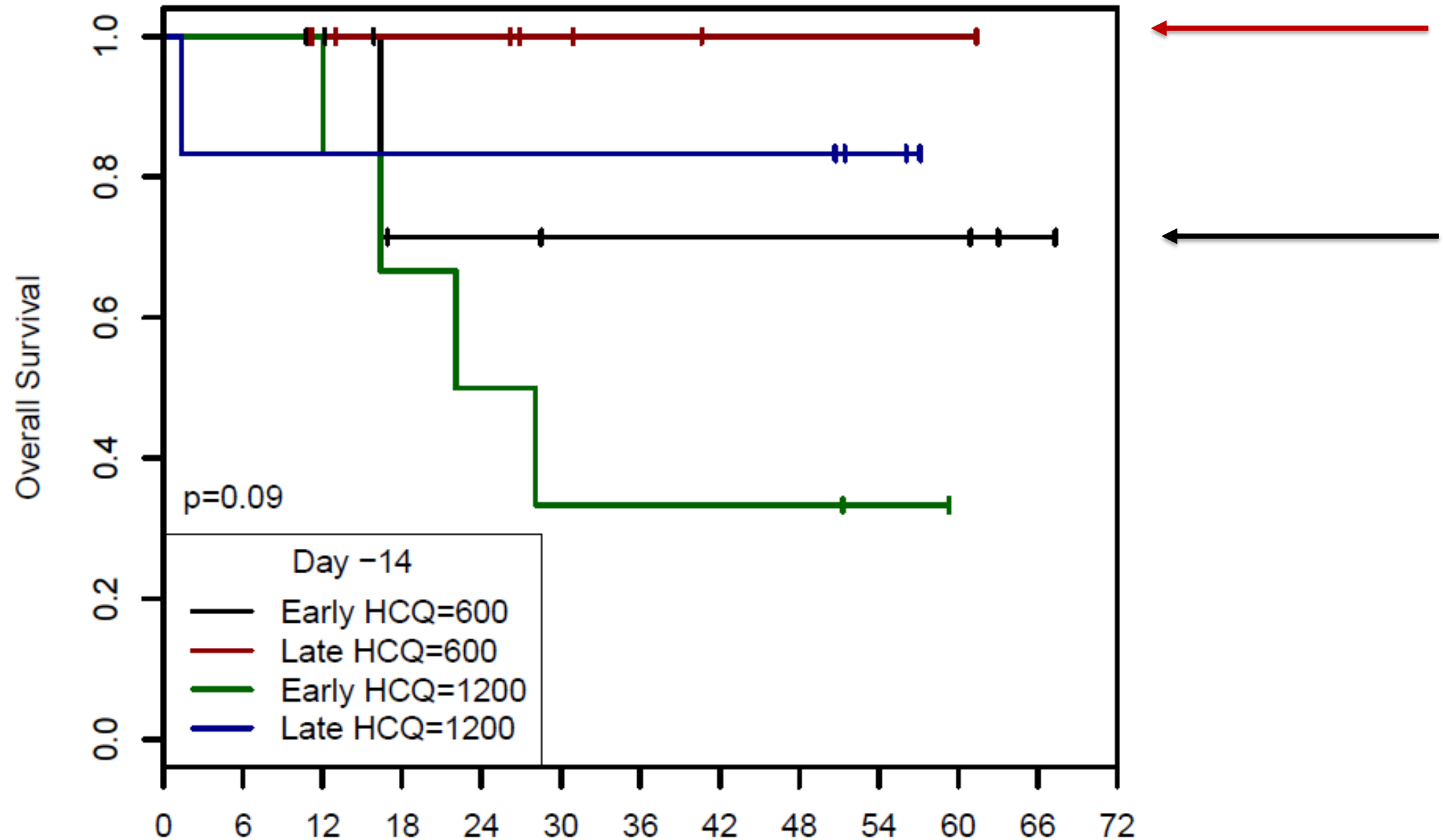
- ORR is significant: $p=.037$
- DCR trends: $p=.075$
- CR rate in Lates (21%)

Predicting RCC Survival with Proteomics



Predicting RCC +/- HCQ Survival with Proteomics

Overall Survival: Day -14 and HCQ Dose



Conclusions 3

- Multiplexed robust PCR for TCR and BCR can potentially identify a signal in renal cancer and is being tested in our current cohort of patients (?SITC 2018) – Jian Han presenting tomorrow
- PD-1 is a marker of antigen activation, subsetted by two variable phenotypes – open and closed chromatin; examining these in the blood, draining lymph nodes and tumor will be of importance
- Novel proteomic application to predict IL-2 responsiveness could be useful in identifying those patients most likely to respond and potentially identify novel DAMPs in the circulation that could correlate with response