Diagnostics of immune exclusion: Molecular imaging with PET: Elisabeth de Vries, UMCG, Groningen

Information on:

- PD-L1, and CD8 targeting tracer uptake in tumor lesions and the immune system
- Drug distribution
- Spatial and temporal heterogeneity within a patient





Heterogeneity in ⁸⁹Zr-atezolizumab tumor uptake per patient per tumor type (Day 7)





Bensch et al. Nat Med 2018

Tumor response on atezolizumab treatment related to ⁸⁹Zratezolizumab mean tumor uptake day 7 per patient



Geometric mean ⁸⁹Zr-atezolizumab tumor uptake predicts survival following start atezolizumab treatment, IHC does not



Pretreatment ⁸⁹ZED88082A (CD8 one-armed antibody) tumor uptake day 2



SUVmax ⁸⁹ZED88082A PET in patients with pMMR < dMMR tumors SUVmax in lesions with desert < non-desert phenotype



⁸⁹ZED88082A-uptake related to PFS and OS since start ICI, according to baseline geometric mean SUV_{max} below & above the median



High ⁸⁹ZED88082A uptake in liver metastasis rim in a patient with dMMR colorectal cancer



⁸⁹ZED88082A-uptake and tumor response to ICI in 19 patients Changes in tracer tumor uptake and anatomic size during repeated imaging



SUV_{max} and CD8 IHC expression pattern (density score) in lesions with corresponding paired biopsy samples before and during ICI treatment (n=10)



Conclusions role PET imaging

- Whole body drug distribution, tumor characteristics, and immune system visualization
- Predictst tumor response, PFS, and OS (small studies)
- Provides insight into
 - Tumor heterogeneity
 - Pharmacodynamic effects on the tumor
 - Immune system