

## SITC Workshop





# The Immunoscore: A proposal for a new classification of Cancer in the Era of immunotherapies

GALON Jérôme

## A Strategic View of Immunoscore

Bernard A. Fox





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#### SITC Immunoscore Taskforce



EDITORIAL Open Access

## Cancer Classification using the Immunoscore: A Worldwide Task Force

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Galon, J. J. Transl Med. 2012

**Support** from the World Immunotherapy Council (WIC), and support from societies including: ATTACK, BDA, CCIC, CRI/CIC, CIMT, CSCO, TIBT, DTIWP, ESCII, NIBIT, JACI, NCV-network, PIVAC, TVACT...

## **Immunoscore: Strategic Considerations**

What to do for negative patients?

 Need inovative protocols for patients identified as unlikely to respond

If immunoscore negative patients do not make immune responses to immunotherapy, what does that tell us about our ability to prime anticancer immunity.

- Checkpoint blockade / Co-stim alone
- Role for next generation vaccines?

## The next decade:

Defining immunoscore in other histologies.

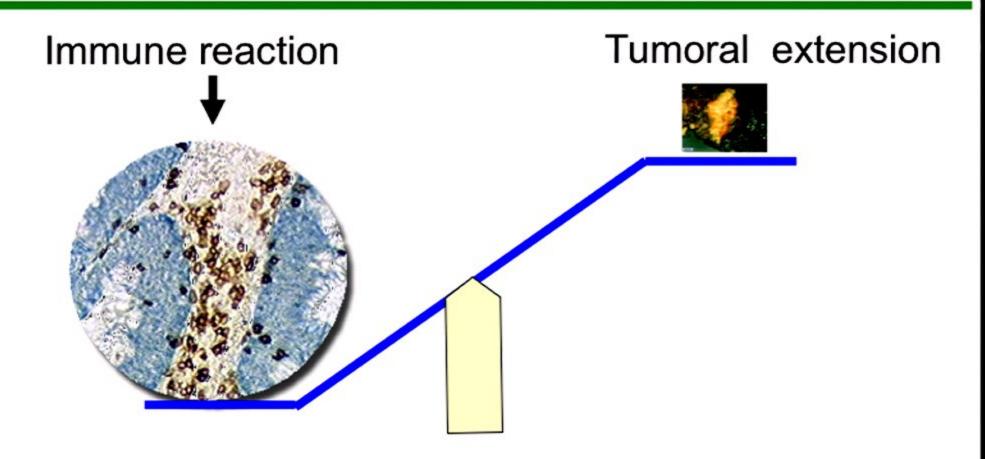
Can gene signatures and immunoscore be combined to further improve biomarker?

Can a blood-based assay be used to characterize immunoscore (Cells/Sera).

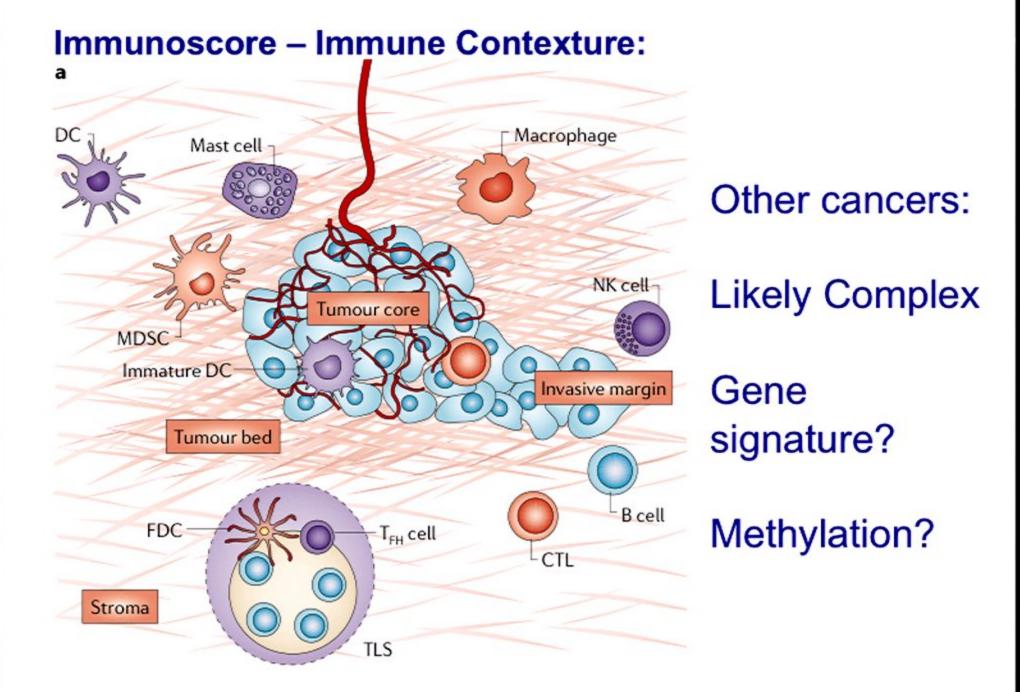
Can imaging studies be used to assess immunoscore?

Why are immunoscore negative patients negative?

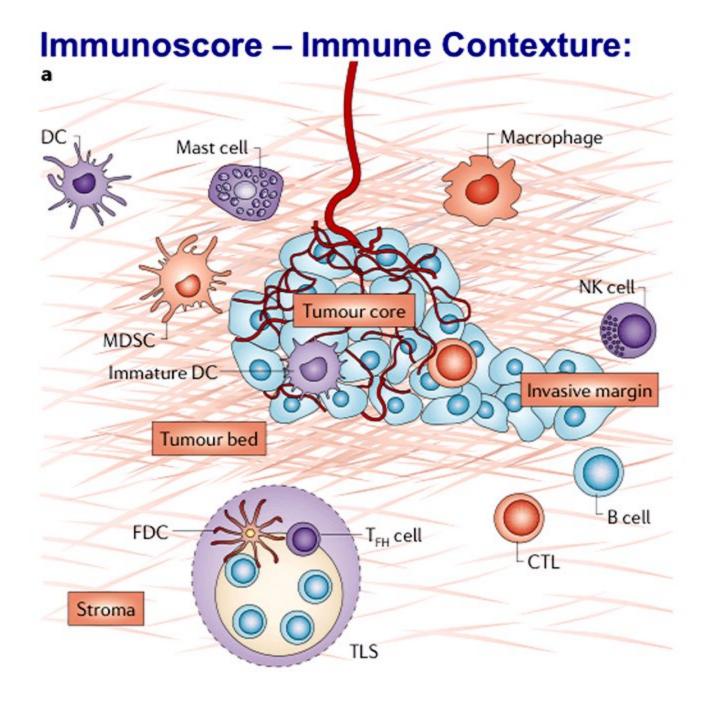
## Immune response slows tumor growth



\* Importance of **natural** coordinated anti-tumor adaptive immunity in Humans, **regardless** of the local extent and spread of the tumor.



Fridman WH., et al., Nature Reviews Cancer, March 15, 2012



Fridman WH., et al., Nature Reviews Cancer, March 15, 2012

# What about other Cancers? Association between immune infiltrate and outcome reported for 18 cancers

Melanoms Good***********************************	Cells	CD8*CD45RO*T cells	T <sub>H</sub> 1 cells	T <sub>H</sub> 2 cells	T <sub>H</sub> 17 cells	T <sub>kee</sub> cells
Breast cancer Good**** **Good****** **Cood***** **None**** **None**** **None**** **None**** **None**** **None**** **None**** **None*** **Cood*** **None*** **Cood*** **None*** **Cood*** **None*** **Cood*** **None*** **Cood*** **None*** **Cood*** **None*** *	Melanoma	Good <sup>xo-xo</sup>				None trun    Poor 107,108
*None*** *None*** *Poor***  Bladder cancer Good*****  Cood***  Cood**  Renal cell carcinoma  *Good**  *Poor**  *Cood**  *Poor**	Head and neck cancers	Goodsommin			None <sup>26</sup>	Good <sup>24,12</sup>
Oversian cancer Good (198-1922 Good (198-1923 Good	Breast cancer	Good <sup>III-II4</sup>				• None <sup>36</sup> • Poor <sup>17,18</sup>
Cesophageal cancer Good (15,127,121,131-148) Good (15) G	Bladdercancer	Goodman				Good**
Colonectal cancer Good <sup>(6,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0</sup>	Ovarian cancer	Goodus-us	Goodusus	Poor	Good <sup>us</sup>	Good****     Poor**
Renal cell carcinoma * Good <sup>15</sup> Good <sup>15</sup> Poor <sup>156</sup> Prostatic Good <sup>151-153</sup> Good <sup>151</sup> Lung-carcinoma * Good <sup>151-153</sup> Good <sup>151</sup> Pancreatic cancer Good <sup>1610</sup> Poor <sup>160</sup> None <sup>110</sup> Cervical cancer Good <sup>160</sup> Anal squamous cell carcinoma  Brain cancer None <sup>110</sup> Hepatocellular * Good <sup>160</sup> Good <sup>160</sup> Poor <sup>160</sup>	Oesophageal cancer	Good <sup>US,U7</sup>	Goodills		Good <sup>129</sup>	
Prostotic Good***  Anal squamous cell carcinoma  Brain cancer  Hepatocellular • Good***  Foor***  Geod***  Good***  Good***  Foor***  Good***  Foor***  Food***  Foor**  Foor**  Foor**  Foor**  Foor**  Food**  Food**  Foor**  Food**  Food*  Food	Colorectal cancer	Good <sup>scornorment</sup>	Good <sup>CSCSP</sup>	None <sup>36</sup>	Poor <sup>HS,140</sup>	• Good <sup>10,1+-ss</sup> • None <sup>35</sup>
Augustion and Service and Serv	Renal cell carcinoma		Good <sup>ri</sup>			Poortse
None None None None None None None None		Good <sup>(5)-15)</sup>				
Cervical cancer Good <sup>tisa</sup> Anal squamous cell carcinoma  Brain cancer None <sup>1124</sup> Hepatocellular • Good <sup>102,108</sup> Good <sup>108</sup> Poor <sup>119</sup> Gastric cancer Good <sup>107</sup> Medulloblastoma Good <sup>108</sup> Wedulloblastoma Good <sup>108</sup> Urothelial cell carcinoma Good <sup>108</sup> Follicular lymphoma and Good <sup>108</sup> **Good <sup>109</sup> **G	Lung carcinoma		Goods		Poor <sup>ate</sup>	Poor <sup>IM-IM</sup>
Anal squamous cell carcinoma  Brain cancer  Hepatocellular • Good <sup>102,108</sup> Good <sup>108</sup> Poor <sup>119</sup> Gastric cancer  Medulloblastoma  Good <sup>119</sup> Merkel cell carcinoma  Good <sup>119</sup> Urothelial cell carcinoma  Good <sup>119</sup> Follicular lymphoma and  None <sup>112</sup> Poor <sup>119</sup> Poor <sup>119</sup> Poor <sup>119</sup> Poor <sup>119</sup> Following  Good <sup>119</sup> Follicular lymphoma and  Cood <sup>119</sup> Following  F	Pancreatic cancer	Good <sup>as</sup>		Poor <sup>tee,see</sup>		Poor <sup>155</sup>
Brain cancer  Hepatocellular • Good***  Good***  Good***  Good***  Good***  Good***  Merkel cell carcinoma  Good***  Urothelial cell carcinoma  Good***  Good**  Good*	Cervical cancer		Goodma			
Hepatocellular • Good <sup>102,105</sup> Good <sup>103</sup> Poor <sup>113</sup> Poor <sup>113</sup> Poor <sup>113,10</sup> Gastric cancer Good <sup>113</sup> Good <sup>113</sup> Medulloblastoma Good <sup>114</sup> Urothelial cell carcinoma Good <sup>114</sup> Follicular lymphoma and Good <sup>118</sup>						None
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Merkel cell carcinoma Good <sup>114</sup> Urothelial cell carcinoma Good <sup>118</sup> Follicular lymphoma and Good <sup>110</sup> • Good <sup>111</sup>	Gastric cancer		Goodin	Poorin	Good <sup>175</sup>	
Urothelial cell carcinoma Good**  Follicular lymphoma and Good**  • Good**	Medulloblastoma		Gooden			
Follicular lymphoma and Good <sup>es</sup> • Good <sup>es</sup>	Merkel cell carcinoma	Goodin				
Follicular lymphoma and Good <sup>es</sup> • Good <sup>es</sup>	Urothelial cell carcinoma	Goodiis				
*None"  *Poor**	Follicular lymphoma and Hodgkin's lymphoma			Good <sup>es</sup>		Good <sup>13,17</sup> None <sup>17</sup> Poor <sup>43</sup>

Fridman WH., et al., Nature Reviews Cancer, March 15, 2012

## Immunoscore: How is it defined?

Colon cancer: CD3 and CD8

## For other cancers:

- Not yet known.
- Evaluation of other cell types.
- Evaluation of other parameters.
- Requires additional research and validation in large cohorts.

## SITC Immunoscore Taskforce



#### **GOALS:**

- Validate immunoscore as a prognostic biomarker?
- New Classification? AJCC / COC

#### **HURDLES:**

- Industry has expressed interest.
- No support raised for project
- Individual centers bearing cost
- SITC providing coordination
- Control slides cut (Allesandro Lugli, Bern)
- Staining to start in November.
- SITC supported data cloud with images available to the community?

### SITC Immunoscore Taskforce



## October 2012 - 16 Countries participating



## **Diversity**

- Genetic
- Dietary

World Immunotherapy Council
(WIC): SITC, BDA, CCIC, CRI-CIC,
CIMT, CSCO, TIBT, DTIWP,
EATI, ESCII, NIBIT, JACI,
NCV, PIVAC, ATTACK, TVACT



## World Immunotherapy Council INAUGURAL SUMMIT





FEBRUARY 21-24, 2012 • HYATT REGENCY CURACAO • CURACAO, DUTCH CARIBBEAN

**SUMMIT GOAL:** Provide a forum to facilitate rapid development and global dissemination of cancer immunotherapies through scientific exchange.



BDA, CCIC, CIMT, CRI-CIC, CSCO, DTIWP, EATI, ESCII, JACI, NCVE, NIBIT, PIVAC, SITC, TIBT, TVACT, ATTACK

### SITC Immunoscore Taskforce



#### 2011

November: SITC BOD - Immunoscore Taskforce.

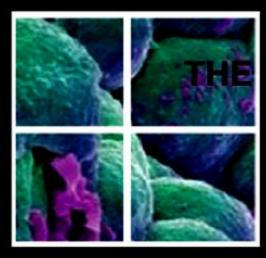
December: Galon, Ascierto, SITC leadership, NCI agree

#### 2012

January: Immunoscore editorial published.

### February:

- Ascierto & Galon Immunoscore meeting, Naples
  - Build consensus among key groups on digital imaging and analysis
  - Sets parameters CD3 and CD8.
- World Immunotherapy Council endorses Immunoscore



# IMMUNOSCORE AS A NEW POSSIBLE APPROACH IN THE CLASSIFICATION OF CANCER

NAPLES Feb 13<sup>th</sup> 2012 Organizers: ASCIERTO P. & GALON J.

## SITC Immunoscore Taskforce



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## TNM Staging in Colorectal Cancer: T Is for T Cell and M Is for Memory

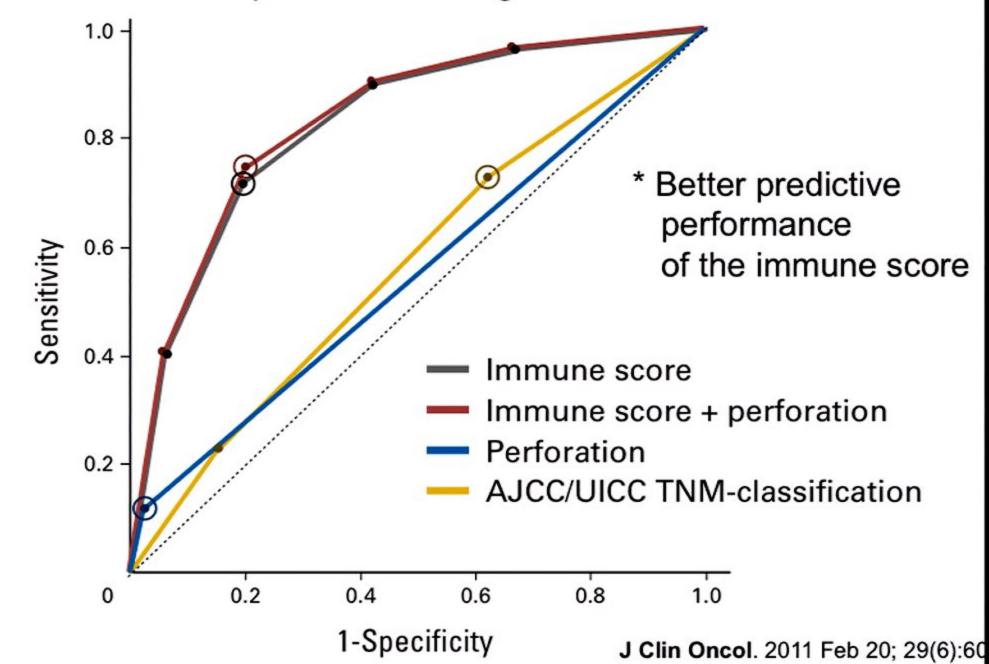
Elizabeth K. Broussard and Mary L. Disis, Tumor Vaccine Group, Center for Translational Medicine in Women's Health, University of Washington, Seattle, WA

## What next?

- Could these data be reproduced?
- Who would organize the Global effort?

## TNM Staging in Colorectal Cancer: T Is for T Cell and M Is for Memory

Elizabeth K. Broussard and Mary L. Disis, Tumor Vaccine Group, Center for Translational Medicine in Women's Health, University of Washington, Seattle, WA Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves for diseasefree survival for patients with stage I to III tumors.



## **Multivariate** proportional hazard COX analysis among all patients with AJCC/UICC-TNM Stage I/II/III colorectal cancer

#### According to clinical parameters and immune parameters

COX analysis for DFS	HR	Log Rank P-values	
Tumor (T) stage	1.24	0.29	
N Stage	1.31	0.17	
Gender	1.47	0.18	
Number of total lymph nodes	1.13	0.68	
Histological grade	0.69	0.29	
Mucinous Colloide	1.29	0.47	
Occlusion	1.03	0.94	
Perforation	4.03	0.0084	
Immune Score	0.65	0.0003	

#### According to AJCC/UICC-TNM classification and immune score

COX analysis	DFS		os		DSS	
COX allalysis	HR	P-value	HR	<i>P</i> -value	HR	P-value
AJCC/UICC-TNM Immune Score		0.09 ns <b>&lt;0.0001</b>	522 222	0.29 ns <b>&lt;0.0001</b>		0.10 ns <b>&lt;0.0001</b>

-> Validation in 2 independent cohorts of colorectal cancer patients Mlecnik et al. J Clin Oncol 2011

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#### JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY

#### ORIGINAL REPORT

### Histopathologic-Based Prognostic Factors of Colorectal Cancers Are Associated With the State of the Local Immune Reaction

Bernhard Mlecnik, Marie Tosolini, Amos Kirilovsky, Anne Berger, Gabriela Bindea, Tchao Meatchi, Patrick Bruneval, Zlatko Trajanoski, Wolf-Herman Fridman, Franck Pagès, and Jérôme Galon

#### **Patients and Methods**

We studied the intratumoral immune infiltrates in the center of the tumor and in the invasive margin of 599 specimens of stage I to IV colorectal cancers from two independent cohorts. We analyzed these findings in relation to the degree of tumor extension and to the frequency of recurrence.

#### Conclusion

Assessment of CD8<sup>+</sup> cytotoxic T lymphocytes in combined tumor regions provides an indicator of tumor recurrence beyond that predicted by AJCC/UICC-TNM staging.

## Cancer and the Immune System

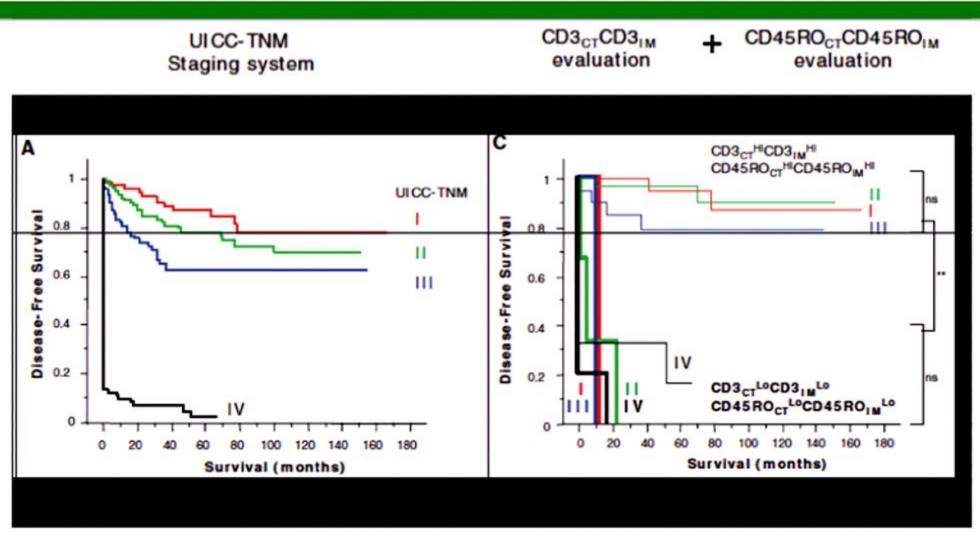
1900s	Ehrlich: Suggests immune system decreased
	prevelance of cancer.
1908	Coley: intratumoral injection of toxins
1957	Prehn and Main: Tumor-specific immunity
1959	Thomas: Immune Surveillance

2001 Shankaran (Old & Schreiber): Role for IFNg and lymphocytes in tumor development (Rag-/-)

2004 Dunn, Old & Schreiber: Immunoediting

2005/6 Pages / Galon: Immunoscore in Colon CA

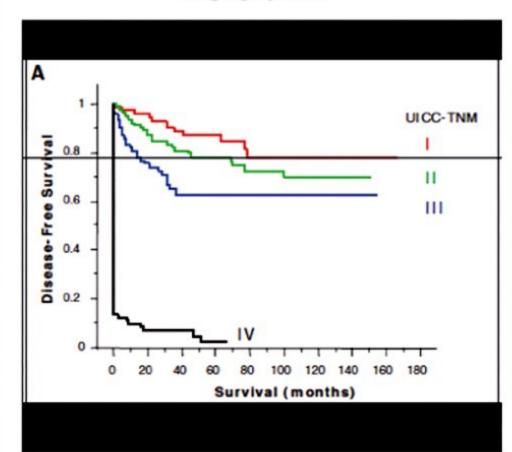
## The adaptive immune response is more relevant to DFS than the level of tumor invasion.



29 SEPTEMBER 2006 VOL 313 SCIENCE

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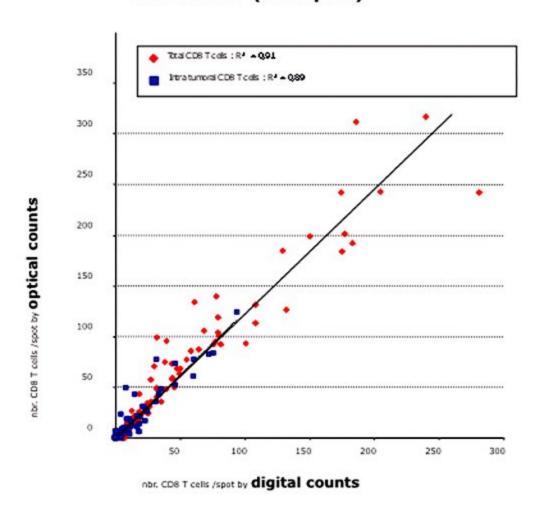
UICC-TNM Staging system



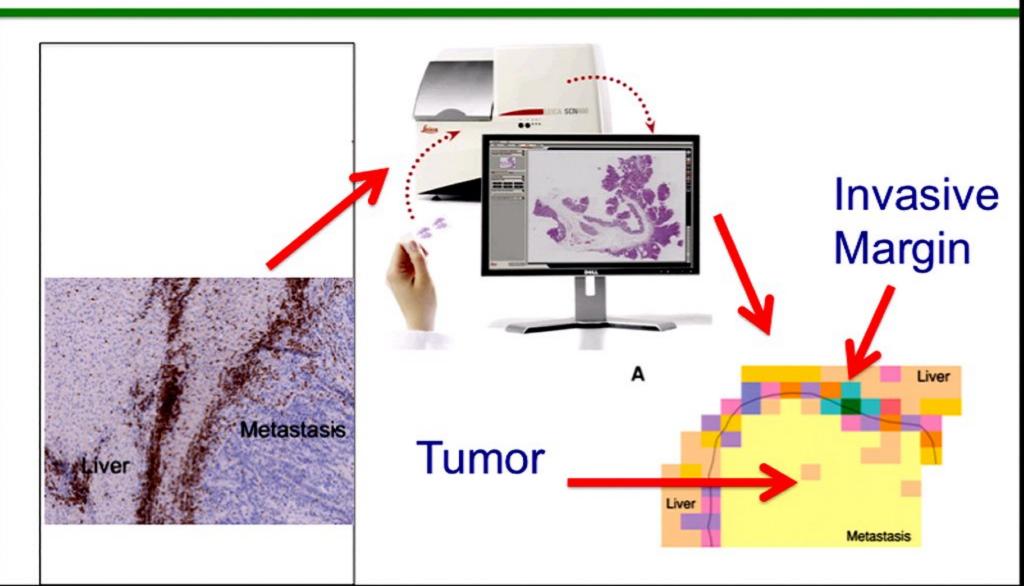
29 SEPTEMBER 2006 VOL 313 SCIENCE

## Digital Pathology: Correlation with optical evaluation

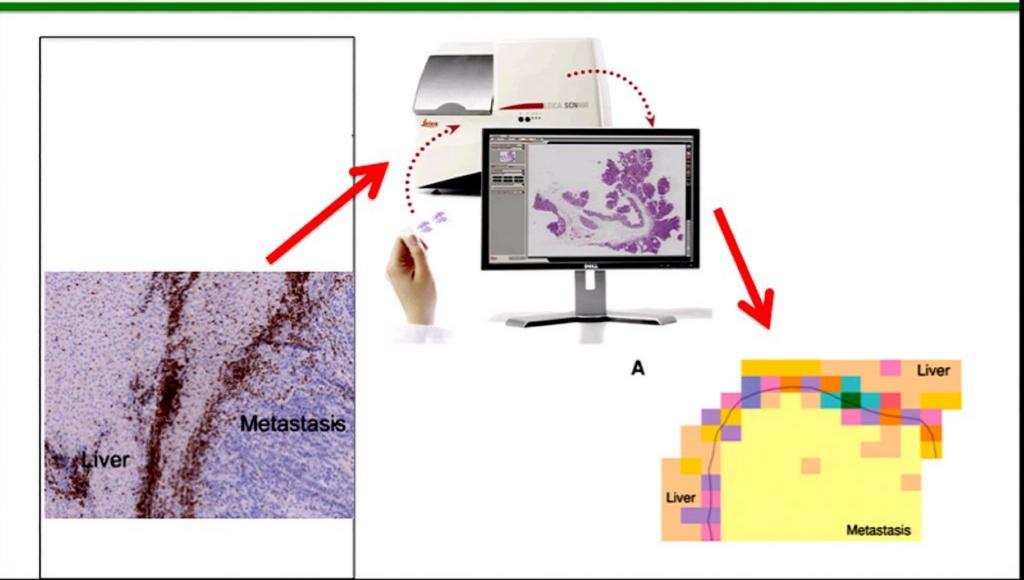
#### CD8 counts (100 spots)



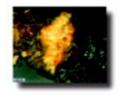
**Digital Pathology:** Jerome Galon and Franck Pagès used technology to objectively assess immune infiltrates – IM vs Tumor.

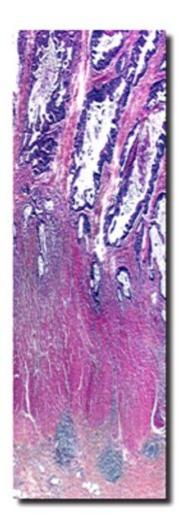


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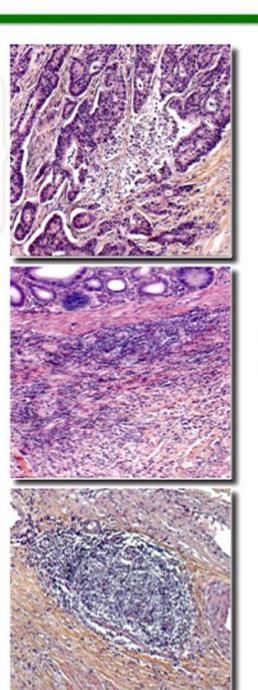


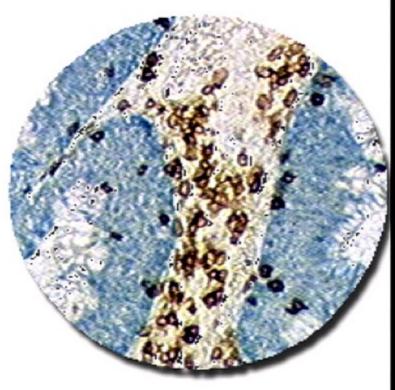
### Immune cells are present within the tumor





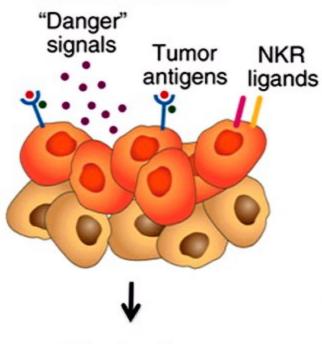
**H&E** sections





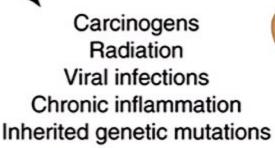
Tumor (blue) CD3 T cells (brown)

#### Transformed cells



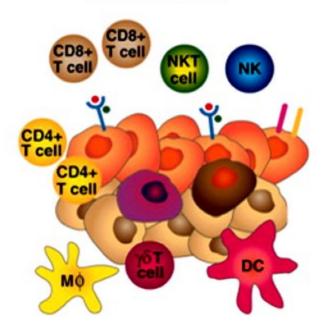
Intrinsic tumor suppression (senescence, repair, and/or apoptosis)







#### **Elimination**



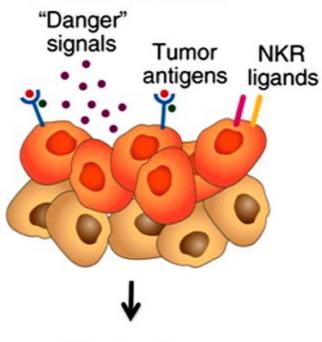
lighly immunogenic transformed cell

Poorly immunogenic and immunoevasive transformed cells

Is there evidence that this happens with human tumors?

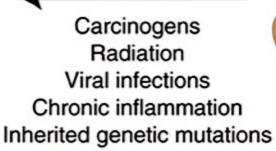
R D Schreiber et al. Science 2011;331:1565-1570

#### Transformed cells



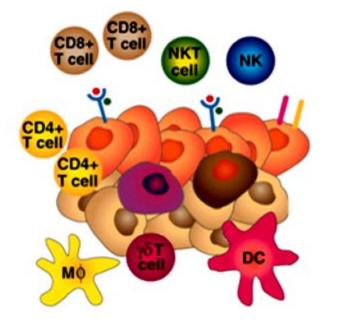
Intrinsic tumor suppression (senescence, repair, and/or apoptosis)







#### Elimination



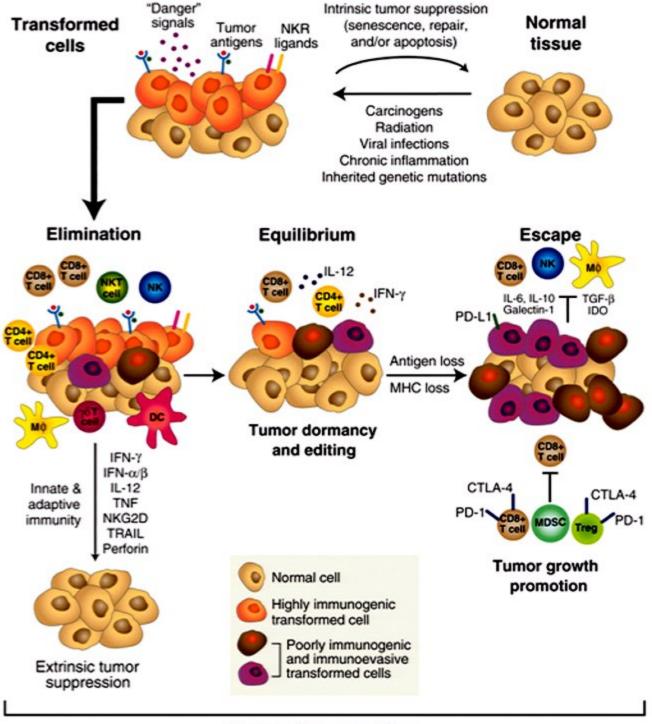
Normal cell

Highly immunogenic transformed cell

Poorly immunogenic and immunoevasive transformed cells

> R D Schreiber et al. Science 2011;331:1565-1570

# The cancer immunoediting concept.



R D Schreiber et al. Science 2011;331:1565-1570

#### Cancer Immunoediting

## Cancer and the Immune System

1900s	Ehrlich: Suggests immune system decreased
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## Cancer and the Immune System

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1957	Prehn and Main: Tumor-specific immunity
1959	Thomas: Immune Surveillance

 Advances in enumerating immune cells at the tumor provides significantly better staging of patients with colon cancer.

## **Hypothesis**

 The immune system is the "agent" that improves outcome and cures people with metastatic solid cancer.

 Advances in enumerating immune cells at the tumor provides significantly better staging of patients with colon cancer.

Appears to be a prognostic factor.

WHY?

 Advances in enumerating immune cells at the tumor provides significantly better staging of patients with colon cancer.

Appears to be a prognostic factor.

 Advances in enumerating immune cells at the tumor provides significantly better staging of patients with colon cancer.



## I have Consultant/Advisory Roles or Research support/Grant to disclose.

MicroMet (Amgen), BMS, MannKind, BioSante (Cell Genesys), Immunophotonics, Ventana/Roche, Dendreon

# Yes, I have a Leadership Position and Stock Ownership to disclose. UBIVAC



## Victor





## Victor