Everything as Code

David Van Valen MD, PhD

SITC Computational Immuno-Oncology Webinar Series

07/18/2023





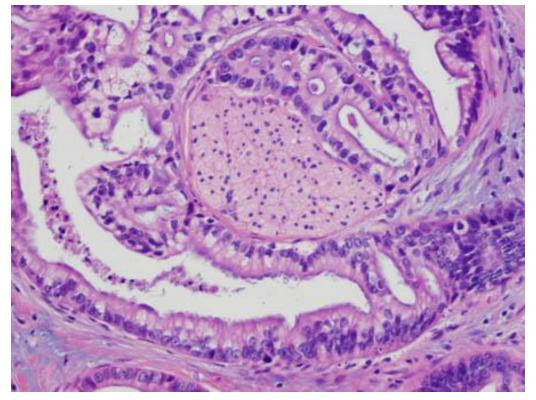
Disclosures

- I'm currently the Chief Scientist for Barrier Biosciences
- Many of the research results I will discuss today are unpublished

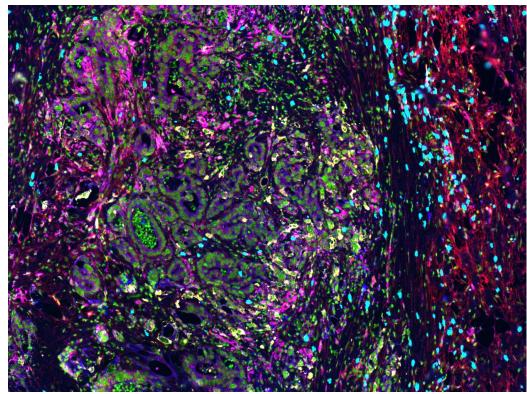


Technological revolutions are changing how we study living systems

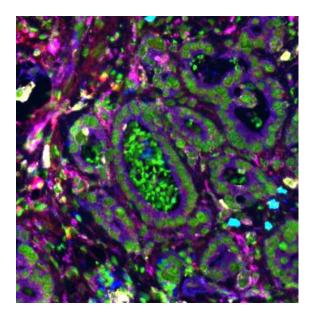
Classical pathology stain

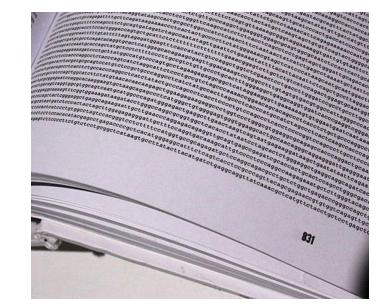


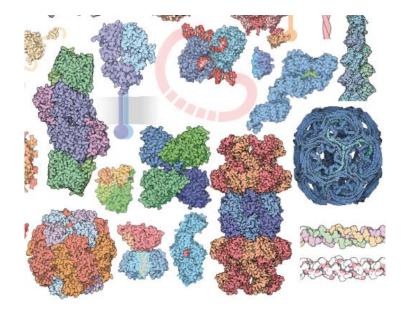
Spatial genomics



Deep learning is changing our relationship with biological data





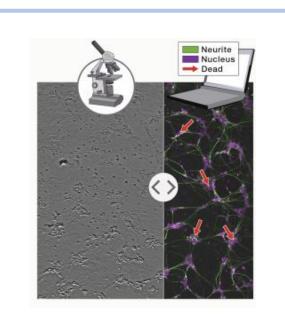


Images

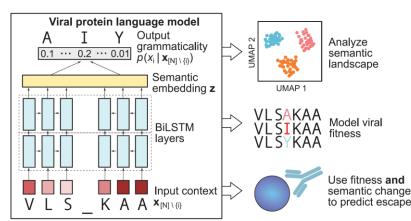
Sequences

Structures

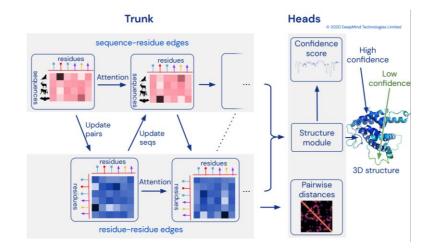
Deep learning is changing our relationship with biological data



Convolutional Neural Networks



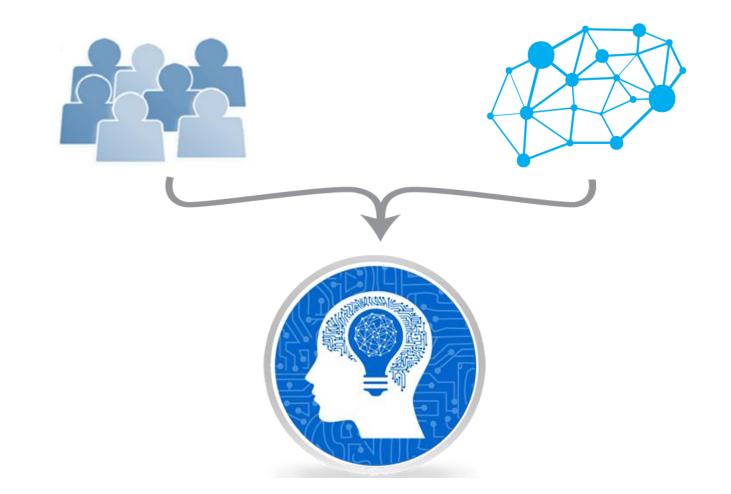
Language Models



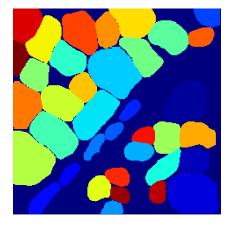
Equivariant Graph Neural Networks

> Christiansen et al, Cell 2018 Hie et al, Science 2021 Jumper et al, Nature 2021

Deep learning is data-driven - there is no revolution without data and labels

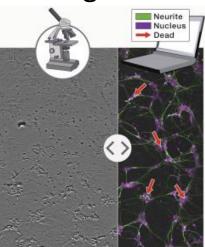


Deep learning is changing how we interpret biological images



Segmentation

smFISH Analysis



Augmented Microscopy

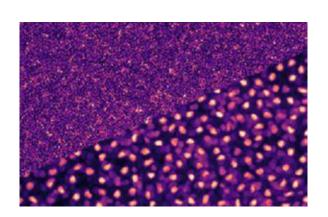


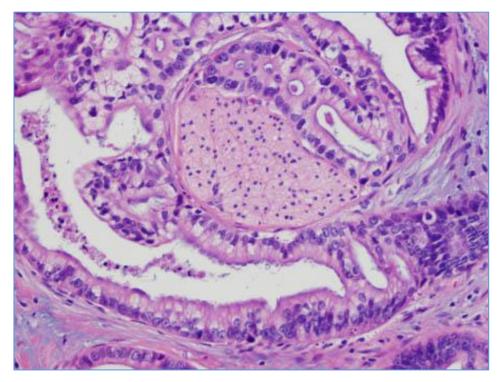
Image Restoration

Angelo et al., 2014 Cai et al, 2020, 2021 Johnson et al. 2018 Greenwald, Miller et al. 2021 And many others!

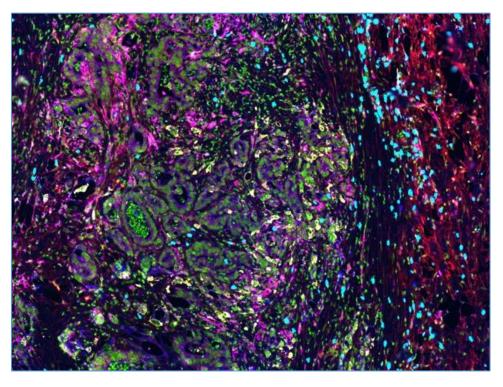
Deep learning

How will spatial biology and AI transform our understanding of living systems?

Classic Imaging Data

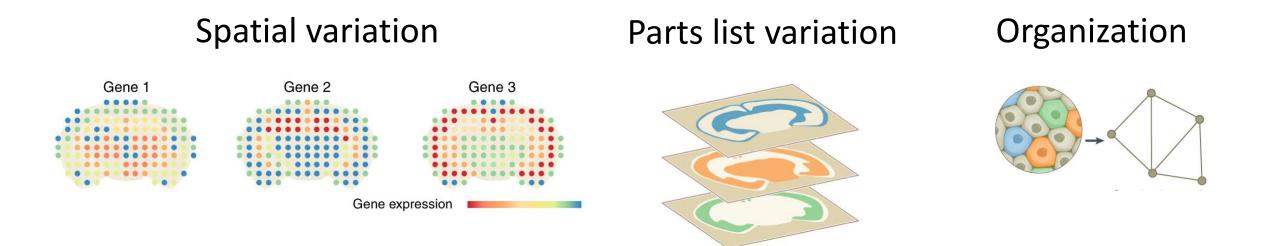


Modern Imaging Data

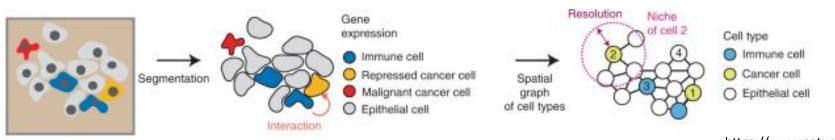


AI can render modern spatial data interpretable

How will spatial biology and AI transform our understanding of living systems?

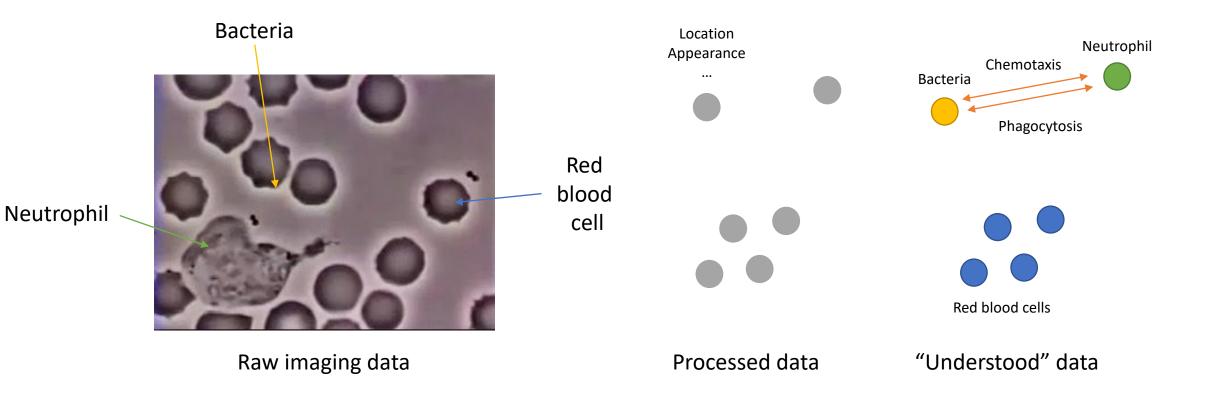


Target discovery and spatial biomarkers



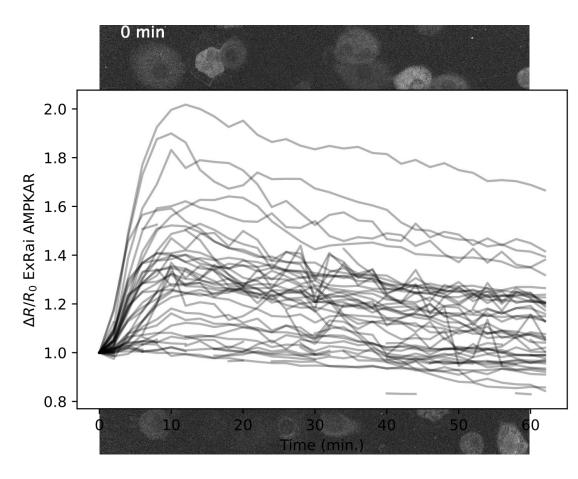
https://www.nature.com/articles/s41587-021-01182-1 https://www.nature.com/articles/s41587-022-01467-z

Computational primitives for cellular imaging

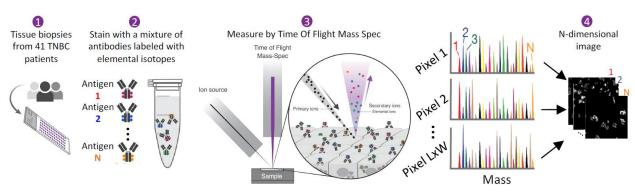


Computational primitives are necessary to convert raw imaging data into a more interpretable format like spatio-temporal graphs

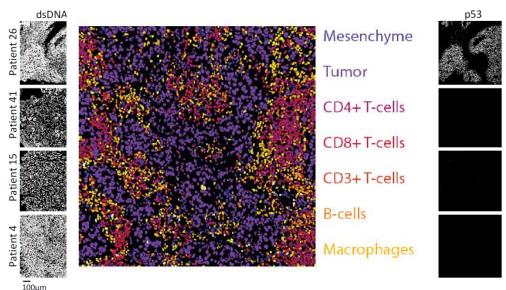
Single-cell analysis is a challenge for cellular imaging experiments



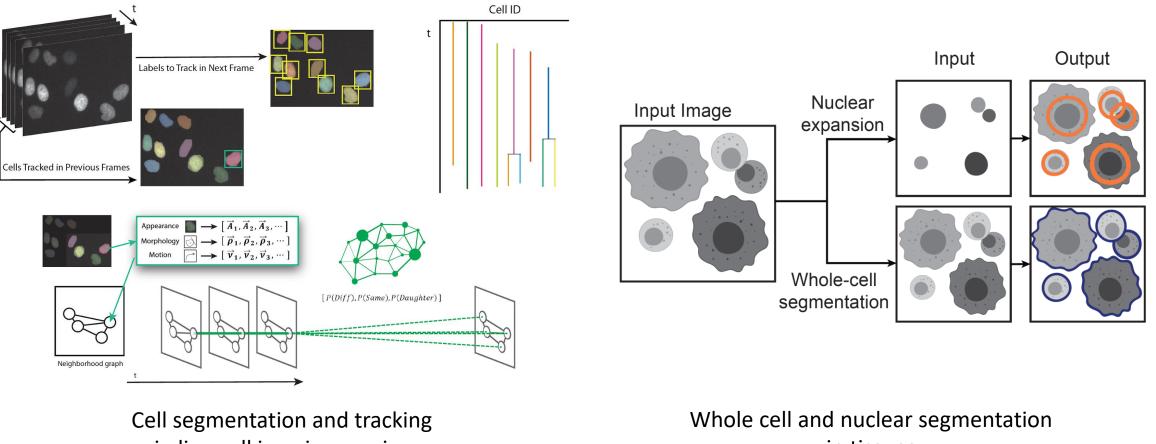
Van Valen et al., 2016 <u>https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1005177</u> Keren et al., 2018, <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2018.08.039</u>



Multiplexed Ion Beam Imaging (MIBI)

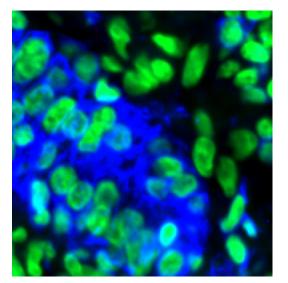


Single cell analysis is a common challenge for biological imaging experiments

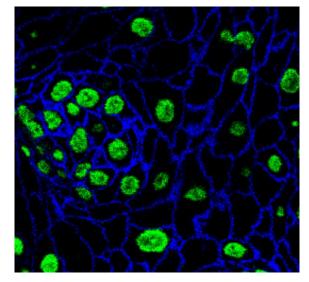


in live-cell imaging movies

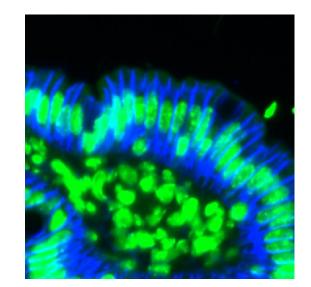
in tissues



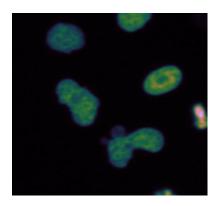
SCLC (CyCIF)

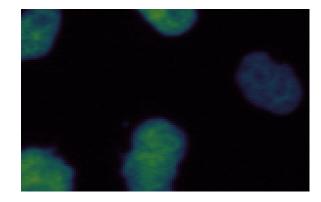


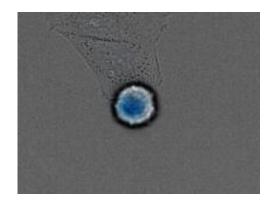
GI (MIBI)



Colon (MxIF)





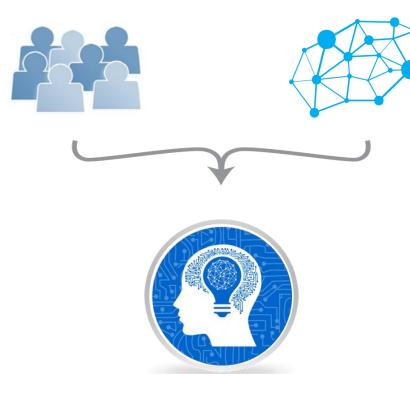


HeLa-S3 H2B-mCherry

HeLa-S3 H2B-mCherry

HeLa-S3 Phase

Image labeling at scale through human-Al collaboration

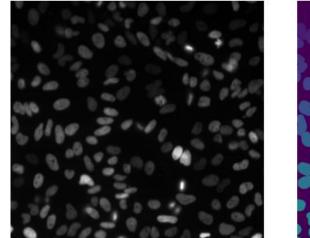




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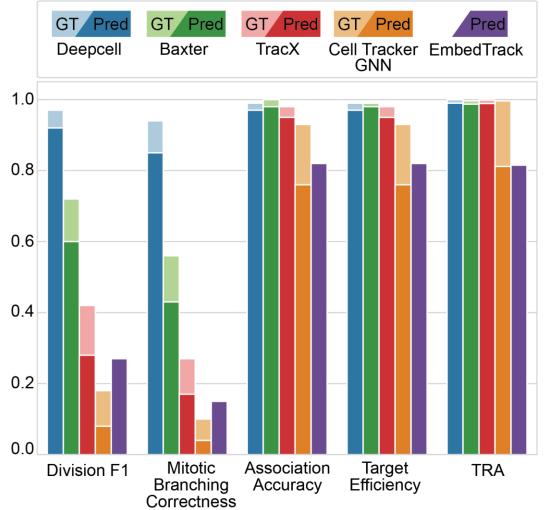
> Greenwald, Miller et. al., 2022 https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-021-01094-0

Caliban: Single-cell analysis for live-cell imaging

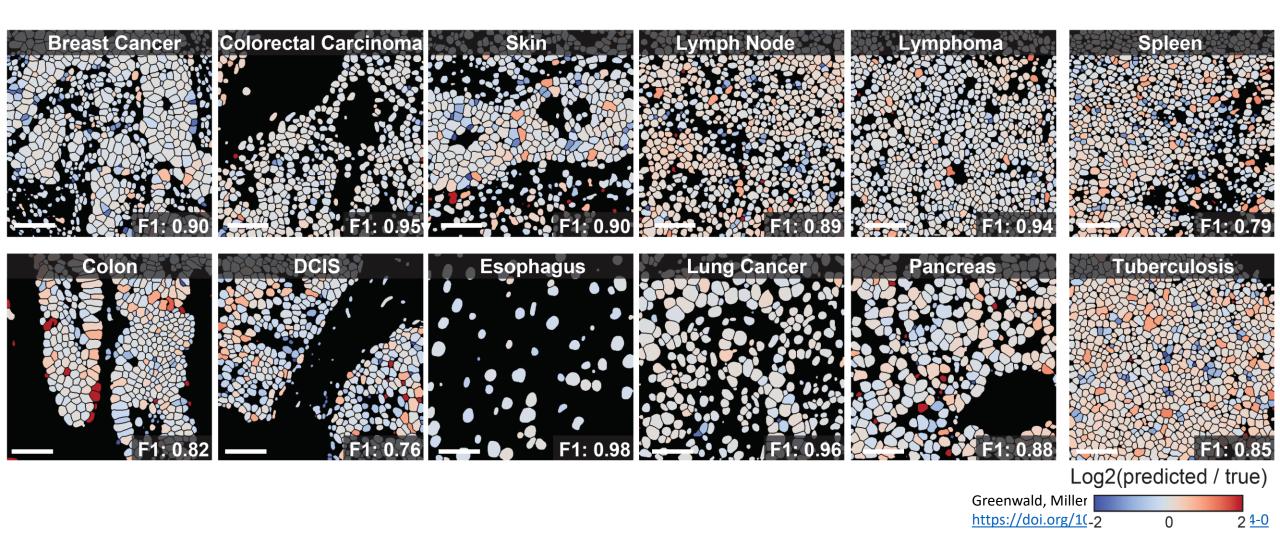




Cell Type	Objects	Tracks	Divisions
RAW264.7	335,049	8,642	1,322
Hek293	127,192	2,727	456
HeLa-S3	77,180	2,234	189
NIH-3T3	62,983	1,413	250
PC3	5,051	159	5
Total	606,455	15,175	2,222

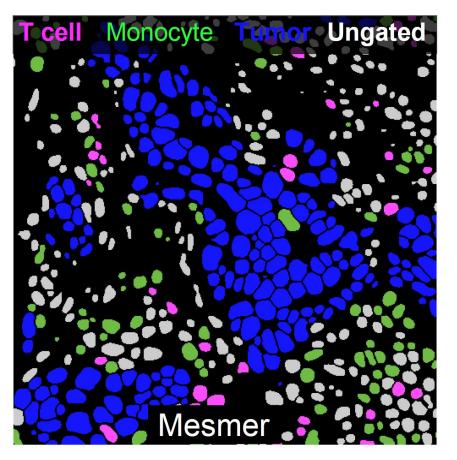


Mesmer: Cell segmentation for tissue imaging

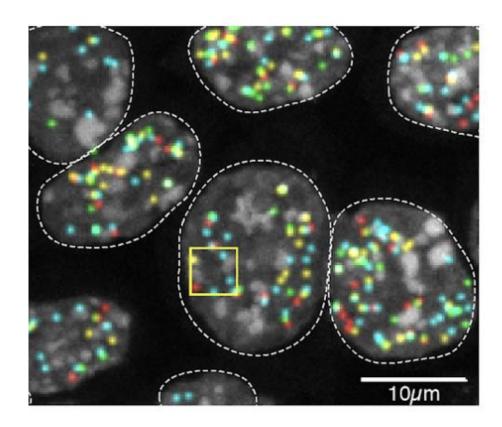


What happens after cell segmentation?

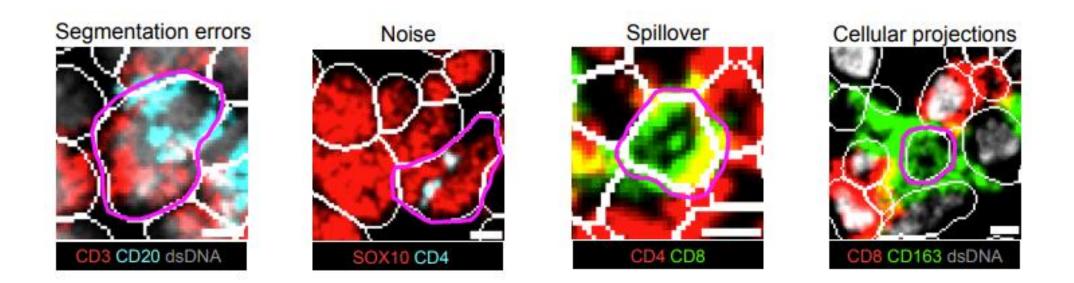
Cell phenotyping for spatial proteomics



Spot phenotyping for spatial transcriptomics

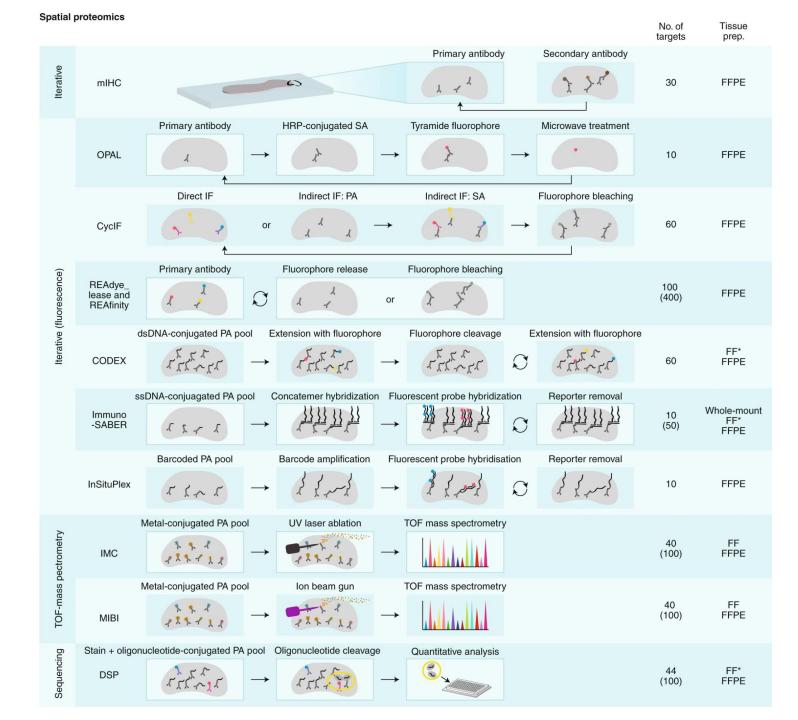


Why is cell phenotyping hard?

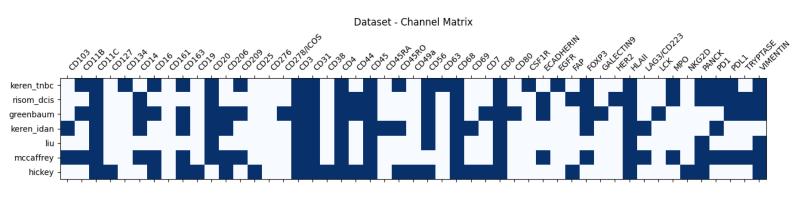


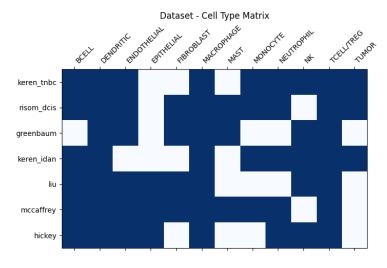
Generalization

Cell phenotyping: Generalization across imaging platforms



Cell phenotyping: Generalization across datasets





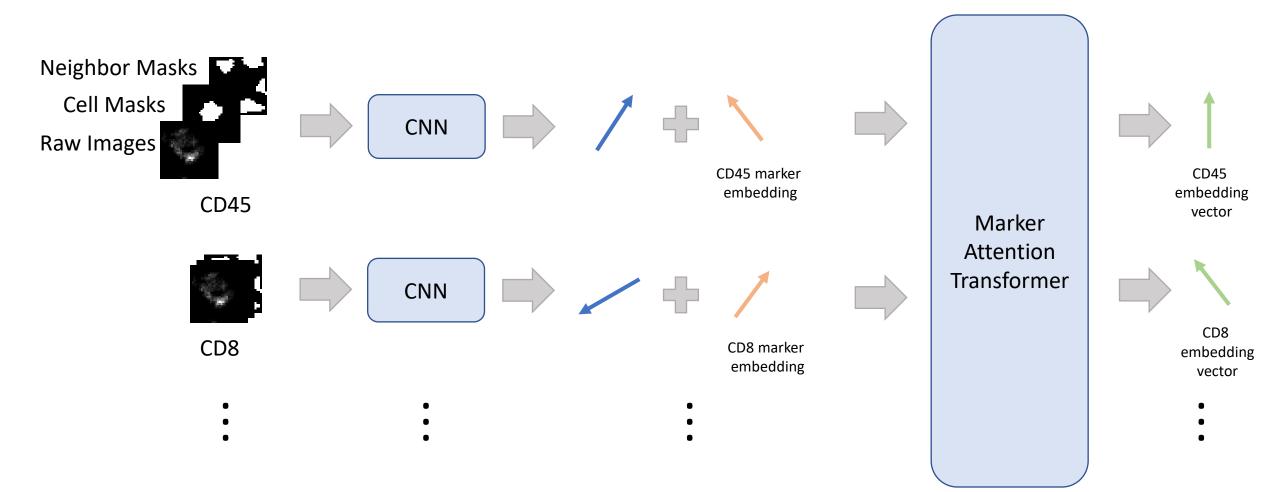
Currently ingested all publicly available spatial proteomics data from the literature

- 17 datasets
- Curated panel of 51 markers
- 4 million labeled cells from existing data
 - Significant label noise in all labeled datasets
- Estimated 20 million cells overall

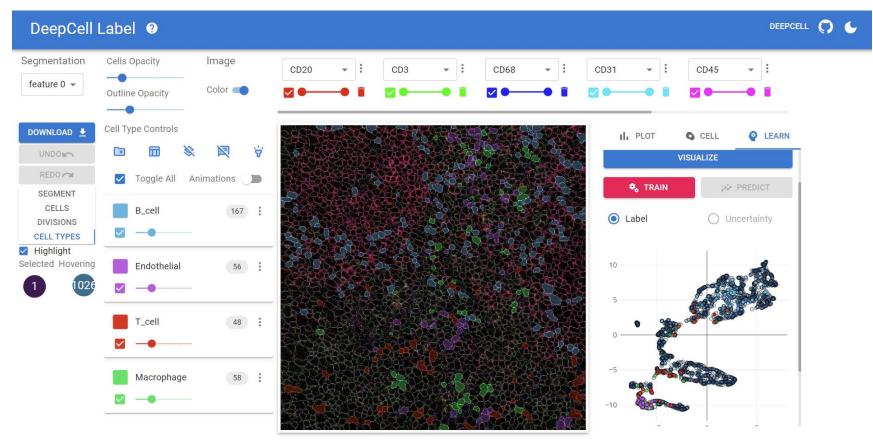
For generalization, we need:

- Normalization
- Access to the full information content of images
- Deep learning models that are aware of the marker panel
- Human-in-the-loop labeling

Marker-wise attention allows generalization across datasets

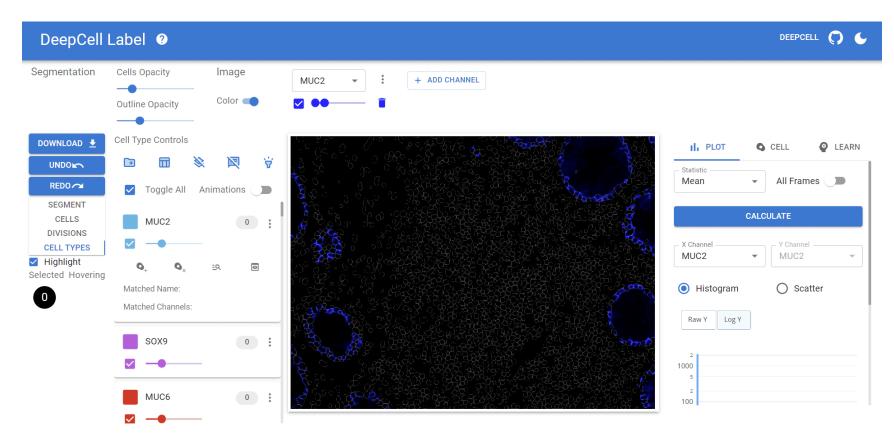


Human-in-the-loop labeling of cell type and marker positivity with DeepCell Label

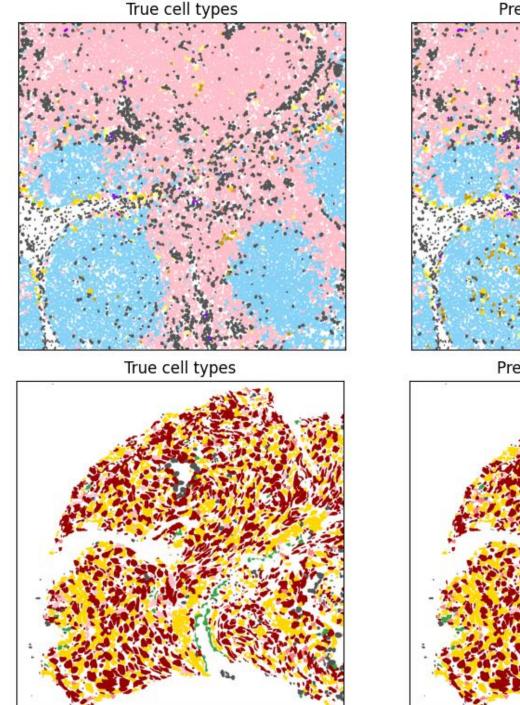


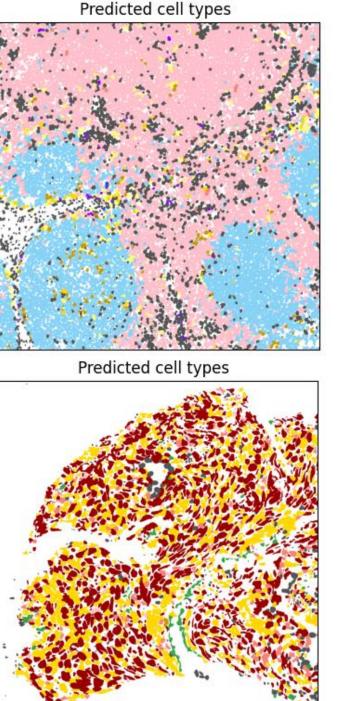
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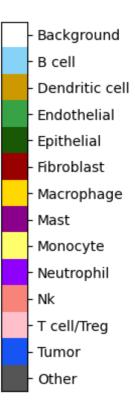
Human-in-the-loop labeling of cell type and marker positivity with DeepCell Label

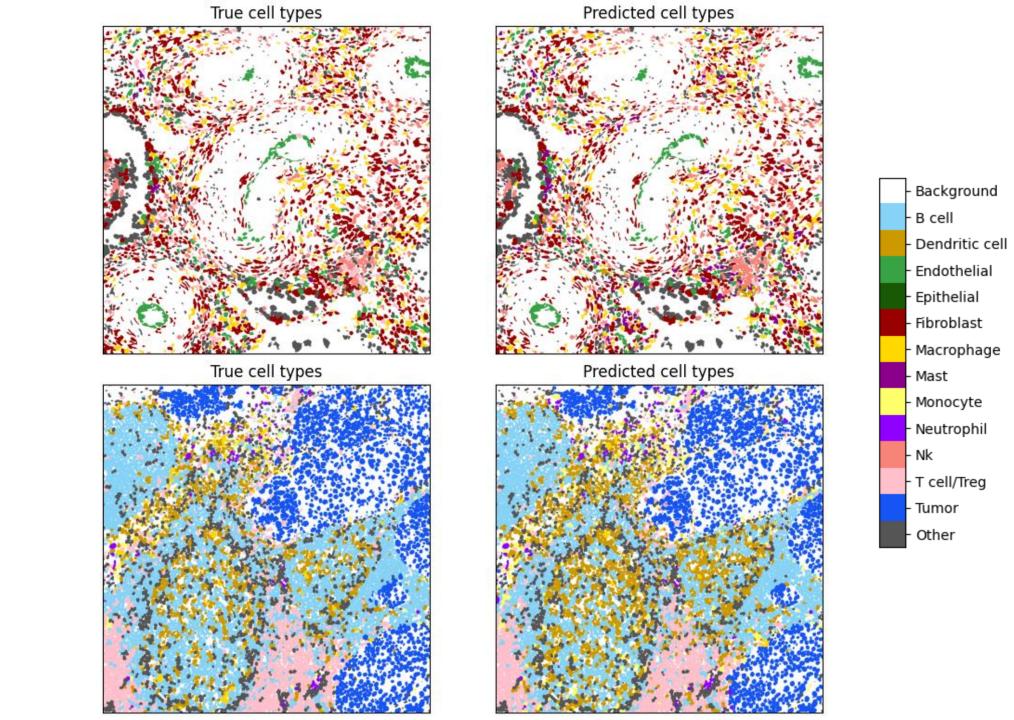


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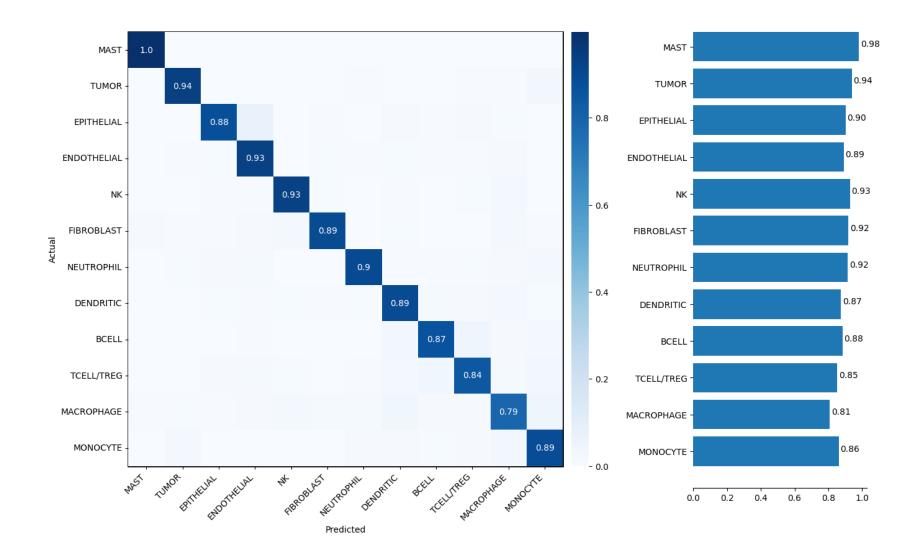




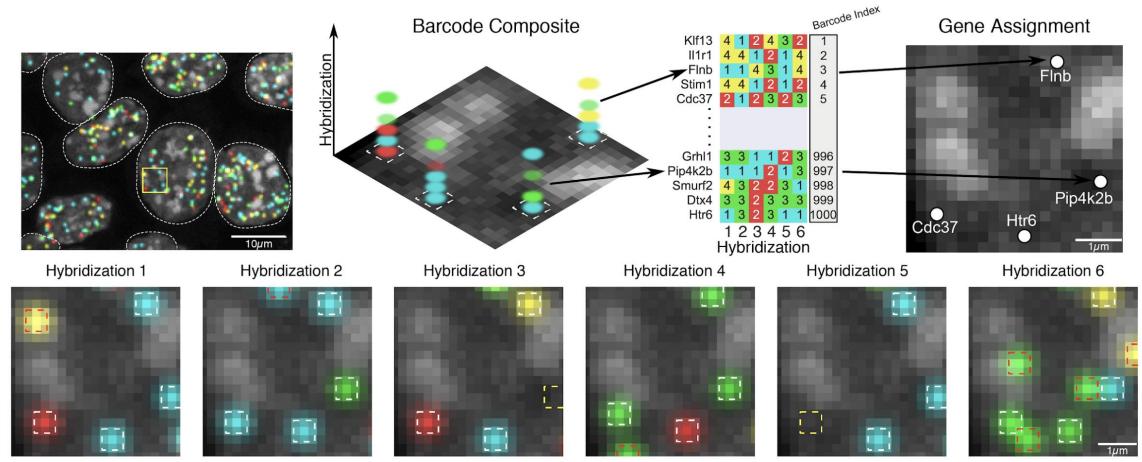




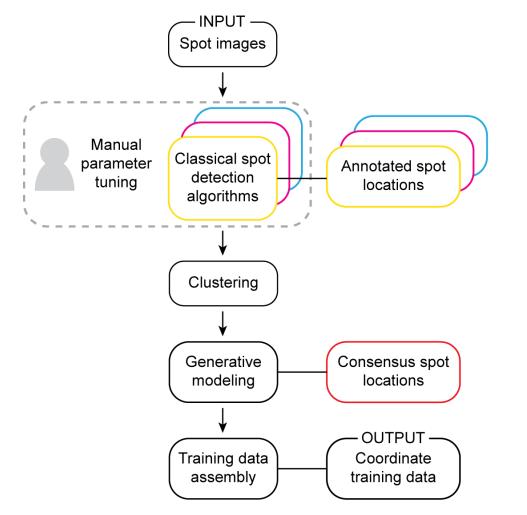
DeepCellTypes enables accurate cell phenotyping for spatial proteomics

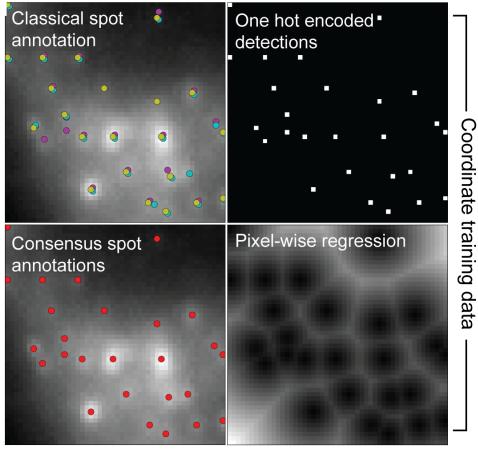


Multiplexed FISH measures gene expression while preserving spatial information

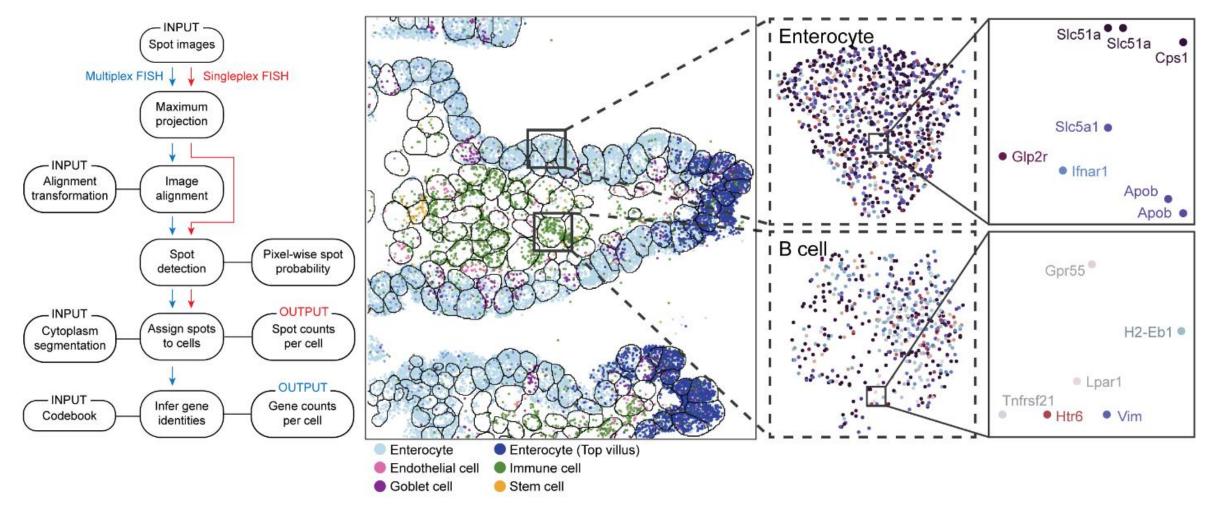


Polaris: An integrated pipeline for spatial transcriptomics

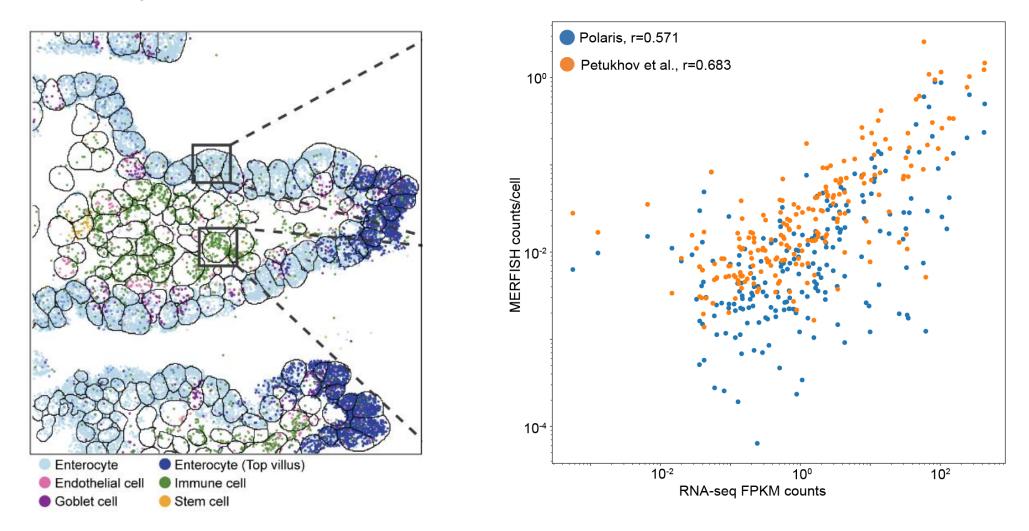




Polaris: A unified pipeline for spatial transcriptomics



Polaris: A unified pipeline for spatial transcriptomics





The Van Valen Lab

Edward Pao Ross Barnowski Uriah Israel Emily Laubscher Morgan Schwartz Changhua Yu Xuefei Wang Rohit Dilip Qilin Qu Jonathan Soro Elora Pradhan Ada Ates Kevin Yu Tiny Nanazian

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