

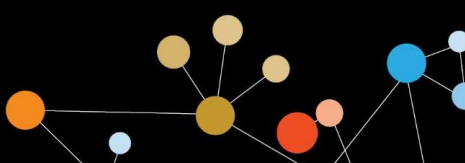
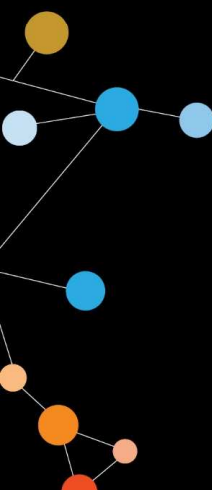


SITC 2016

NATIONAL HARBOR, MD
NOVEMBER 9-13, 2016



Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer



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Reactivating the anti-tumor immune response by targeting innate and adaptive immunity in a phase I/II study of intratumoral IMO-2125 in combination with systemic ipilimumab in patients with anti-PD-1 refractory metastatic melanoma

Cara Haymaker, PhD

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THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS
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Cancer Center
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Presenter Disclosure Information

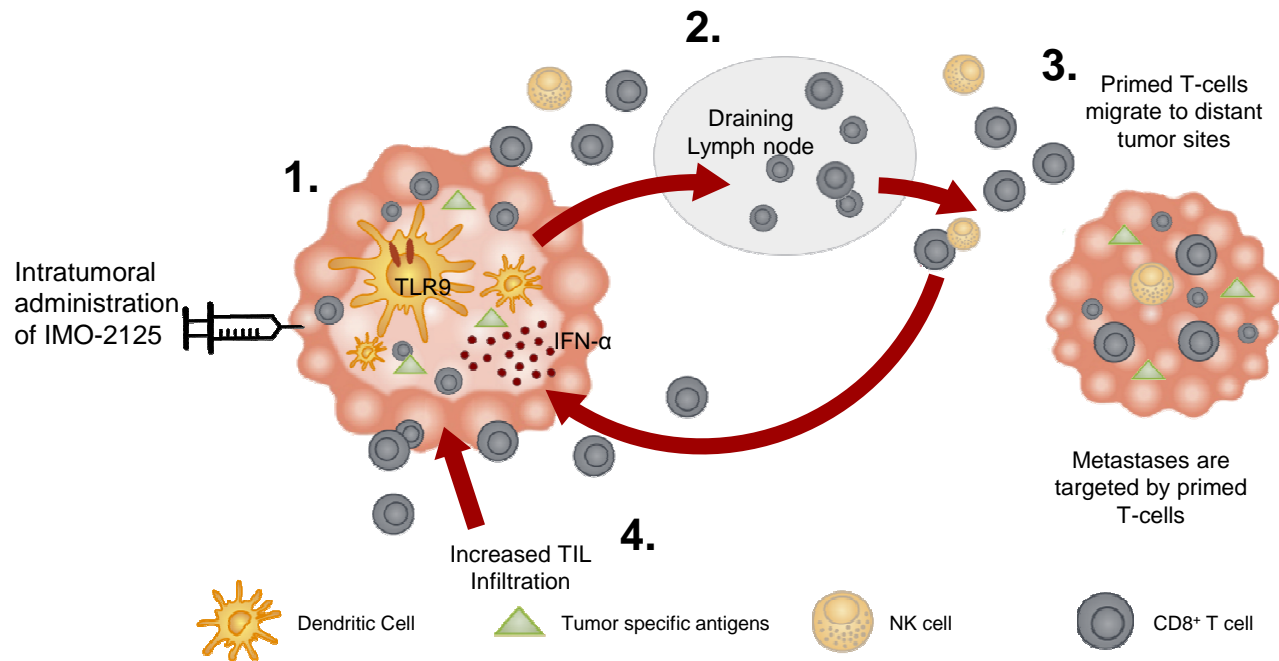
Cara Haymaker

The following relationships exist related to this presentation:

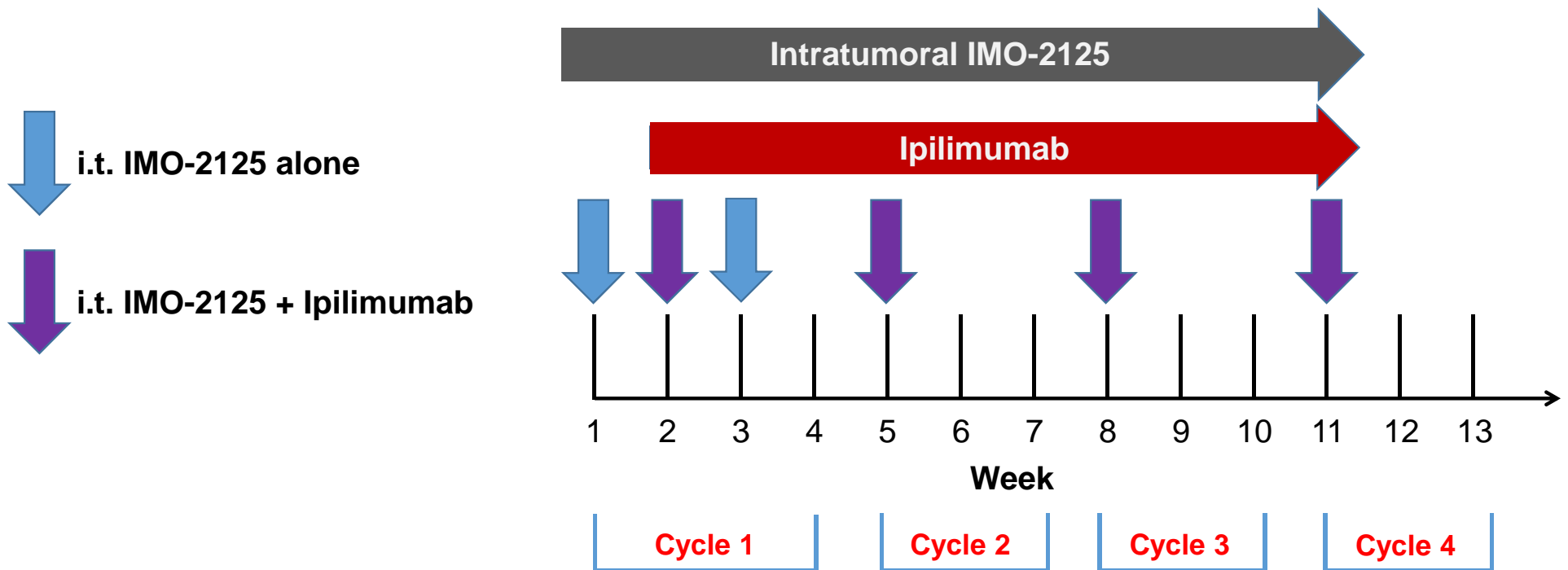
No Relationships to Disclose

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Modulation of the tumor microenvironment by intratumoral administration of the TLR9 agonist IMO-2125



Arm 1 Trial Design (NCT02644967)



Key Enrollment Criteria

Inclusion Criteria

- Diagnosis of metastatic melanoma with stage III (in transit lesions), IVA, IVB, or IVC disease
- **Progressive disease after treatment with PD-1 inhibitor**
- ≥ 2 measurable tumor lesions ≥ 1.0 cm
- ≥ 18 years
- ECOG ≤ 2
- Adequate renal, bone marrow, liver and cardiac function

Exclusion Criteria

- Received therapy with prior TLR agonist therapy
- Symptomatic, unstable or progressing CNS, meningeal, or epidural disease
- Concurrent systemic steroid therapy higher than physiologic dose (7.5 mg/day of prednisone)
- Active autoimmune disease requiring disease-modifying therapy

ADVANCING CANCER IMMUNOTHERAPY WORLDWIDE

Patient Characteristics

Characteristics	N (%)
Age (yrs.) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Mean• Range	55 39-76
Male	6 (60%)
Female	4 (40%)
BRAF V600E (+)	3 (30%)
Mucosal Melanoma	2 (20%)
Visceral Disease	8 (80%)
Brain Metastases (treated)	1 (10%)
Received anti-PD-1	10 (100%)
Received anti-CTLA-4	5 (50%)
Duration on anti-PD-1 therapy	8-63 weeks

Most Frequent Adverse Events

AE Preferred Term	All, N (%)	Grade III, N (%)	Grade IV, N (%)
Any	10 (100)	5 (50)	1 (10)
Nausea	6 (60)	1 (10)	-
Vomiting	5 (50)	-	-
Anemia	4 (40)	1 (10)	-
Diarrhea	4 (40)	2 (20)	-
ALT increase	3 (30)	1 (10)	-
AST increase	3 (30)	-	1 (10)
Triglycerides increase	3 (30)	-	-
Chills	3 (30)	-	-
Fatigue	3 (30)	-	-
Pyrexia	3 (30)	1 (10)	-
Decreased WBC	3 (30)	-	-

Safety Summary (N=10)

IMO-2125 dosing cohort (ipi 3 mg/kg x 4 doses)

N subjects with...	4 mg (N=3)	8 mg (N=4)	16 mg (N=3)	Total (N=10)
≥ 1 TEAE	3 (100)	4 (100)	3 (100)	10 (100)
Related TEAE	2 (67)	4 (100)	2 (67)	8 (80)
≥ 1 SAE	2 (67)	2 (50)	2 (67)	6 (60)^
Discontinue for AE	0	0	0	0
Death from AE	0	0	0	0
DLT	0	0	0	0

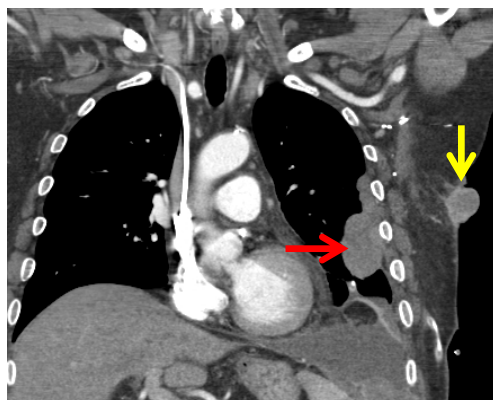
^related SAE (IMO or ipi): hypophysitis (2), fever, elevated LFT's, diarrhea, nausea

Early response data to IMO-2125 + Ipilimumab

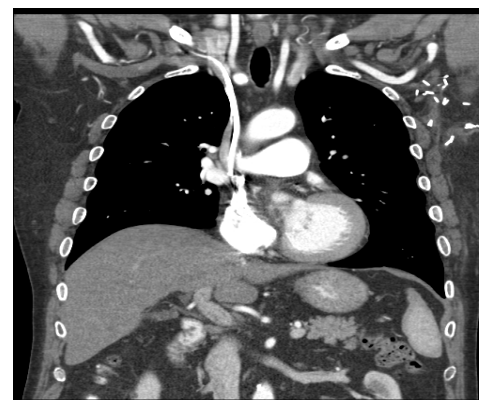


Tumor Imaging of Patient with a Complete Response: Ipilimumab 3mg plus i.t. IMO-2125 8 mg

Pre-Therapy
03/2016

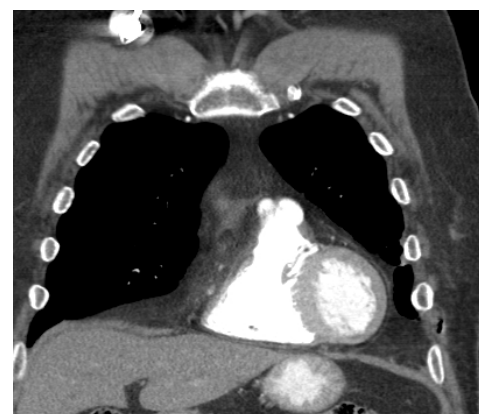
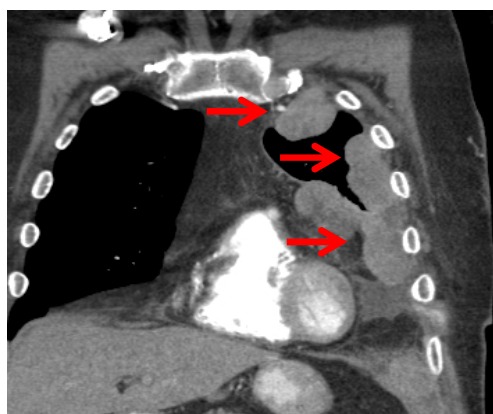


Post-Therapy
08/2016



Injected Lesion 

Distant Lesions 



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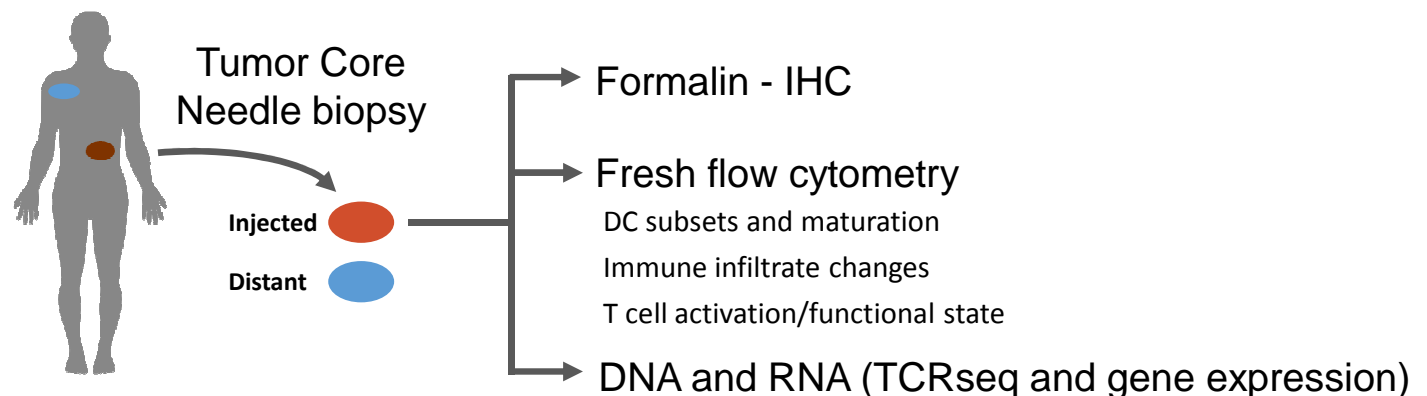
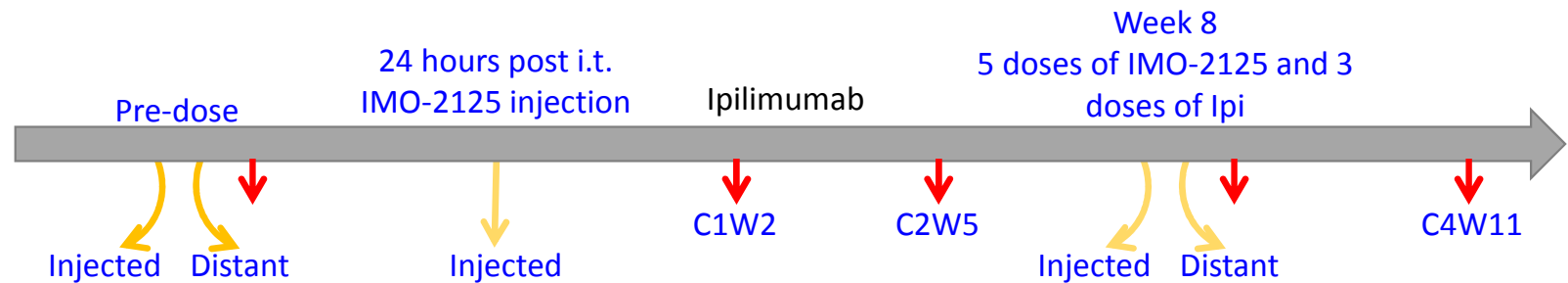
Study 2125-204: Immune response monitoring to correlate with mechanism of action

Injected = Injected lesion

Distant = Un-injected Lesion

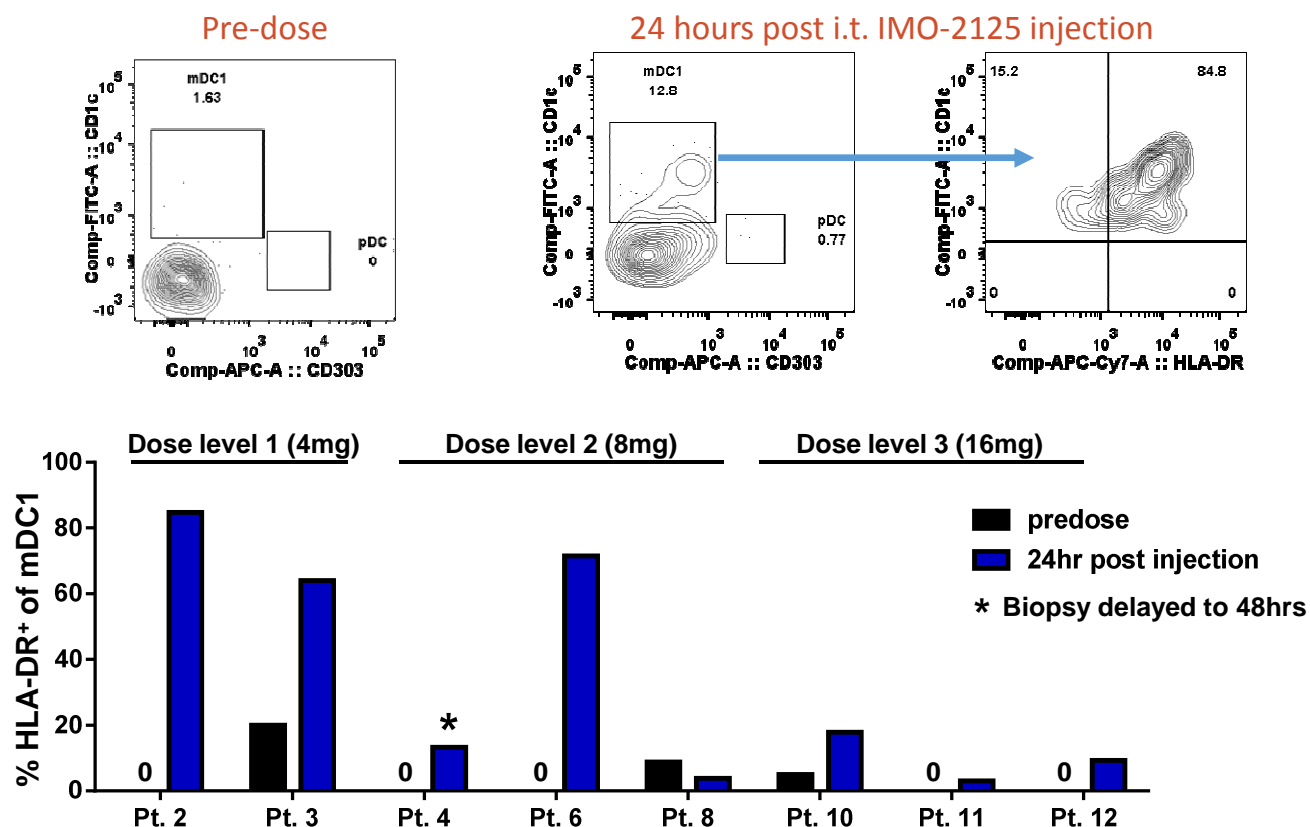
↓ = collection of biopsy

↓ = collection of PBMCs

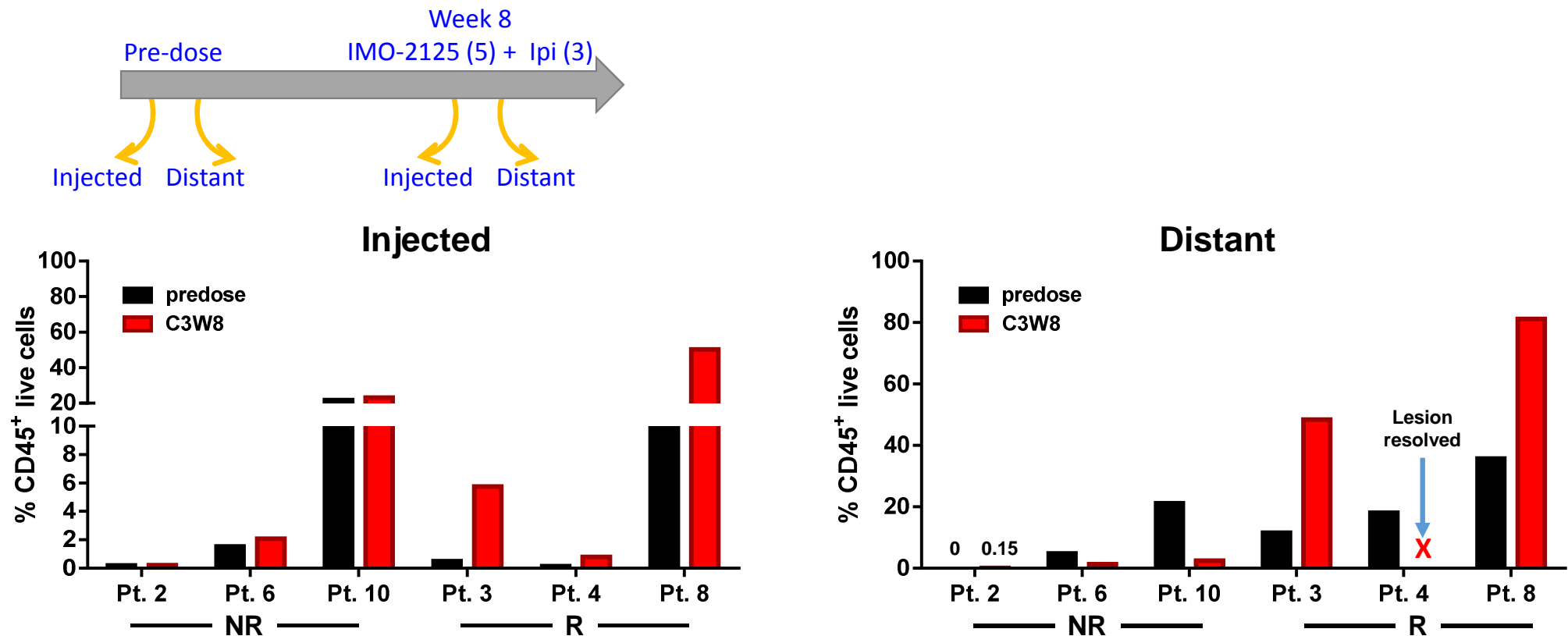


ADVANCING CANCER IMMUNOTHERAPY WORLDWIDE

The diagram shows a horizontal timeline with a grey arrow pointing to the right. Two yellow arrows point down to the timeline. The first yellow arrow is labeled 'Pre-dose' above and 'Injected' below. The second yellow arrow is labeled '24 hours post i.t. IMO-2125 injection' above and 'Injected' below.

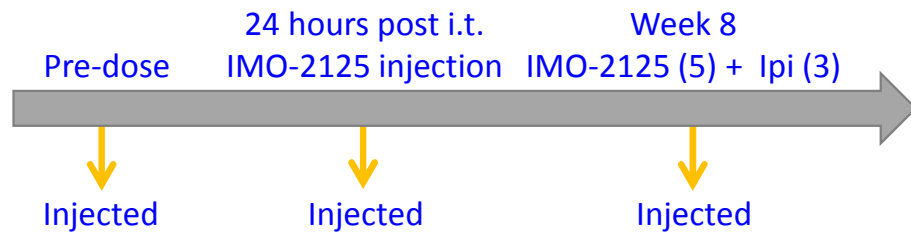


Combination therapy induces immune infiltration in distant lesions of responding patients



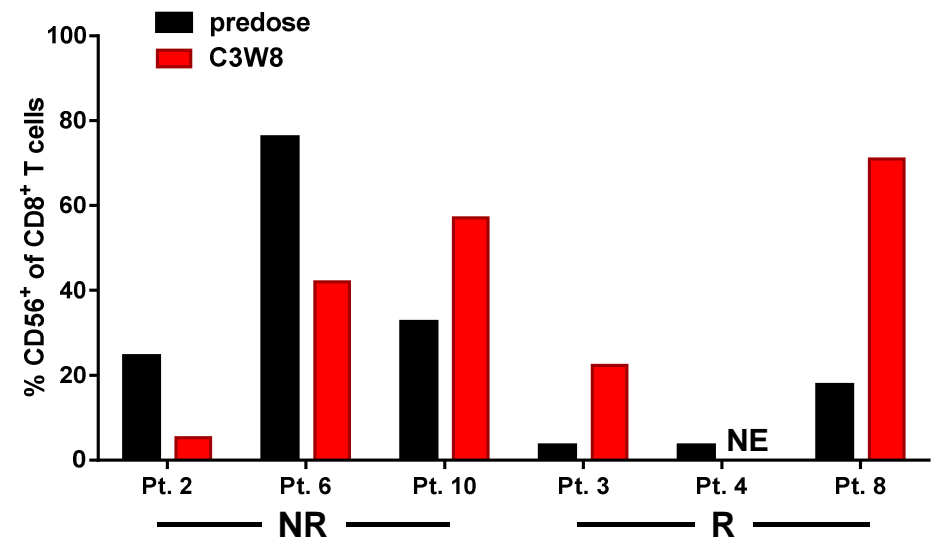
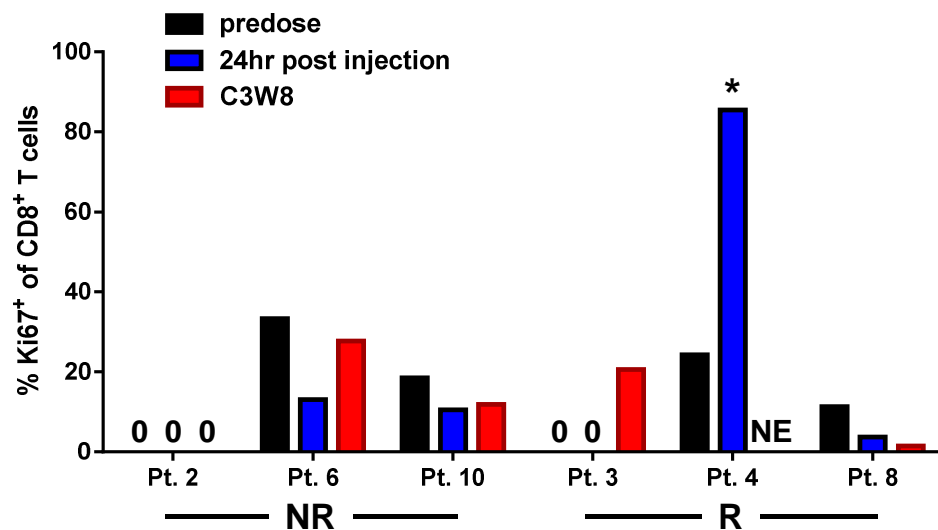
ADVANCING CANCER IMMUNOTHERAPY WORLDWIDE

Combination therapy induces T cell expansion and activation



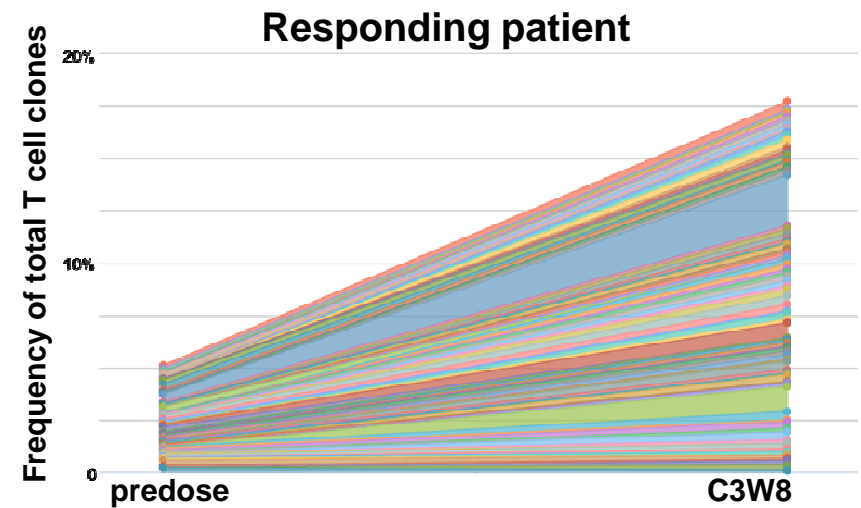
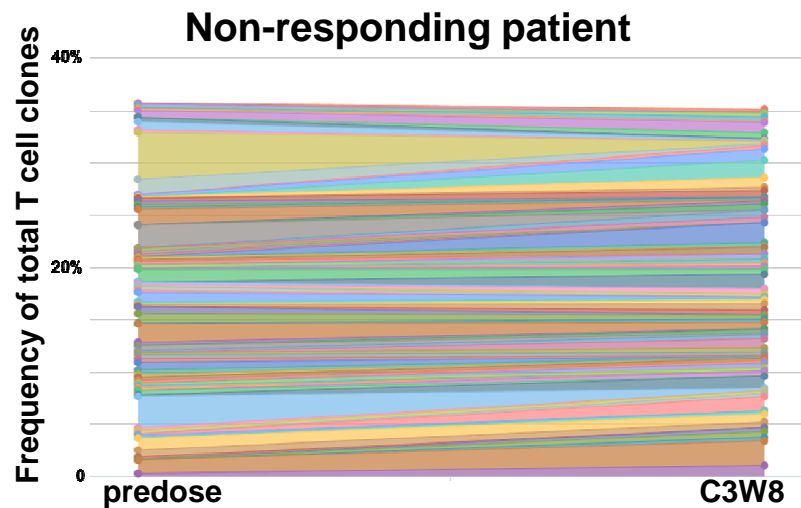
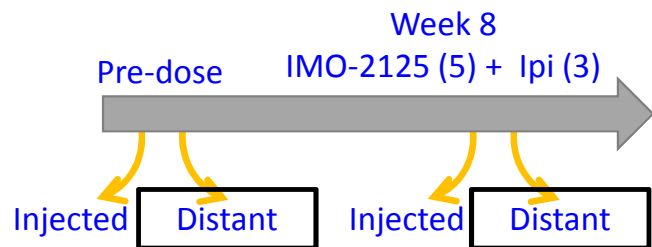
NE = not evaluable

* Biopsy delayed to 48hrs

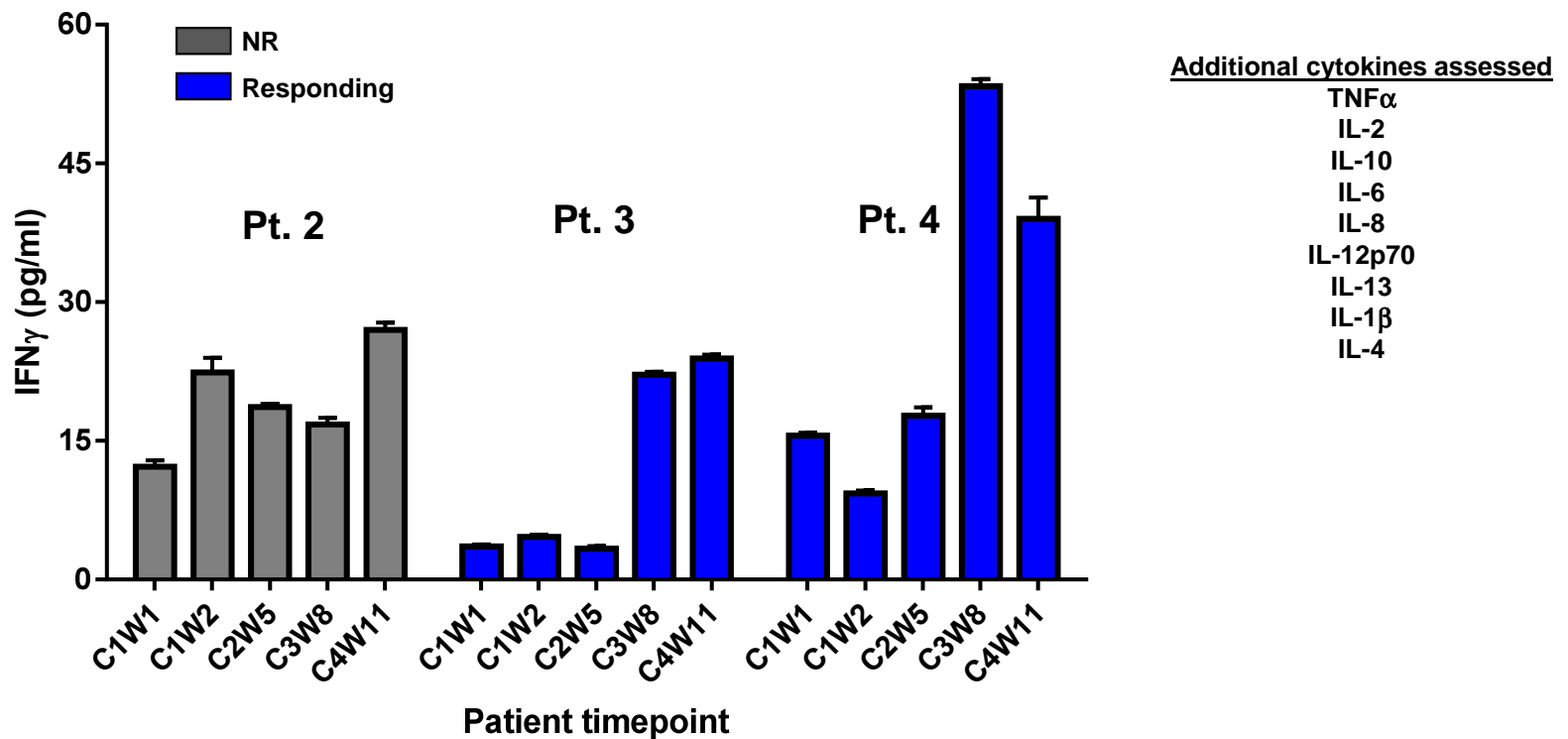


ADVANCING CANCER IMMUNOTHERAPY WORLDWIDE

Expansion of top T cell clones in the distant lesion of responding patient

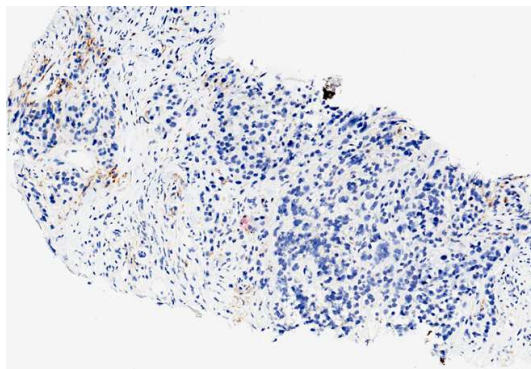


Late increase in IFN γ in patient plasma as a biomarker of response

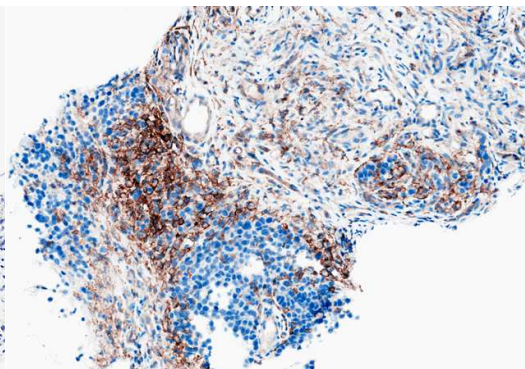


Where do we go from here? Upregulation of PD-L1 early on therapy

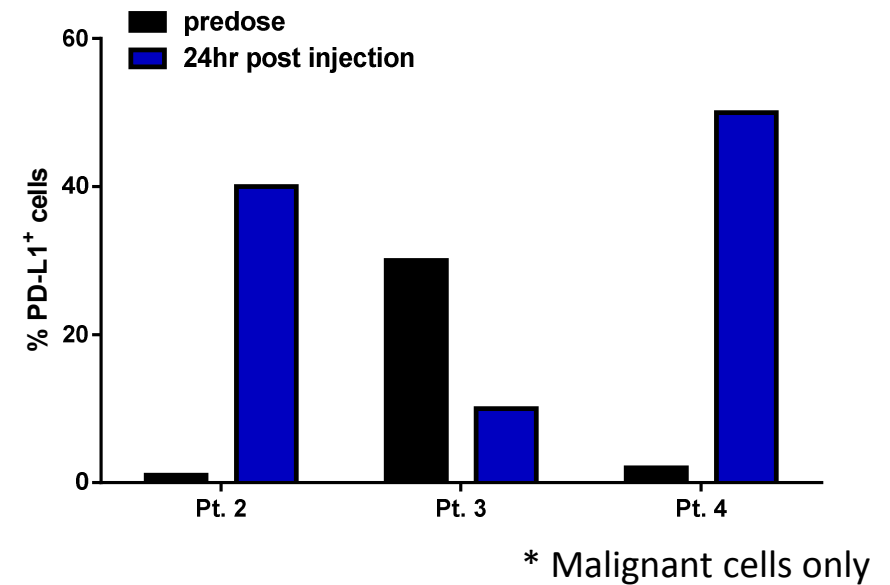
Predose



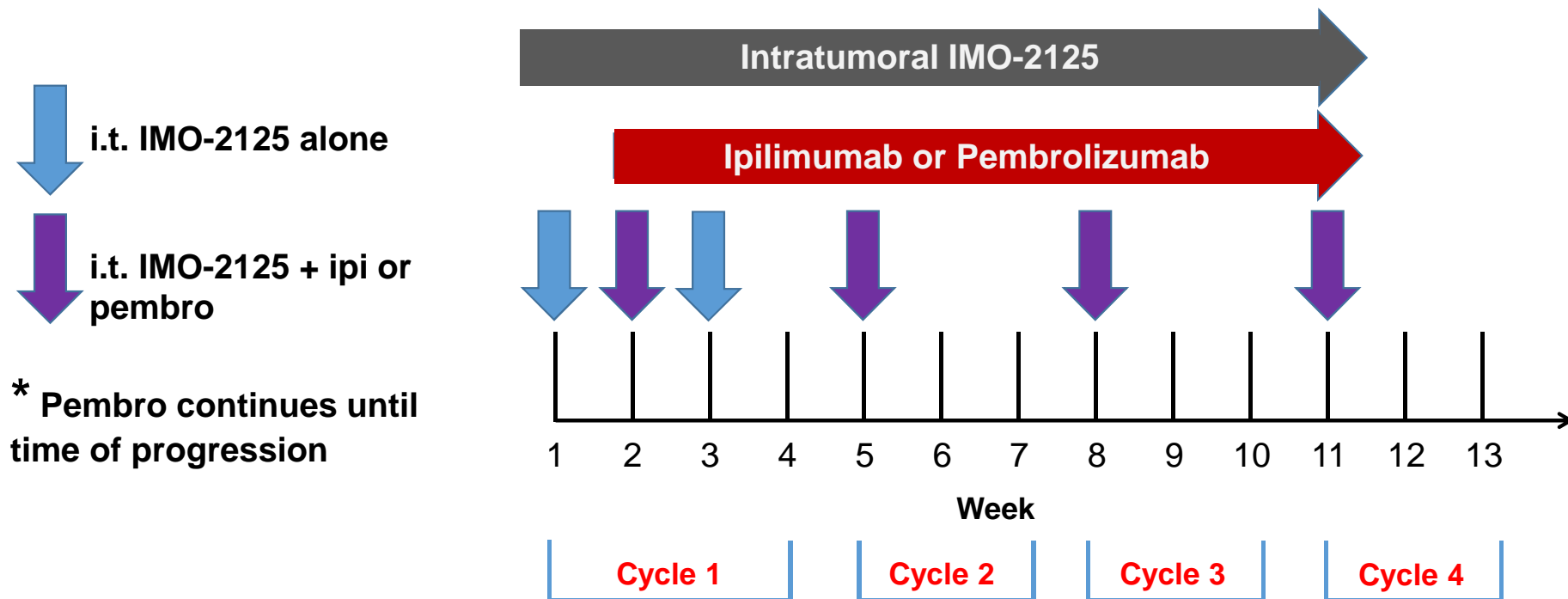
24 hr post injection



20x magnification



New Trial Design with addition of IMO-2125 + Pembro Arm (NCT02644967)



Lessons and Take Home Messages

- Key points

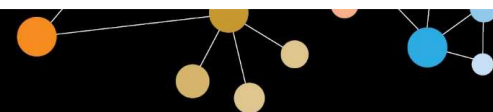
- IMO-2125 results in maturation of intratumoral mDC1 in injected lesion within 24h of drug administration
- Increased immune infiltration measured in distant lesions of responding patients at week 8
- Safety is acceptable through 3 dosing cohorts; MTD not yet reached
- Preliminary clinical activity with IMO-2125 + ipilimumab in this refractory population is encouraging

- Potential impact on the field

- Combining intra-tumoral DC activation to enhance T cell priming with checkpoint blockade may be key in IO refractory patient population
- A local tumor can be used as a vaccine itself and injection of one lesion results in regression of distant lesions that may not be easily accessible

- Lessons learned

- On-treatment biopsy timing is critical!!



Acknowledgements

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