

Anti-CD40 Agonist Antibody-

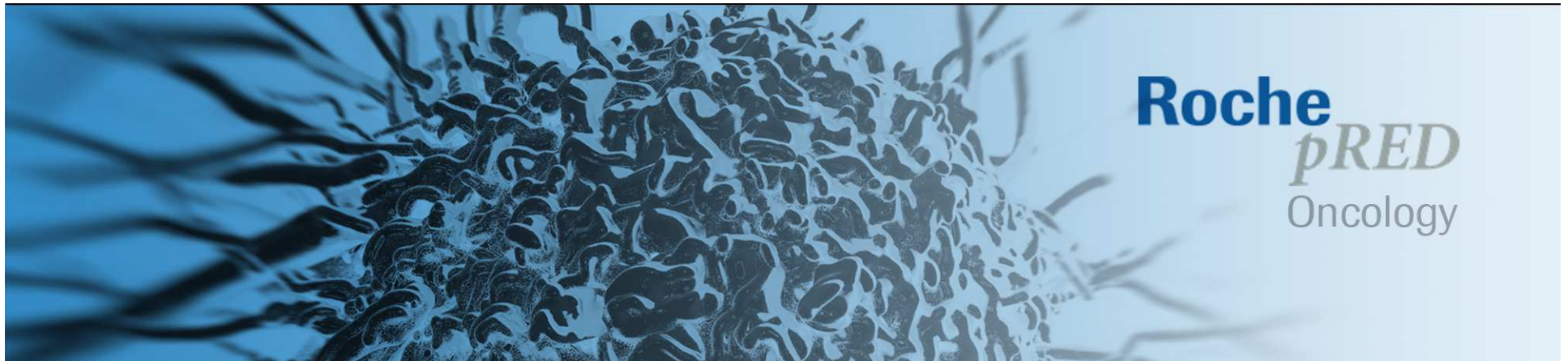
The Ideal Combination Partner for Cancer Immunotherapy

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SITC- Hot Topic Symposium, Accelerating Tumor Immunity with Agonist Antibodies



Presenter Disclosure Information

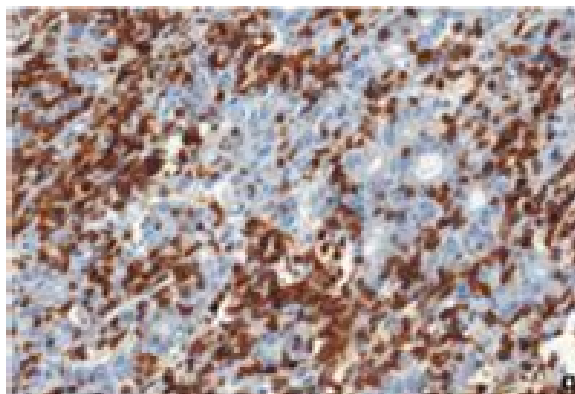
Hy Levitsky

The following relationships exist related to this presentation:

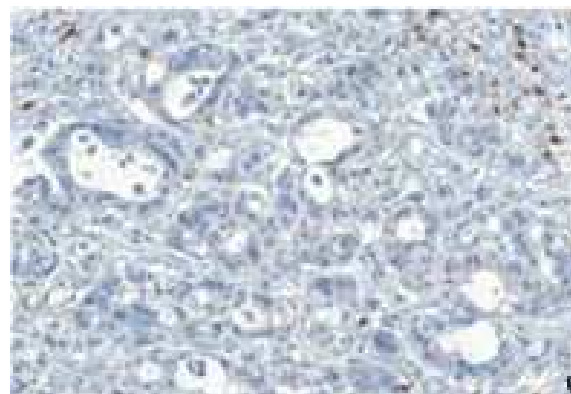
Hoffmann La Roche, Inc., Salary and Equity, Employee

Rationale for immune activating agonist antibodies

Inflamed



Non-inflamed



Tumor phenotype by T cell staining

20-30% patients

- T cells present in tumor
- Chemokines present (attract leukocytes)
- Other immuno-regulatory factors (PD-L1, IDO, FoxP3)



Often responsive to single agent immunotherapies

70-80% patients

- Lack lymphocytic infiltrates



Rarely responsive to single agent

Slide 3

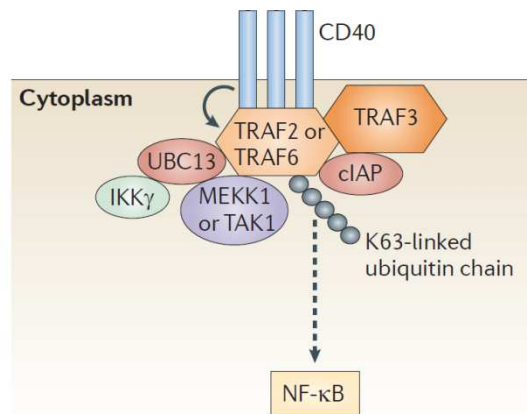
PA{3

any data on this?

Passioukov, Alexandre {POTM~Schlieren}, 10/2/2014

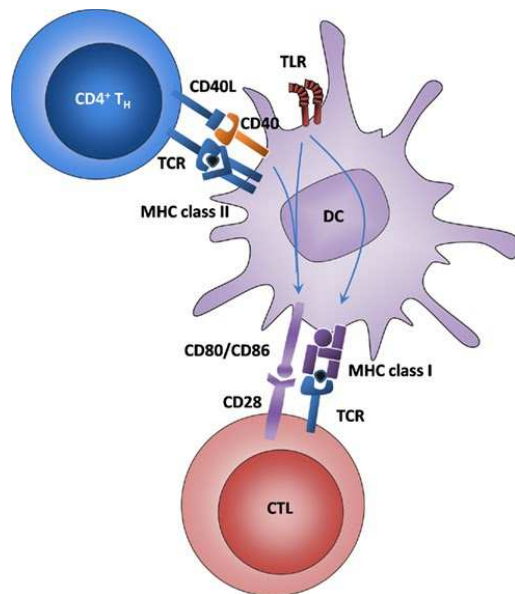
CD40 biology

Expression pattern and biological function



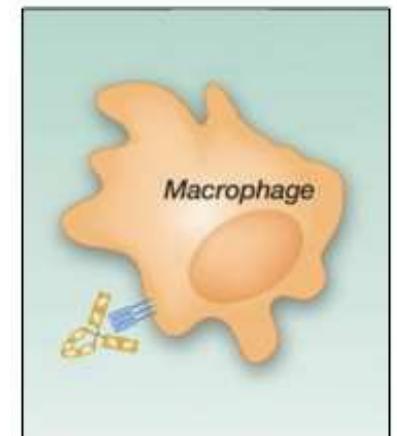
Member of the TNF-receptor superfamily

Expressed on APC (B-cells, macrophages, dendritic cells), endothelial cells, platelets, and on many tumors



Interacts with CD40L (CD154) on activated CD4 T-cells, to activate APC and prime CD8 T-cells

Augments macrophage tumoricidal activity including antibody dependent cellular phagocytosis (ADCP)



ARTICLES

Conversion of tumor-specific CD4⁺ T-cell tolerance to T-cell priming through *in vivo* ligation of CD40

EDUARDO M. SOTOMAYOR¹, IVAN BORRELLO¹, EREV TUBB¹, FRÉDÉRIQUE-MARIE RATTIS¹, HAROLD BIEN¹, ZHENGBIN LU¹, STEVE FEIN¹, STEPHEN SCHOENBERGER² & HYAM I. LEVITSKY¹

ARTICLES

CD40 activation *in vivo* overcomes peptide-induced peripheral cytotoxic T-lymphocyte tolerance and augments anti-tumor vaccine efficacy

LINDA DIEHL¹, ANNEMIEKE TH. DEN BOER¹, STEPHEN P. SCHOENBERGER², ELLEN I.H. VAN DER VOORT¹, TON N.M. SCHUMACHER³, CORNELIS J.M. MELIEF¹, RIENK OFFRINGA¹ & RENE E. M. TOES^{1,4}

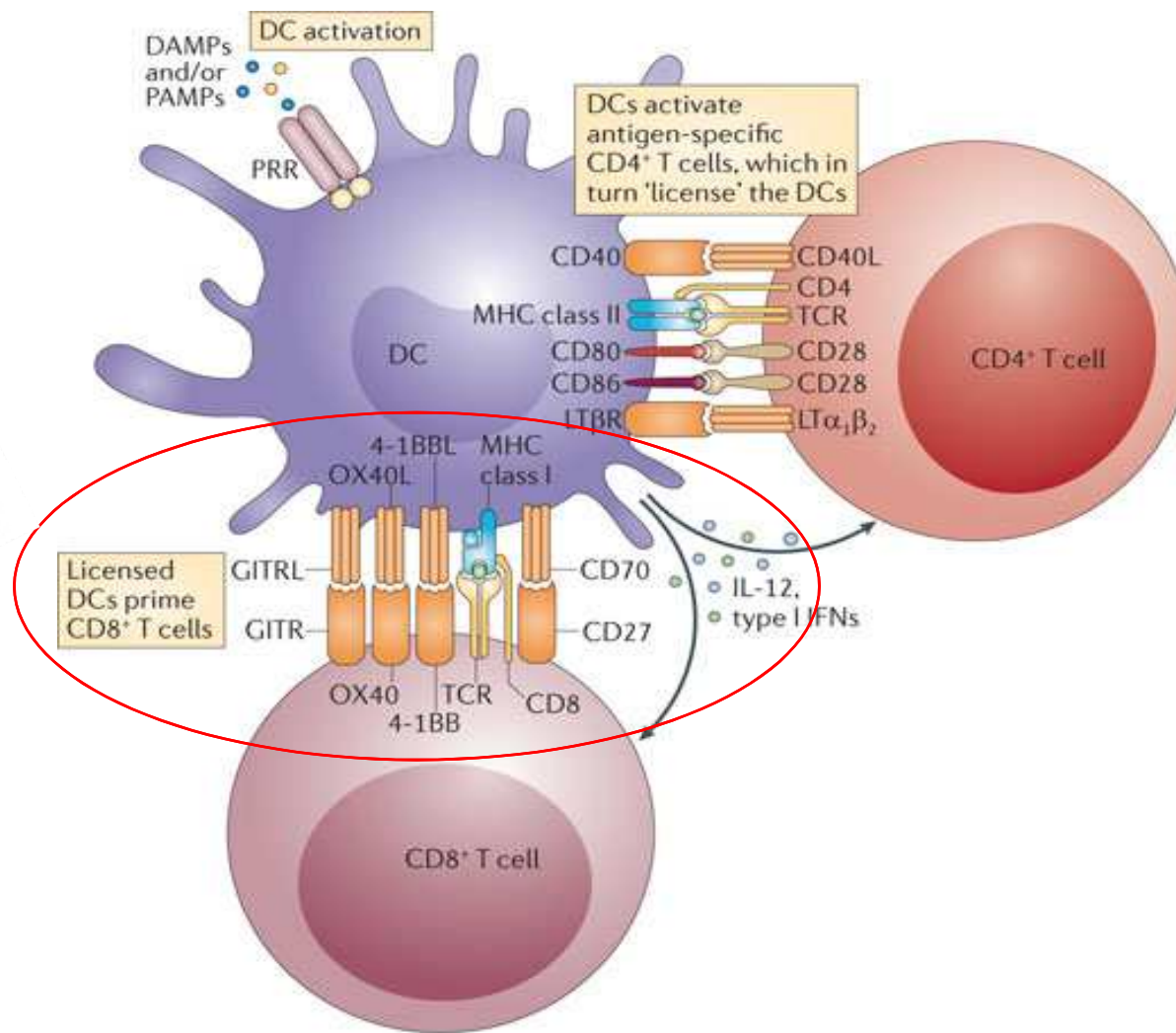
ARTICLES

CD40 antibody evokes a cytotoxic T-cell response that eradicates lymphoma and bypasses T-cell help

RUTH R. FRENCH, H.T. CLAUDE CHAN, ALISON L. TUTT & MARTIN J. GLENNIE

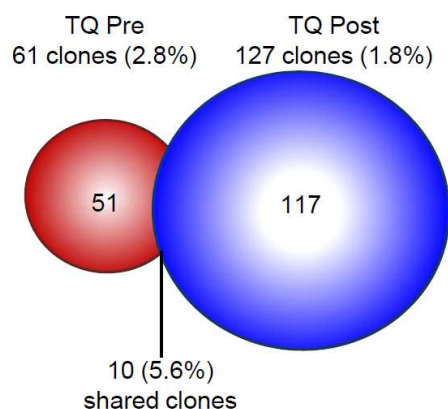
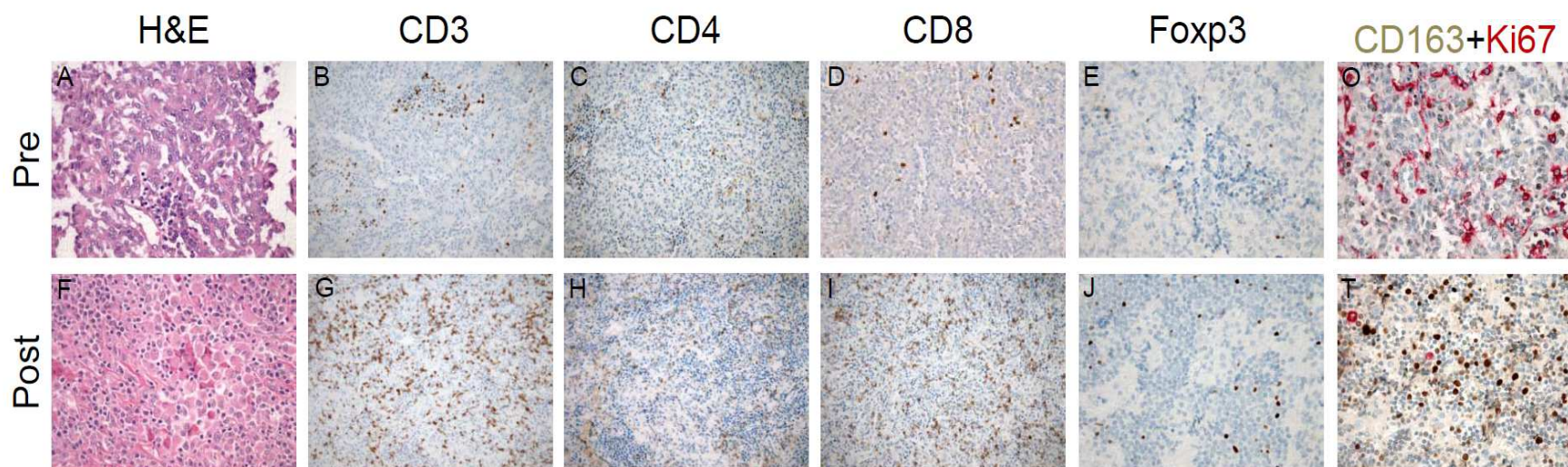
CD40 agonistic antibody promotes T cell priming via APC activation

**PUSH THE PEDAL
TO THE
METAL**



Long-lasting response to single agent α CD40 agonist

Dramatic change in tumor cellular infiltrate



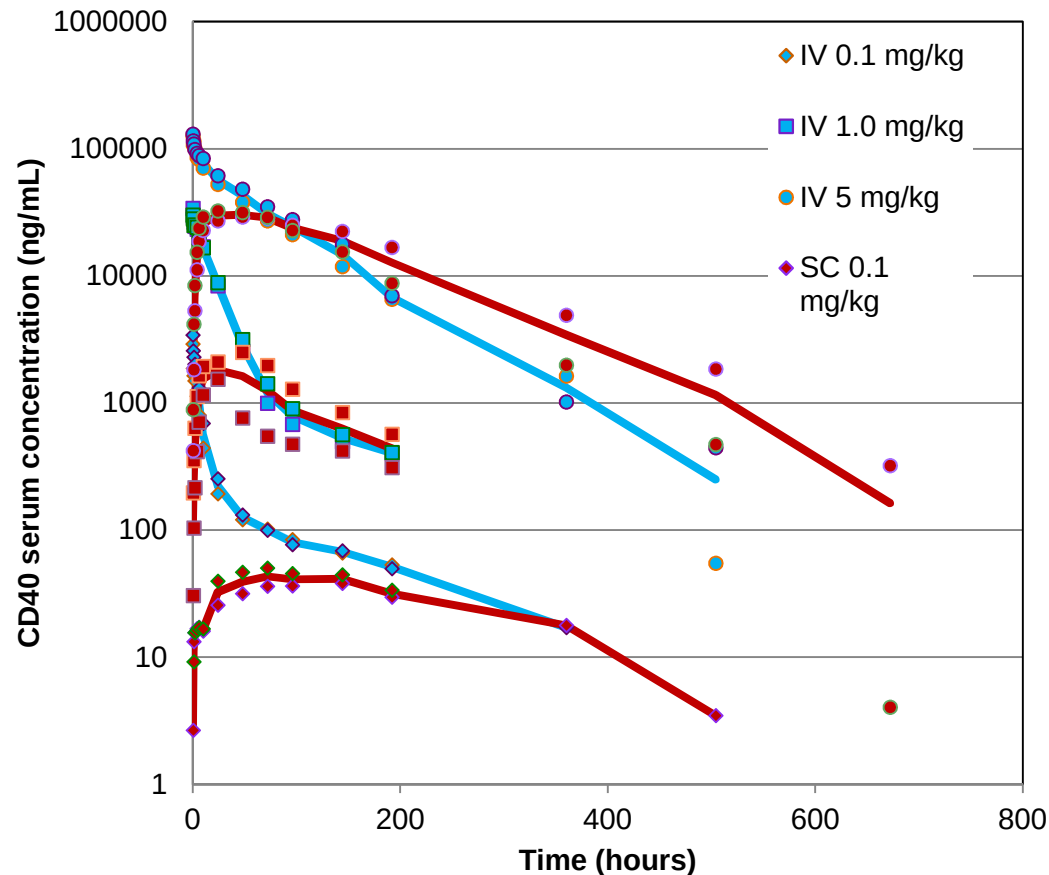
TQ = top quartile clones, i.e. most frequent clones that make up 25% of the repertoire

α -CD40 Agonist mAb (RO7009789)

- Produced by Abgenix (1997) and licensed to Pfizer
- Modest activity as s.a. and in combination with chemo, and suggested synergy in combination with tremelimumab (Pfizer, 2004-2010)
- Licensed by Roche for use in combination immunotherapy (2013)
- Fully agonistic, human IgG2 (low/no ADCC activity)
- Does not require FcR cross-linking (in contrast to murine surrogates)
- High affinity (K_d 0.4nM, 200-fold higher than murine surrogates)

Single dose PK profiles in cyno

Lower C_{max} in s.c. vs i.v.

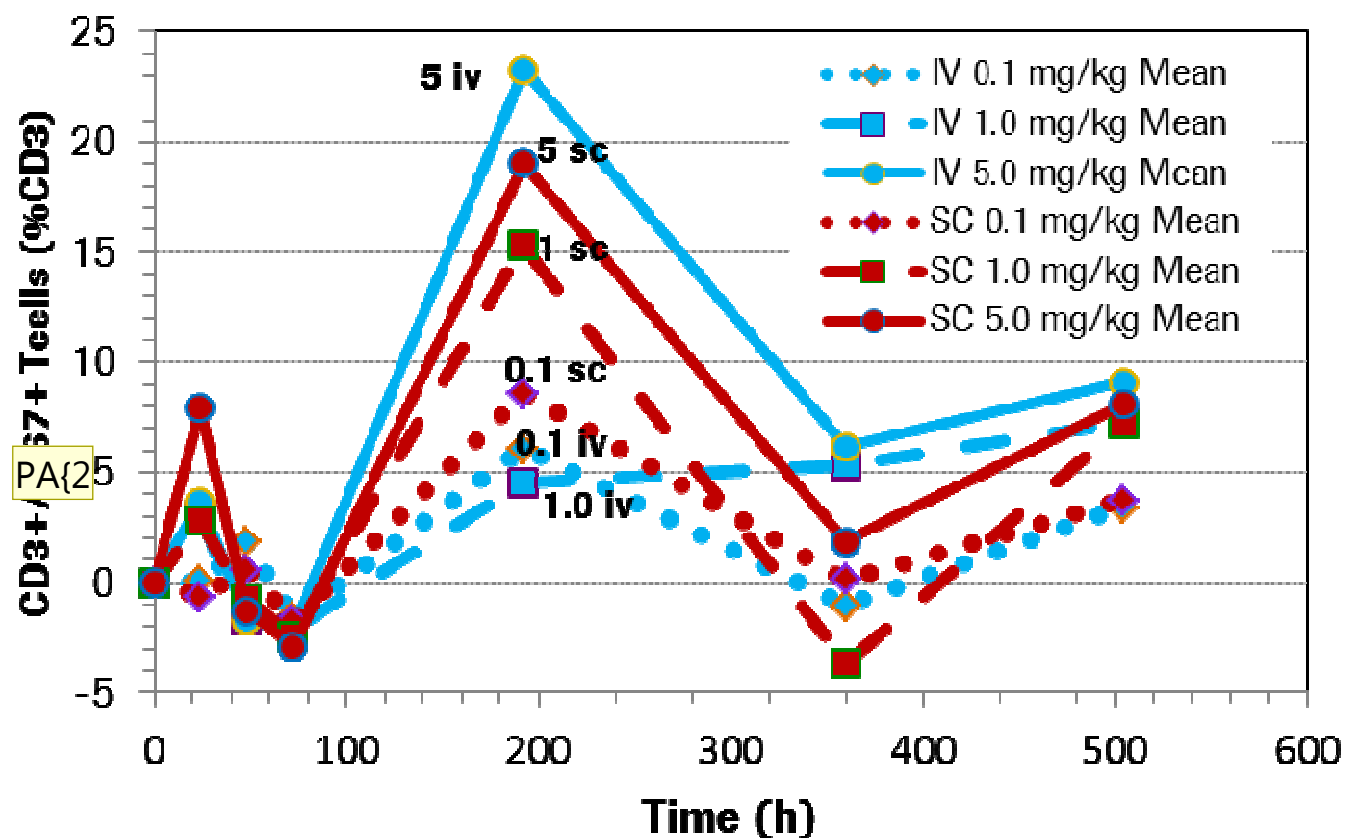


Non linear bioavailability:

- ~100% bioavailability at high dose
- ~30% bioavailability at mid and low dose suggesting a *saturable first-pass effect*

Immuno PD profile in single dose PK Cyno

Similar PD effects i.v. & s.c.



Dose dependent induction of T cell proliferation on day 8

Slide 10

PA{2

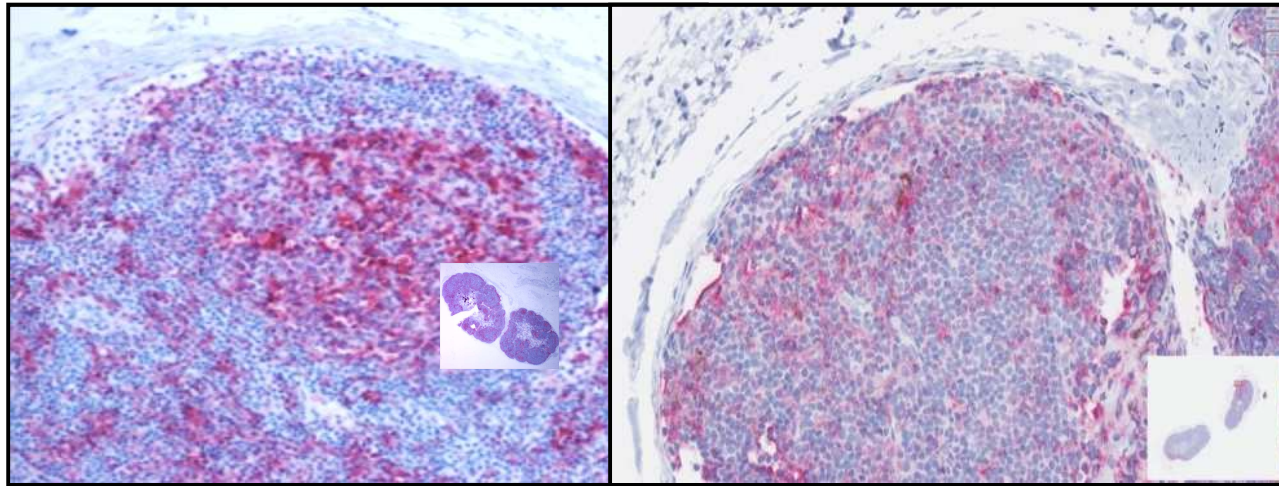
I'd rather suggest 'increase of proliferating T cells in circulation'

Passioukov, Alexandre {POTM~Schlieren}, 10/2/2014

CD40 NHP study – Lymph node IHC data

Increase of CD11c⁺ DCs after single dose CD40 imAb

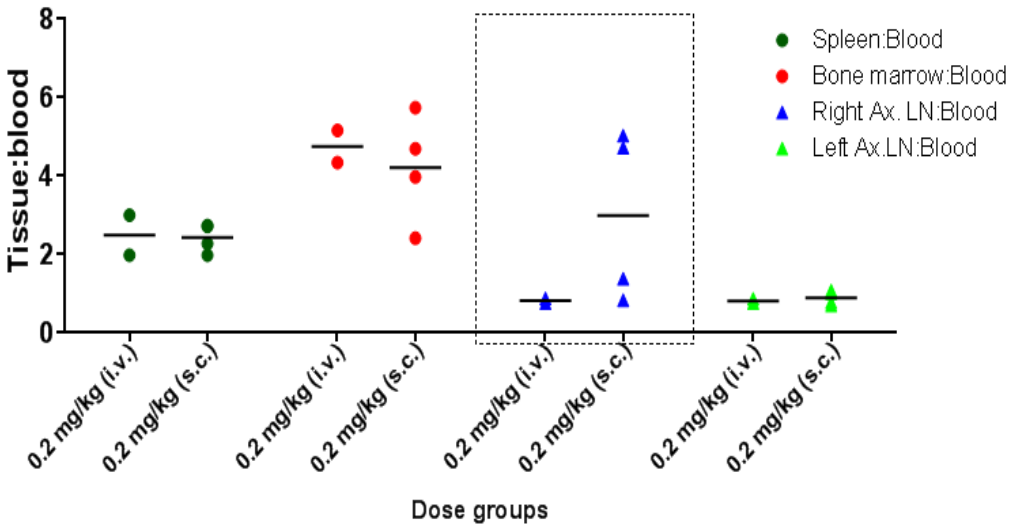
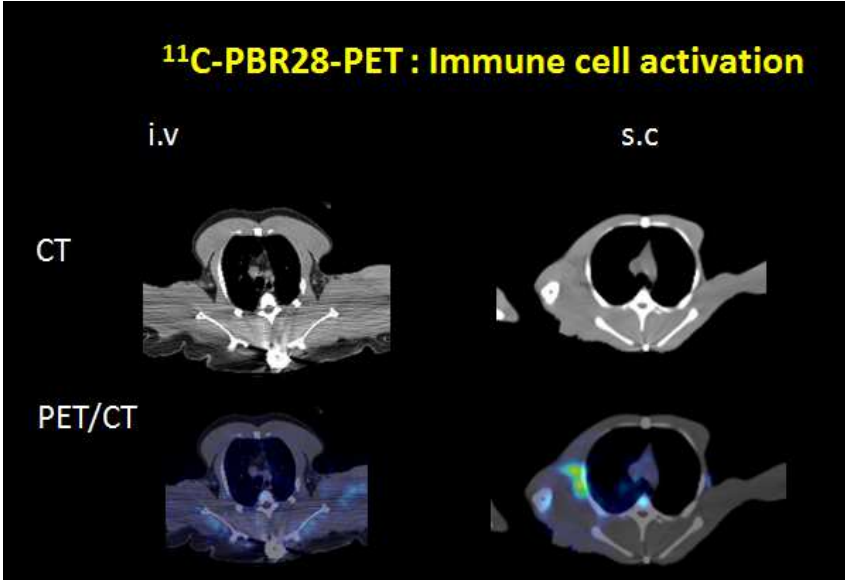
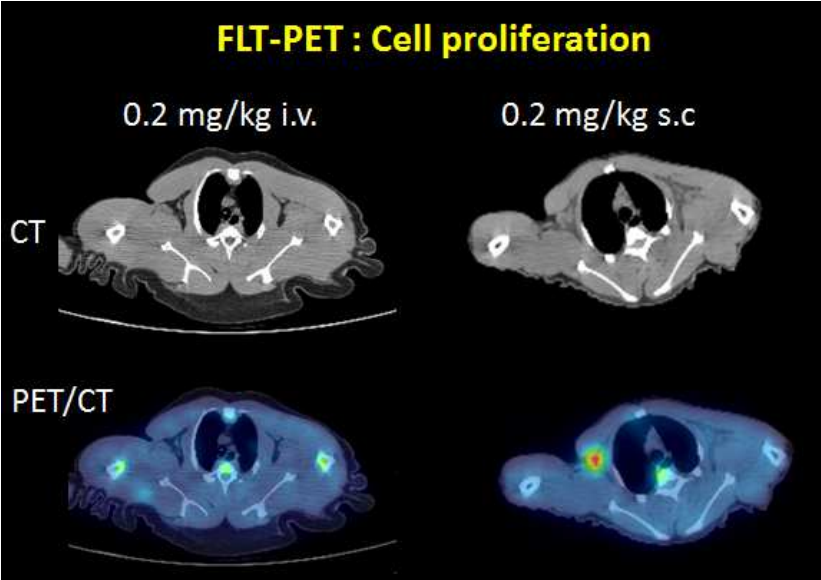
Lymph node CD11c **staining** (day 8 after s.c. 0.25mg/kg **vs. control**)



CD40

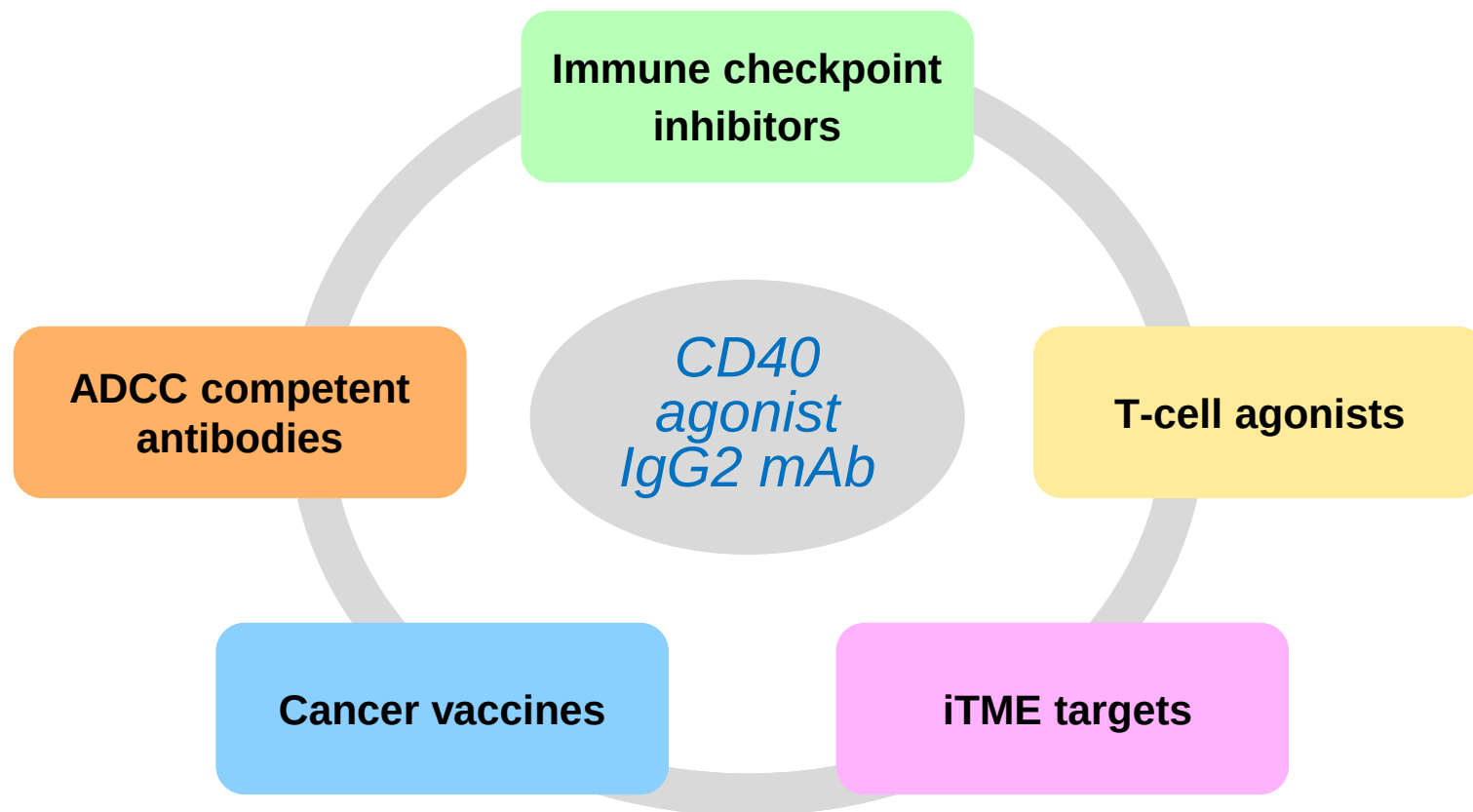
Saline

PET-based Detection of CD40 Mediated Immune Cell Activation



Activating Antigen Presenting cells to Jumpstart Adaptive Immunity

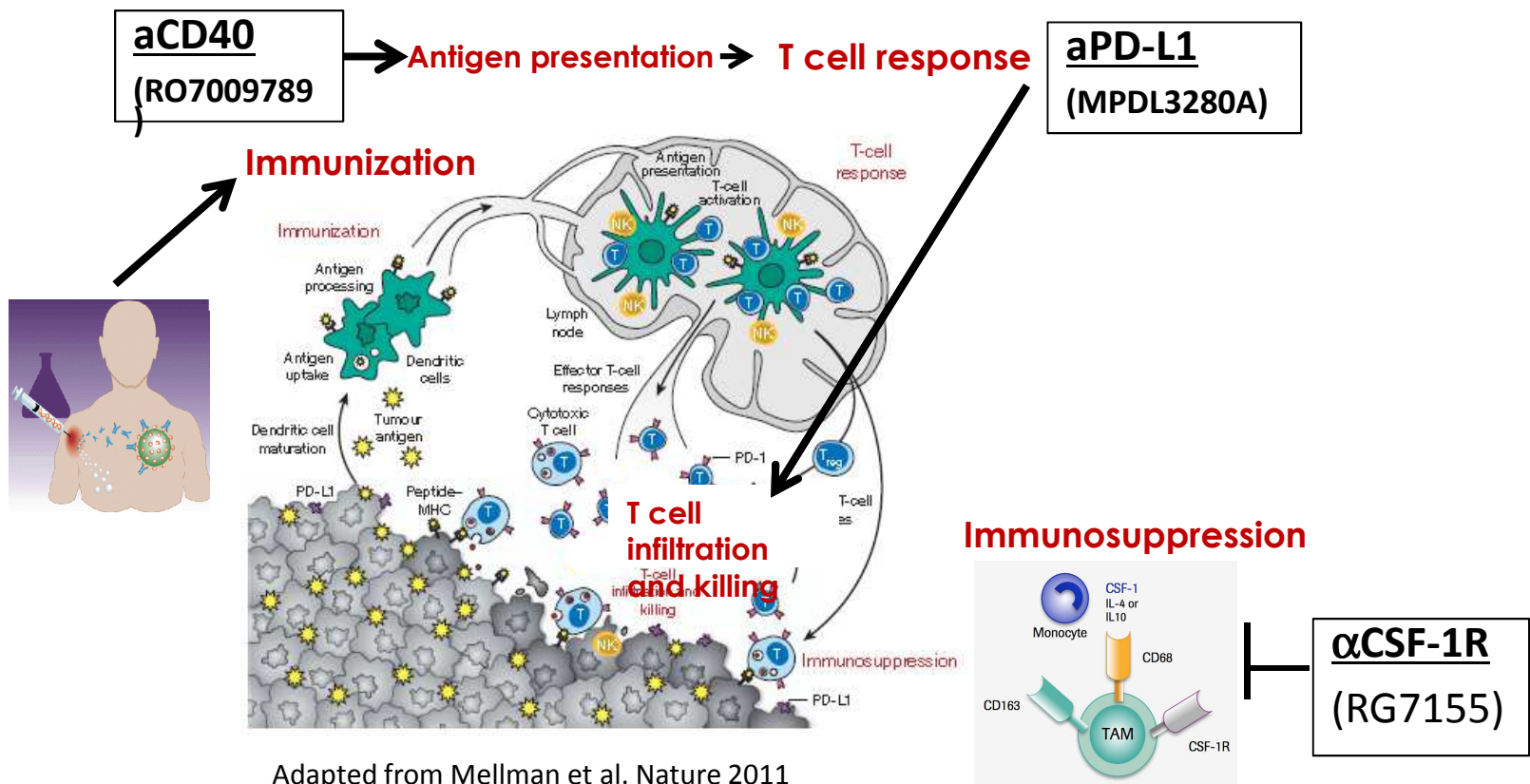
Anti-CD40 agonistic IgG2 mAb



Multiple immune doublet opportunities

Biological rationale for CD40 combination therapy

- α -CSF1R relieves local immunosuppression which hampers T cell responses induced by CD40 mediated APC activation
- α -PD-L1 blocks interferon dependent adaptive resistance in response to T cell effector response
- Vaccination- α -CD40 licenses antigen presenting cells to promote T cell priming in response to vaccination



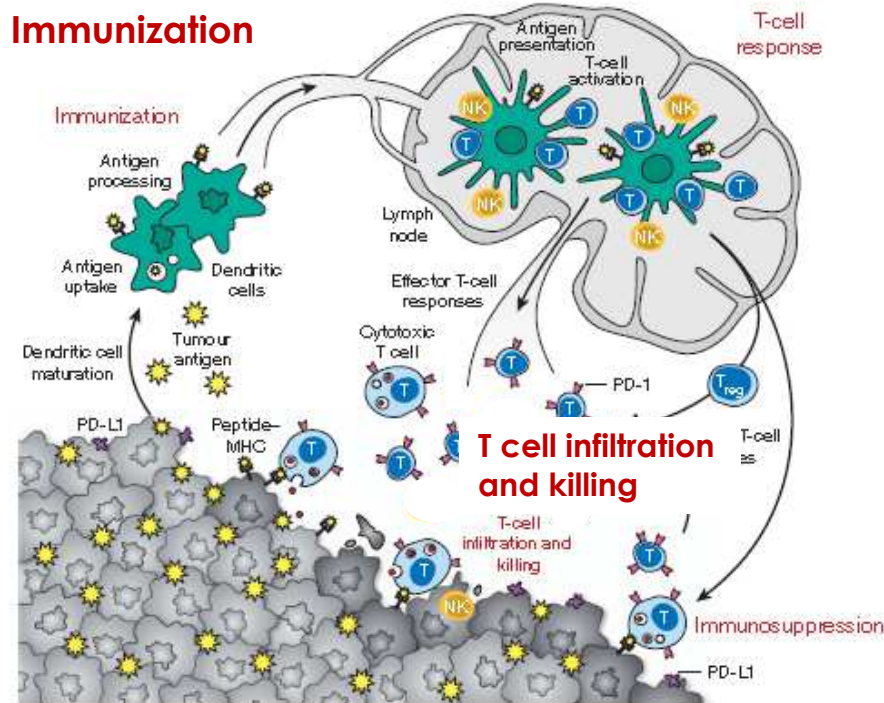
Biological rationale for CD40 combination therapy

- *α -CSF1R relieves local immunosuppression which hampers T cell responses induced by CD40 mediated APC activation*

aCD40

(R07009789)

→ Antigen presentation → T cell response

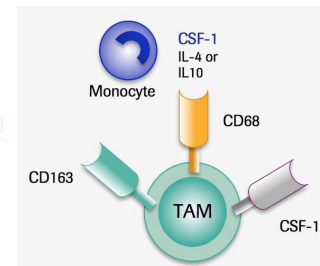


Adapted from Mellman et al. Nature 2011

α -CSF-1R (RG7155) depletes suppressive macrophages which:

- secrete suppressive cytokines e.g. IL-10
- affect T cell metabolism
 - reduce T cell proliferation
 - impair T cell signaling

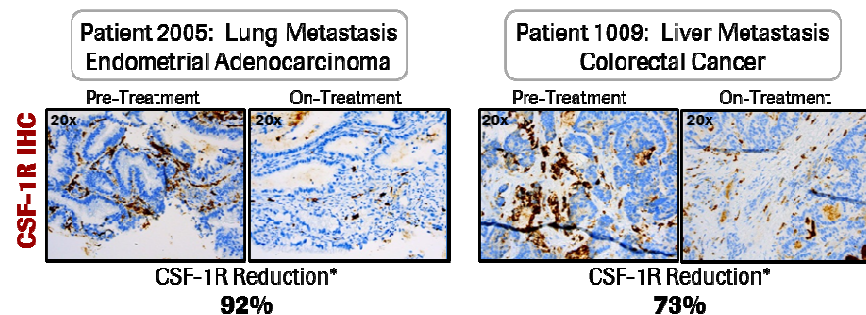
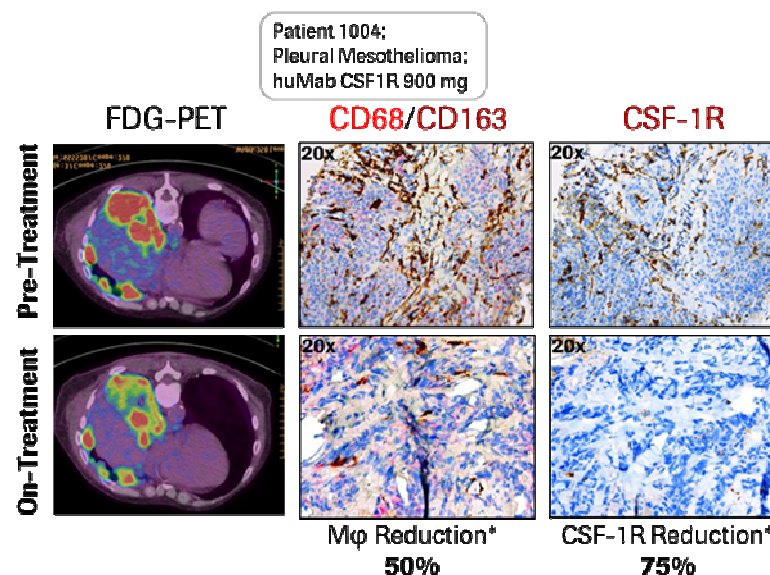
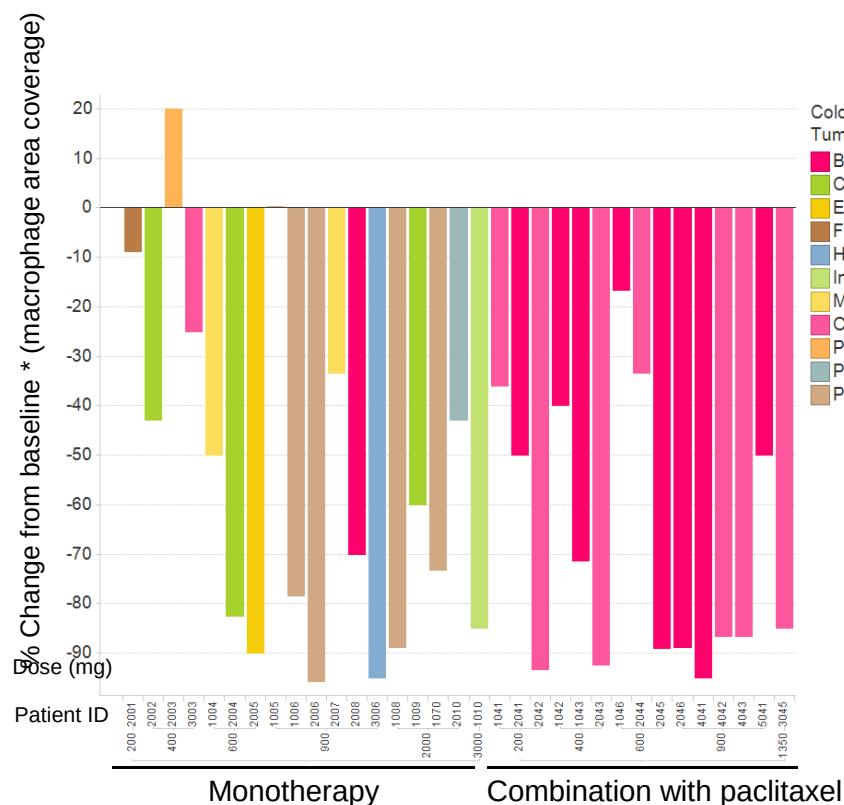
Immunosuppression



**α CSF-1R
(RG7155)**

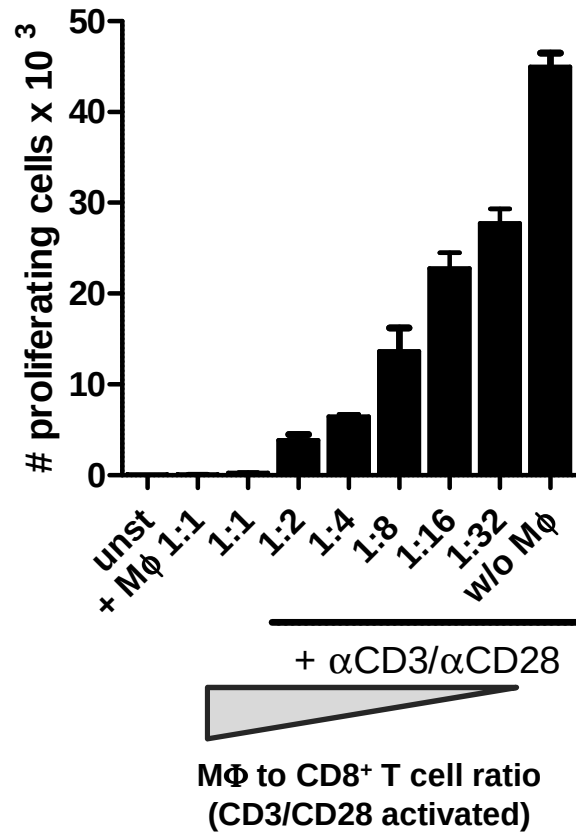
Anti-CSF1R mAb RG7155 Proof-of-Mechanism: Phase 1 clinical trial

Significant M ϕ reduction in various solid malignancies



*pre- vs on-treatment tumor biopsies at 4 weeks, i.e. two cycles of treatment

TAMs are potent suppressors of T cell activation and are depleted by α -CSF-1R therapy

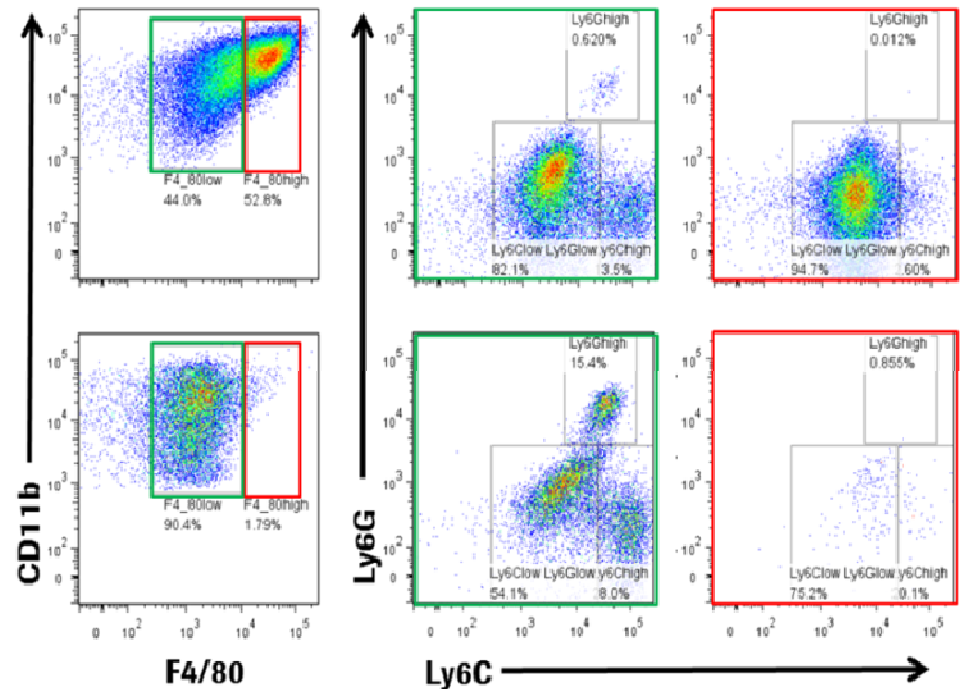


TAM suppression assay:

(sorted CD11b⁺Ly6G⁻Ly6C^{lo} TAMs from PyMT tumor)

IgG

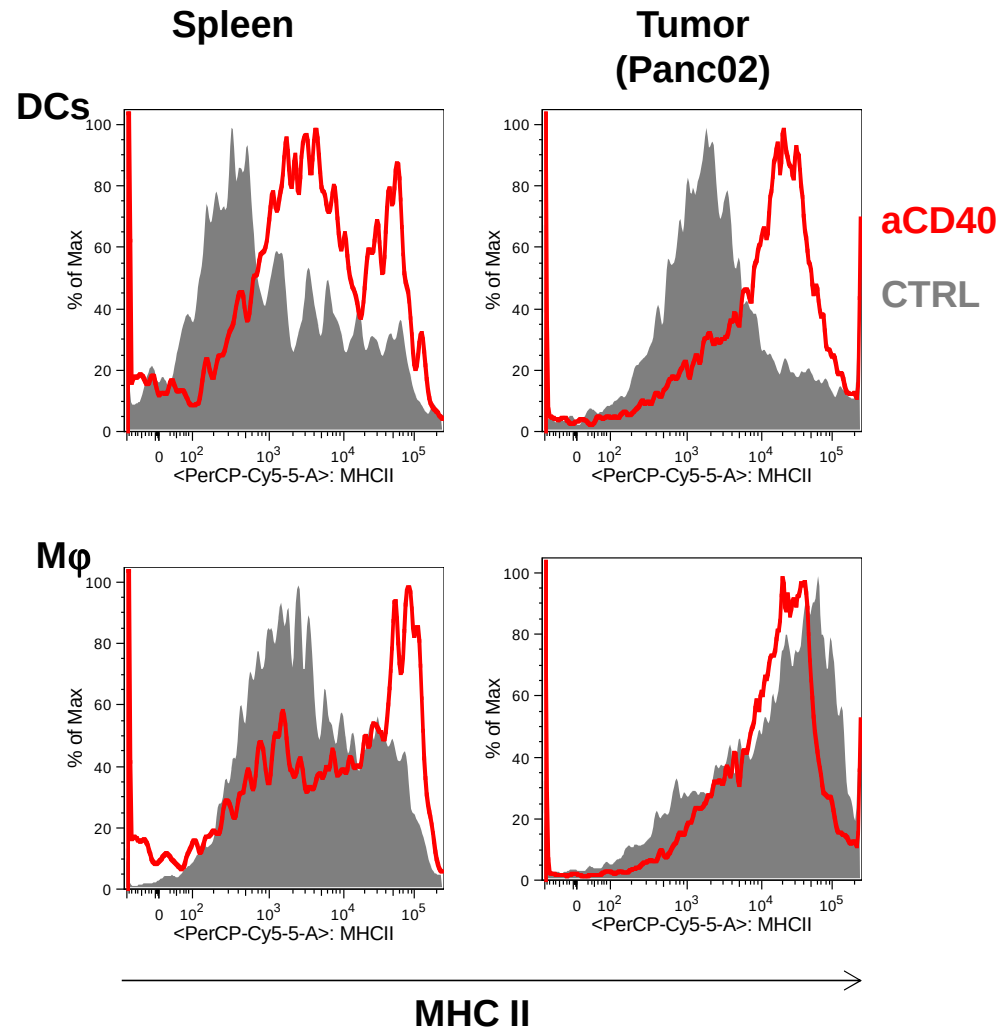
CSF-1R



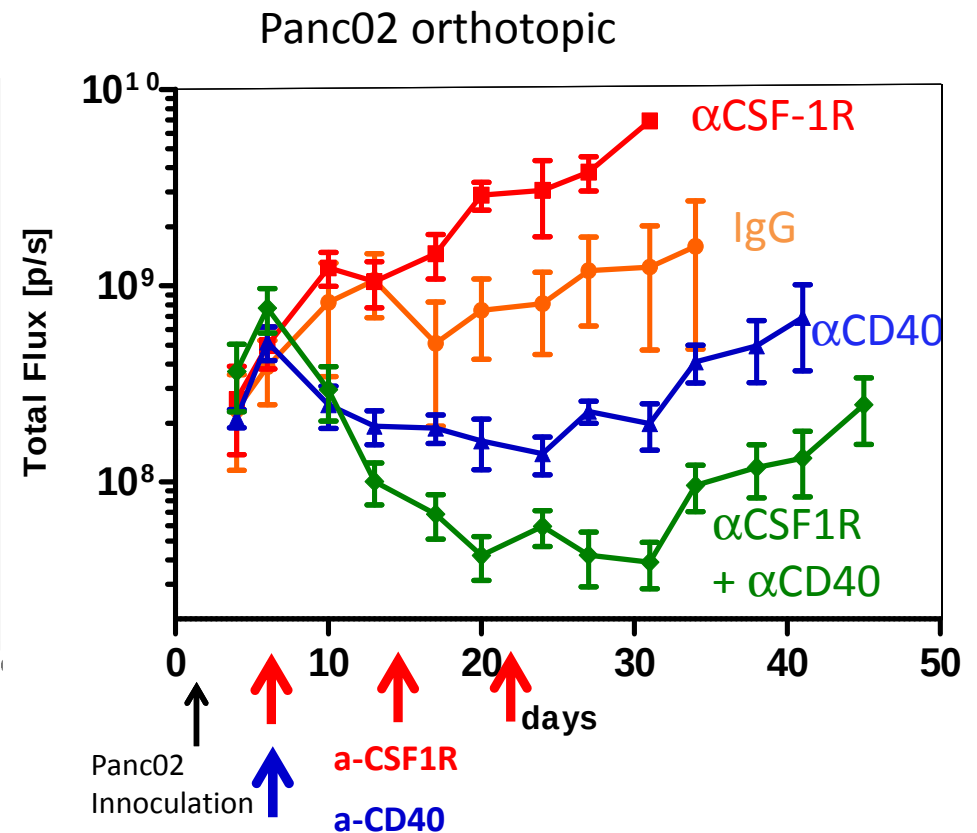
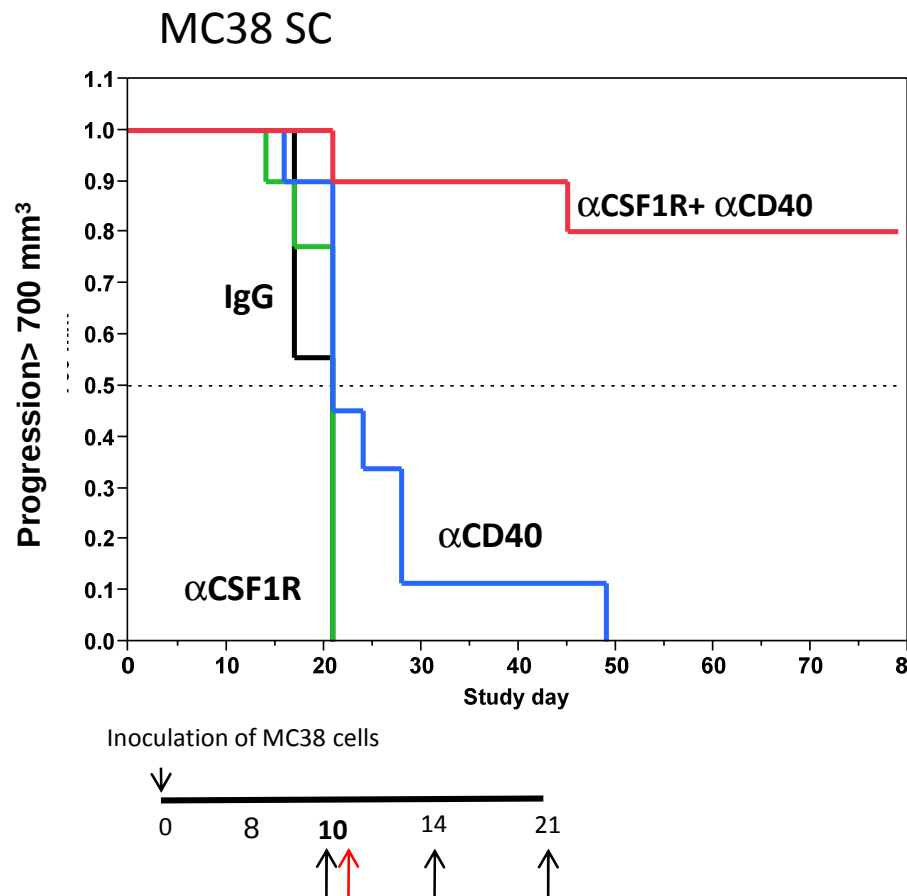
MC38 tumors:

- Efficient elimination of TAM by CSF-1R

α CD40 activates Dendritic Cells and Macrophages in Tumor Bearing Mice

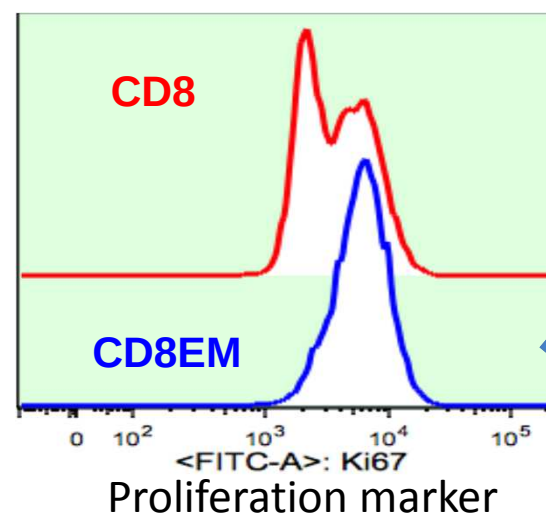
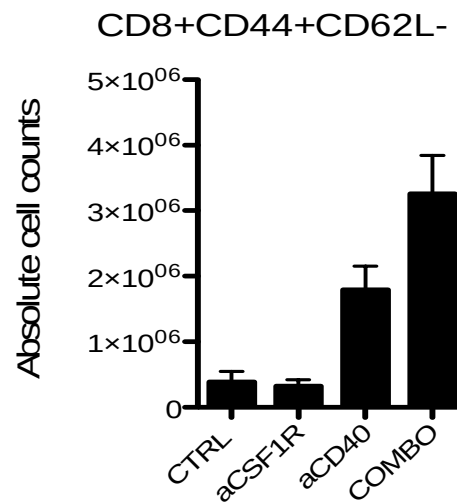
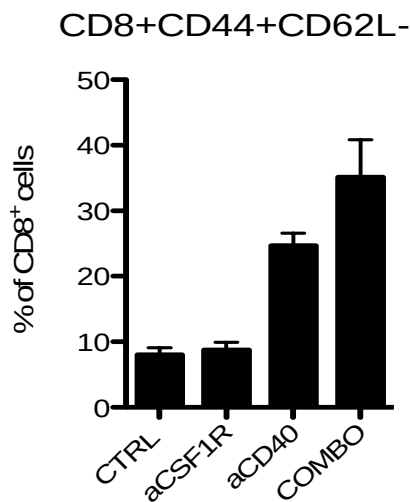
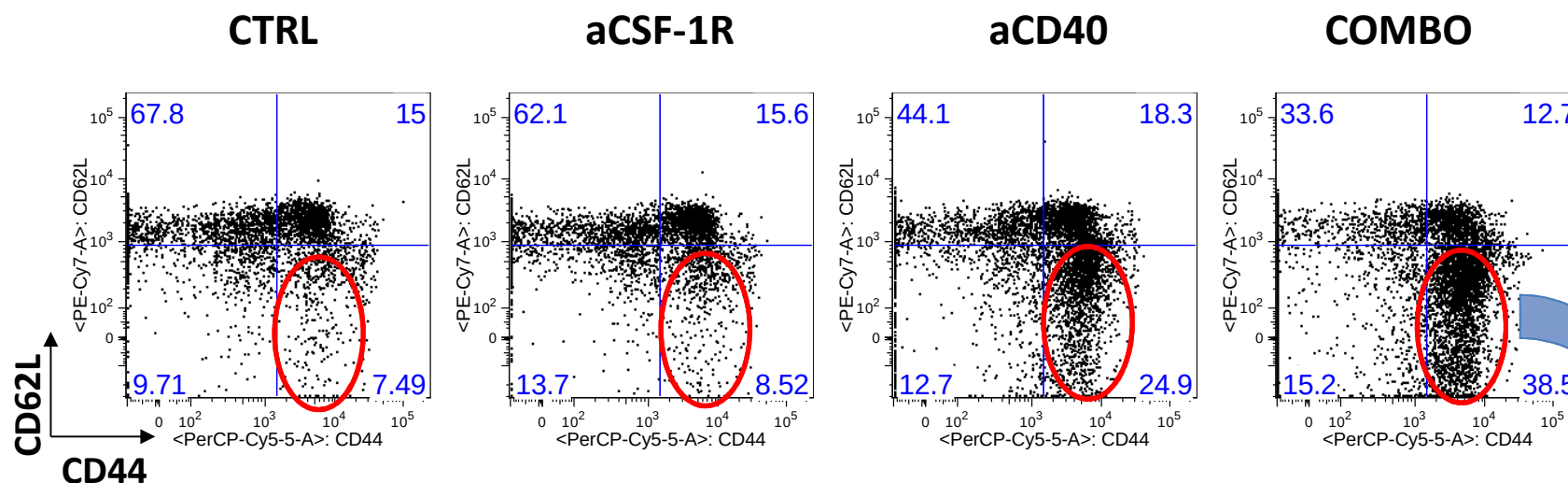


Evaluation of α CD40 + α CSF-1R in two syngeneic tumor models (MC38 SC and Panc02-fluc intra-pancreatic)



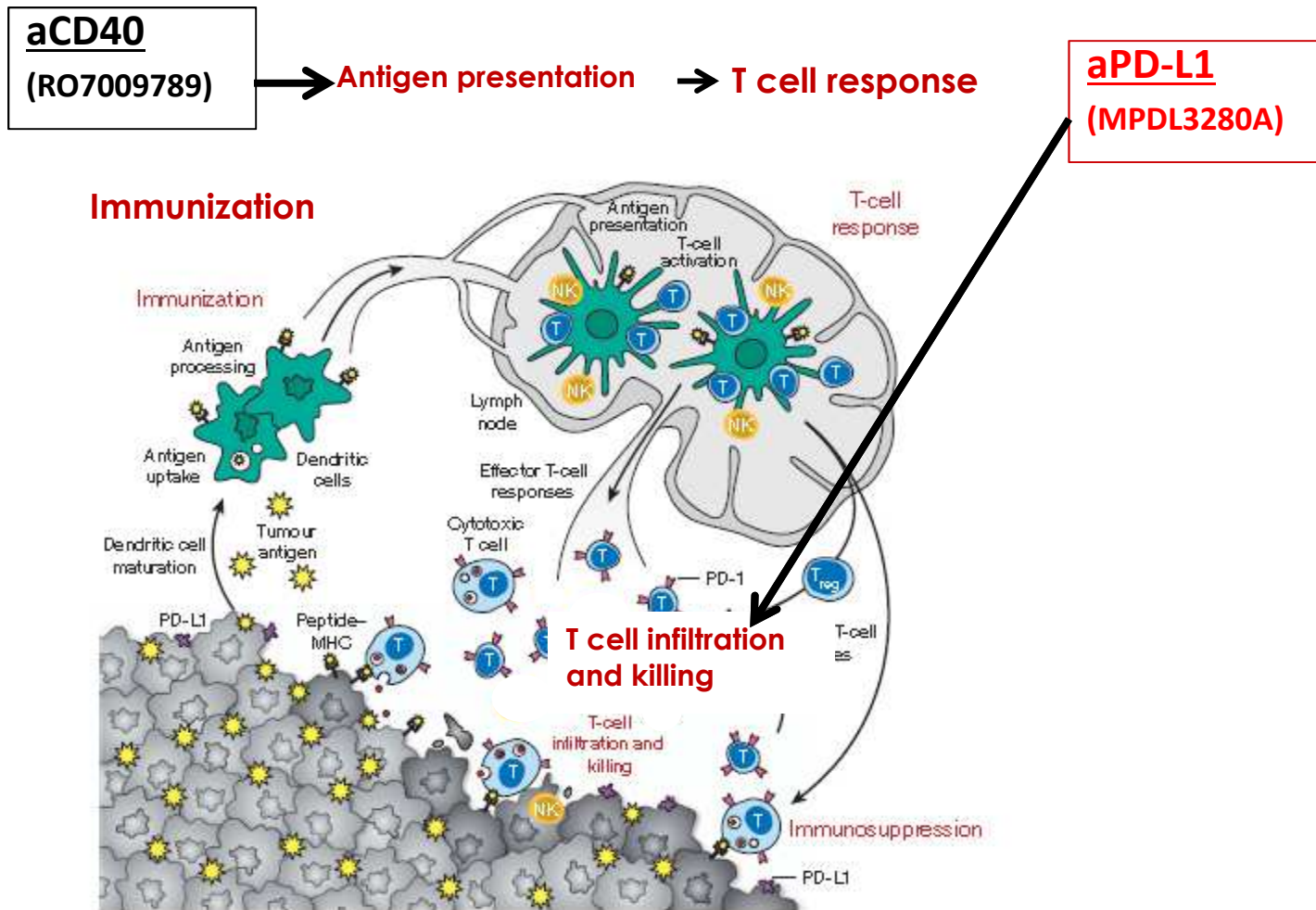
α -CD40 and α -CSF-1R synergize to expand effector memory CD8 T cells

(gated on CD8⁺ splenocytes from Panc02 bearing mice)



Biological rationale for CD40 combination therapy

- *α -PD-L1 blocks interferon dependent adaptive resistance in response to T cell effector response*

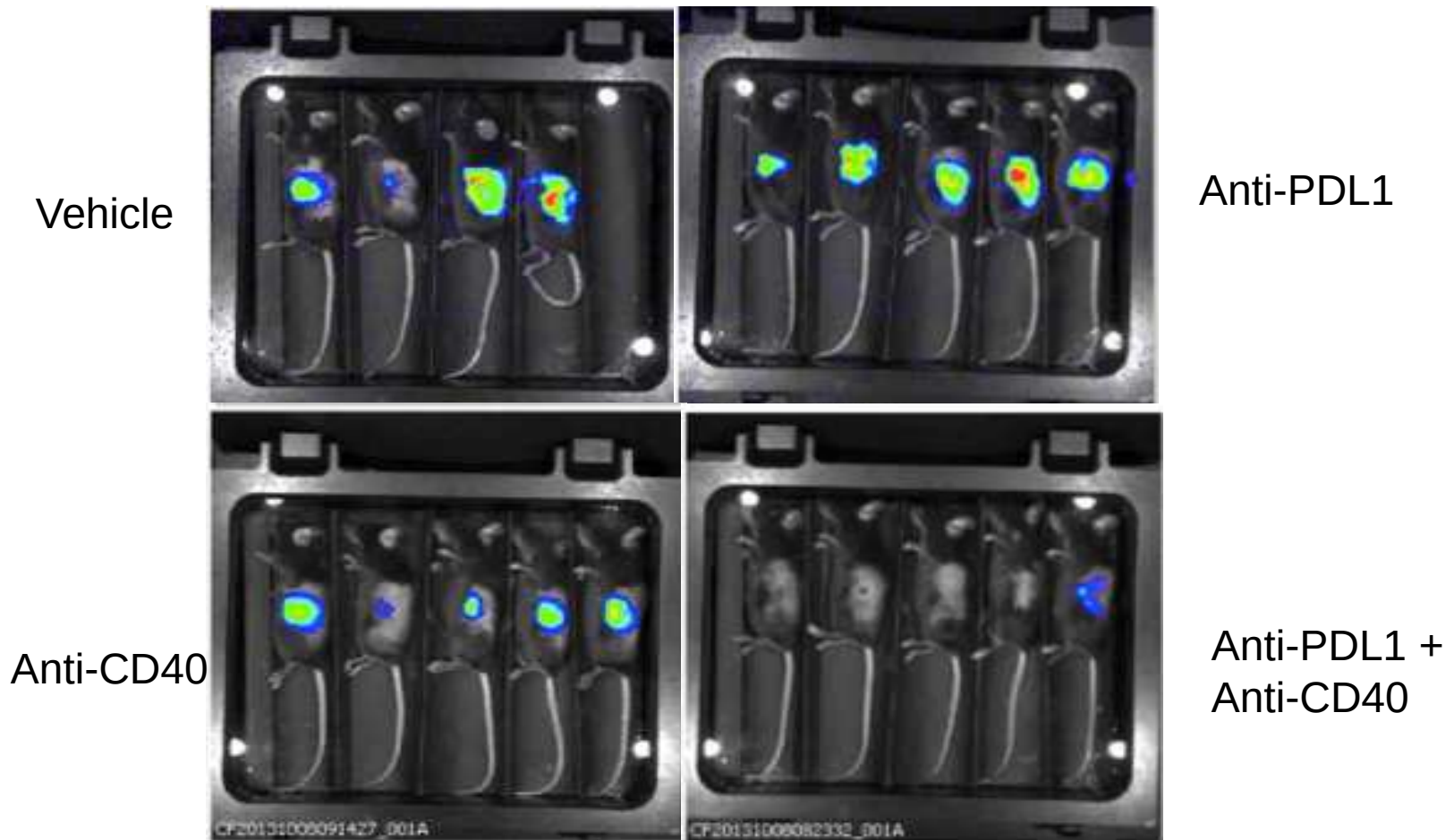


Adapted from Mellman et al. Nature 2011

Overcoming Adaptive Resistance with PD-L1 Blockade



*α CD40 Converts an α PD-L1 Unresponsive Tumor
into an α PD-L1 Responsive Tumor:*

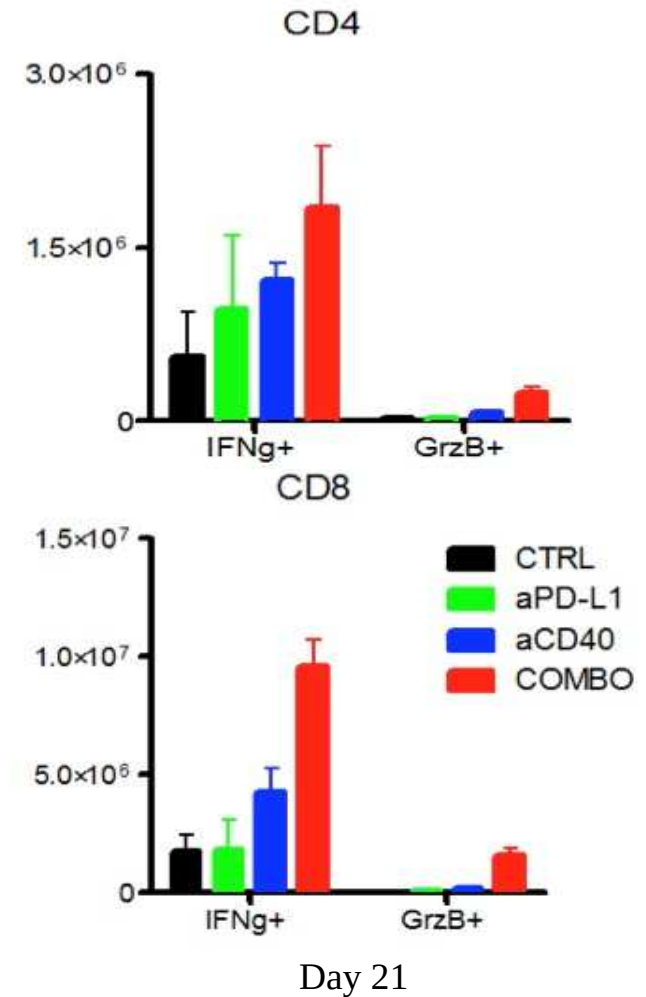
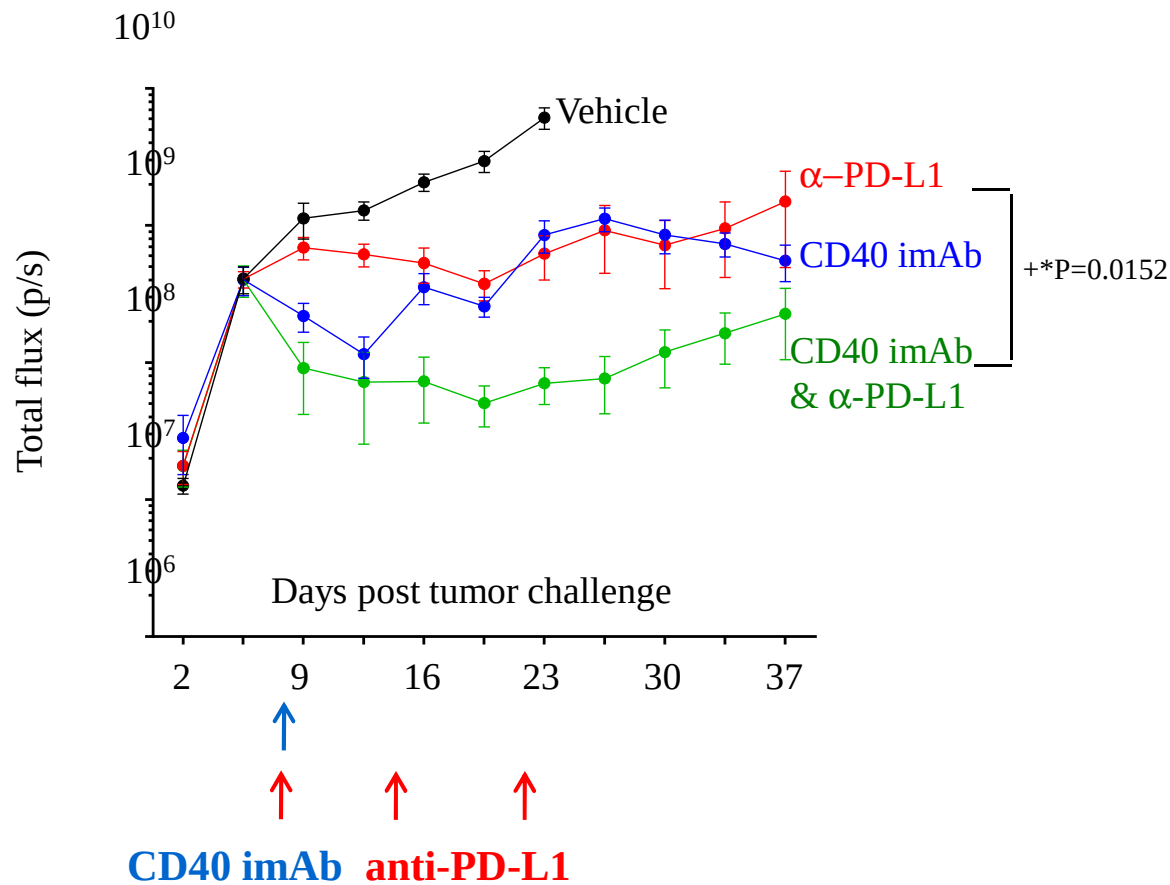


Orthotopic (intrapancreatic) tumor growth inhibition of Panc02-luciferase

Synergy of anti-CD40 + anti-PDL1

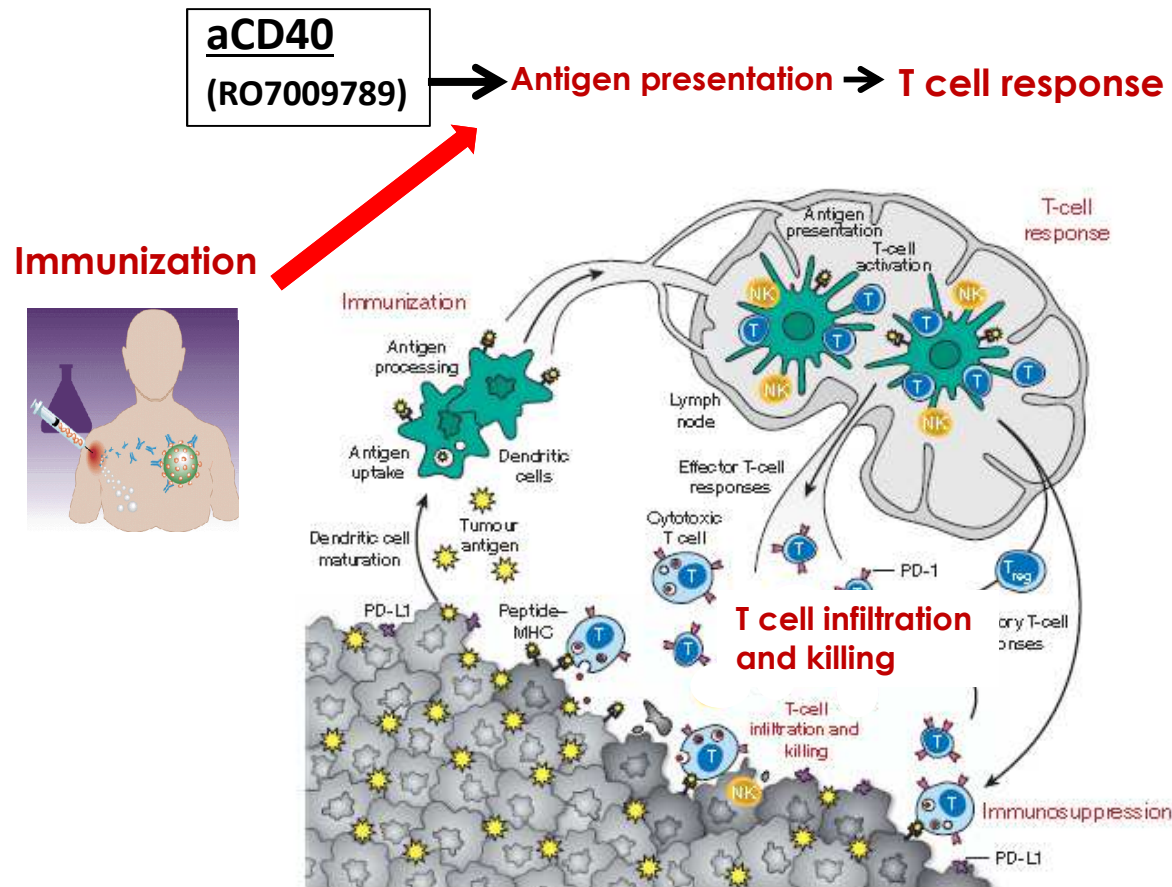
Strong tumor growth inhibition, and induction of effector T-cells

PancO2/Fluc orthotopic model



Biological rationale for CD40 combination therapy

- *α -CD40 licenses antigen presenting cells to promote T cell priming in response to vaccination*

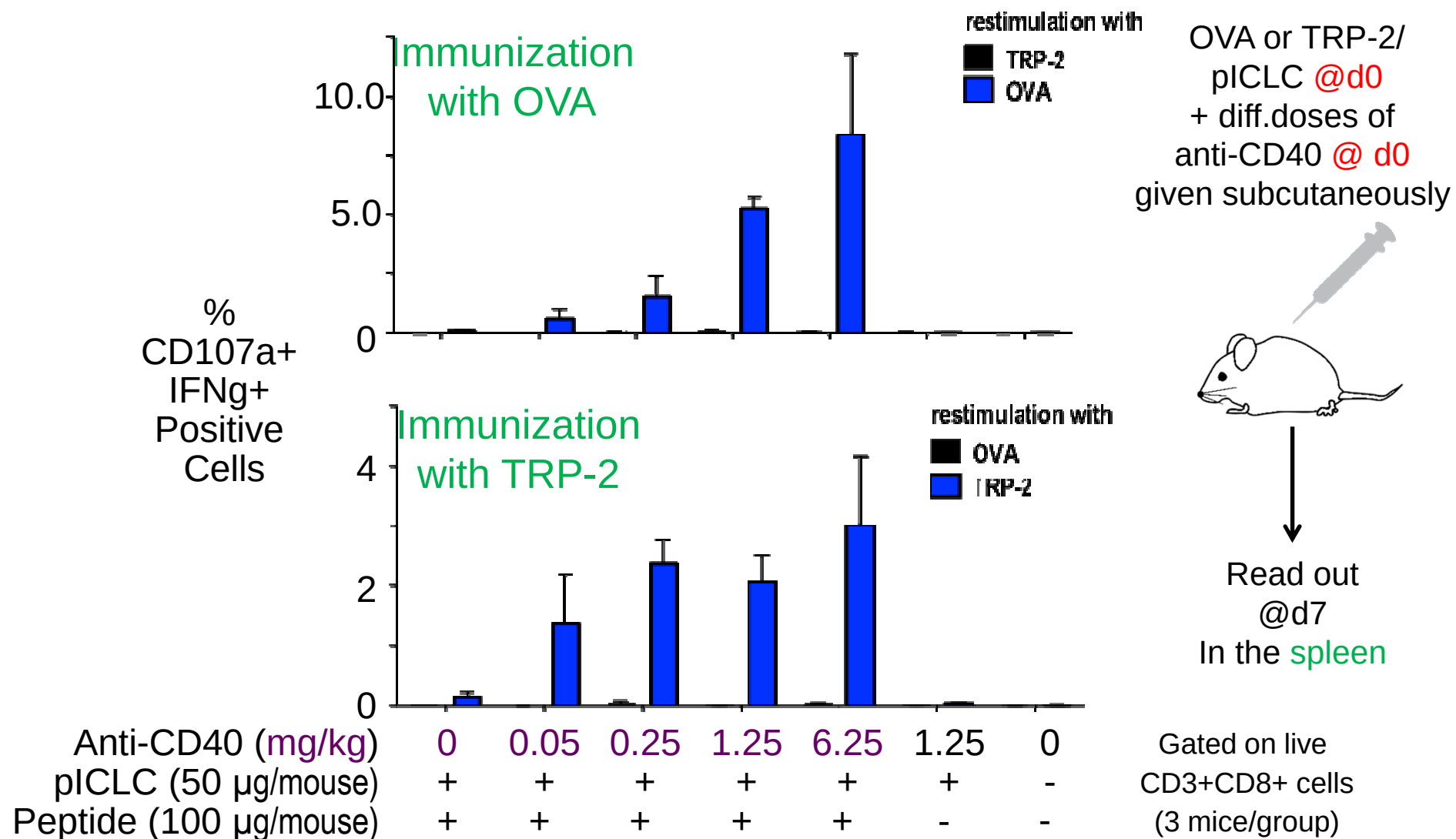


Adapted from Mellman et al. Nature 2011

Impact of anti-CD40 on immune response to vaccine



Anti-CD40 improves T cell response against peptide + poly ICLC vaccine



Slide 25

TC{3

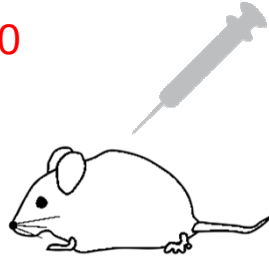
from oRRC presentation

Trumpfheller, Christine {POHB~Schlieren}, 10/31/2014

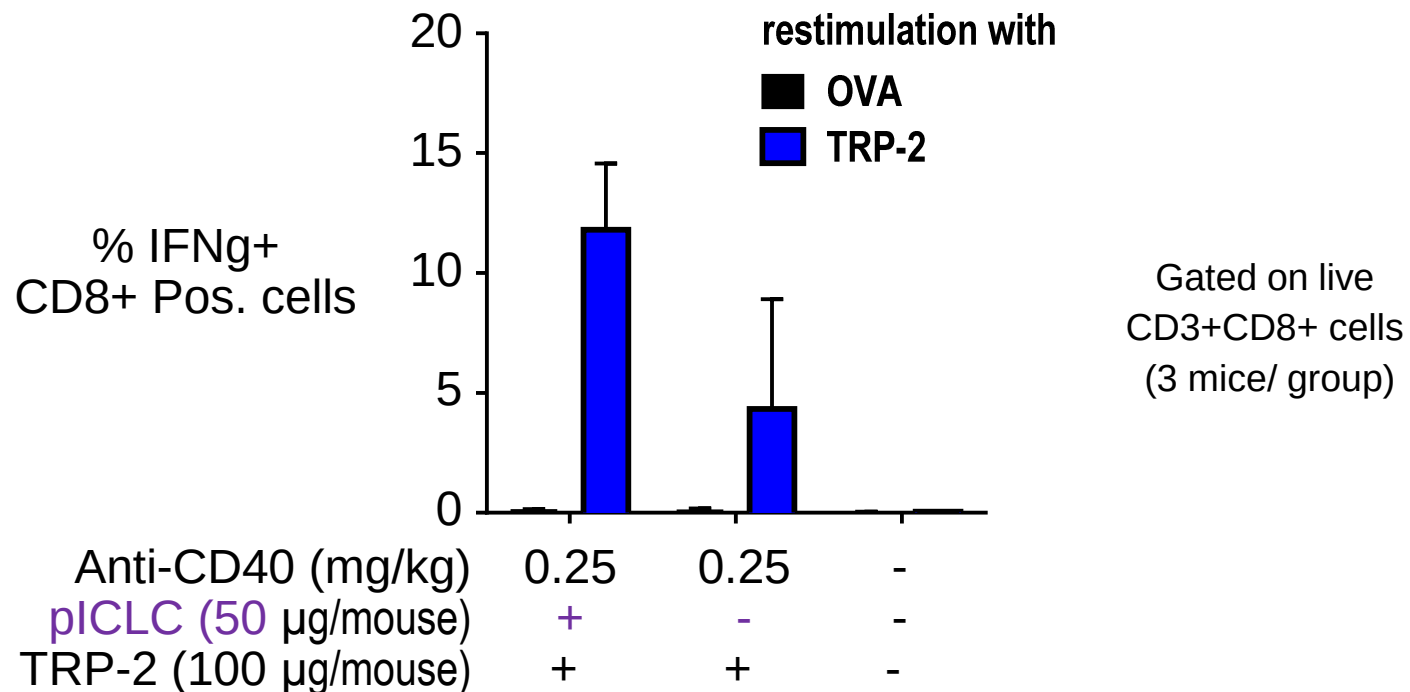
Impact of poly ICLC on immune response

All 3 components are required for an optimal immune response

TRP-2/ anti-CD40 @ d0
+/- pICLC @d0
given subcutaneously



Read out
@d7
In the **spleen**



TC{7

from oRRC presentation

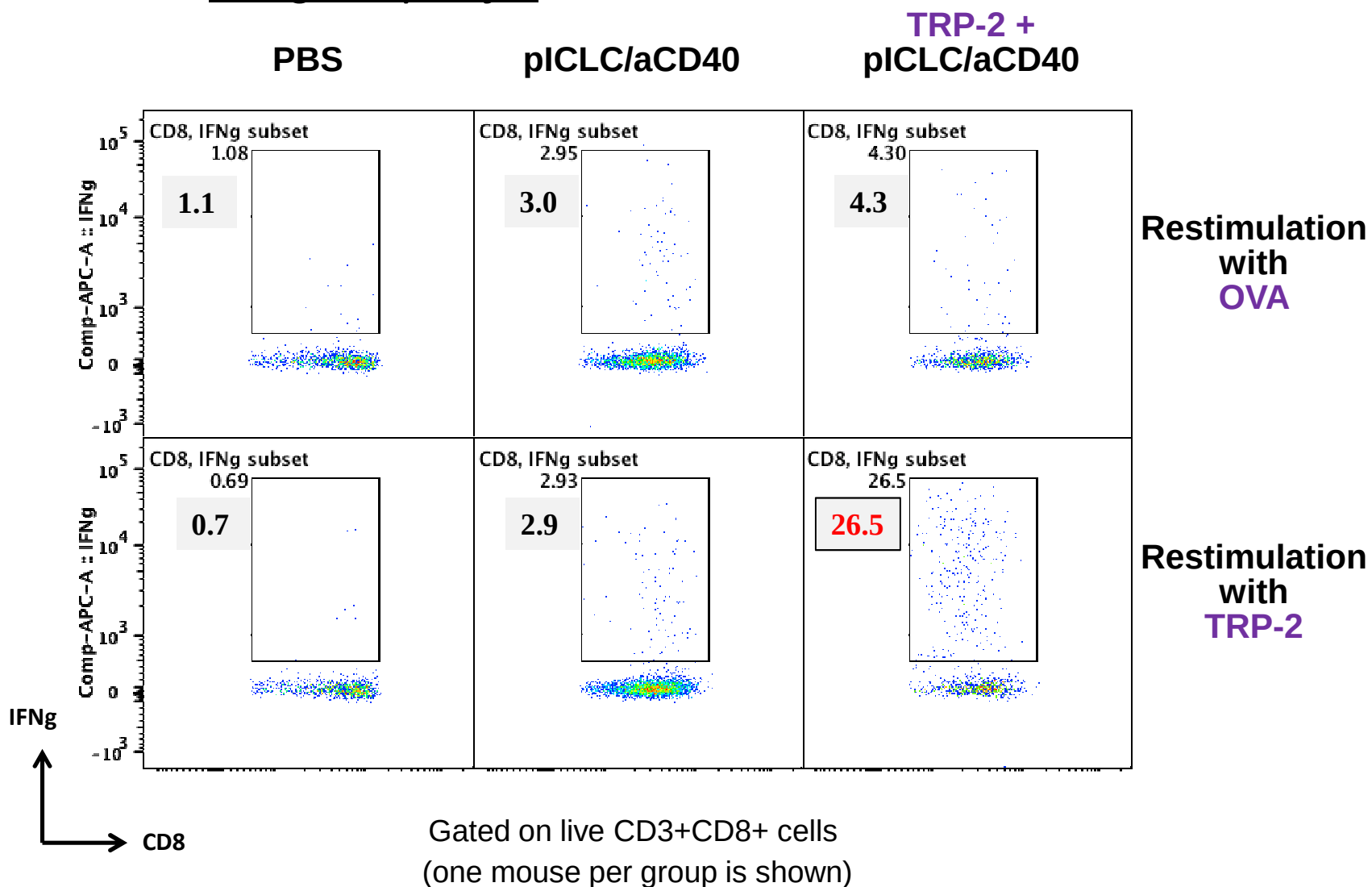
Trumpfheller, Christine {POHB~Schlieren}, 10/31/2014

TC{1

RF{1

B16F10 tumor challenge

A single vaccination with TRP-2/anti-CD40/poly ICLC drives tumor antigen-specific T cells into the Tumor



Slide 27

TC{1

some more raw data - FACS plot from one mouse per group - cells isolated from tumor are either restimulated with OVA or cognate TRP-2 peptide

Trumpfheller, Christine (POHB~Schlieren), 10/31/2014

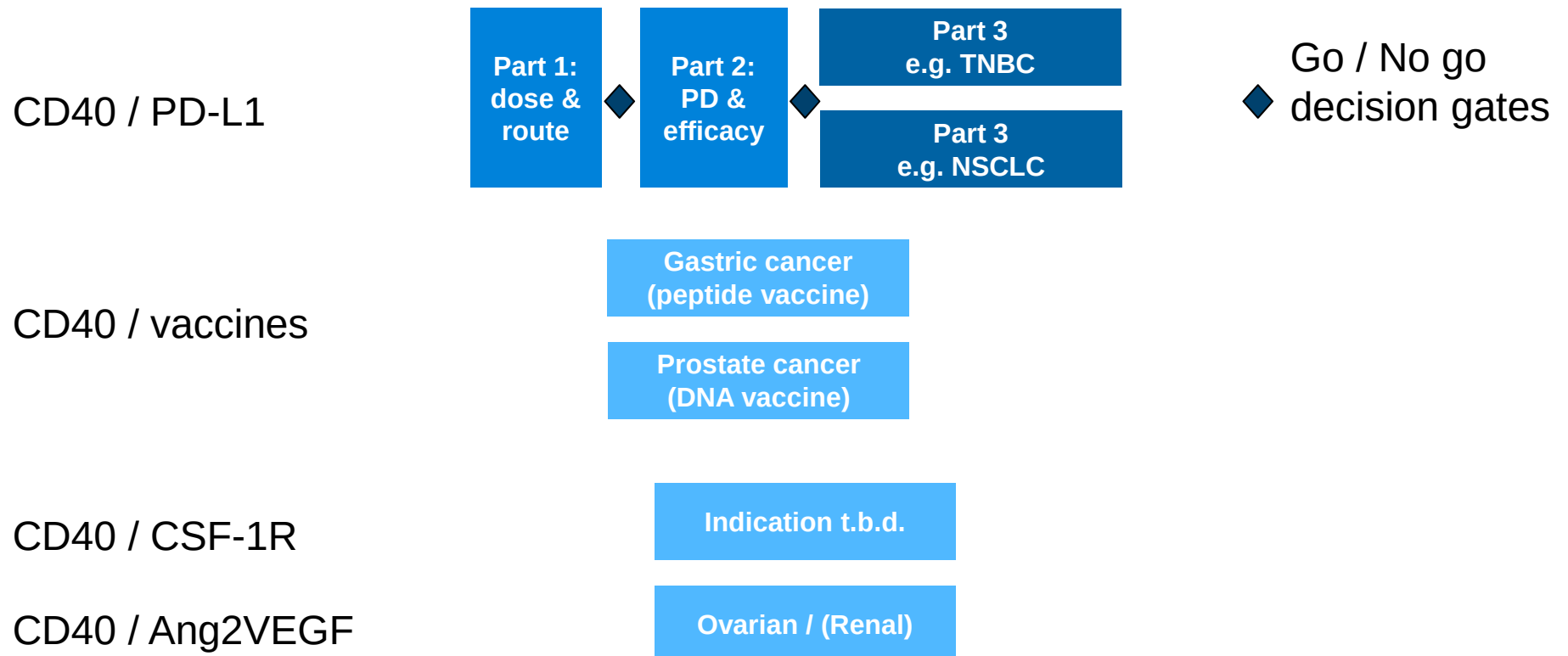
RF{1

Do you need this slide? Next slide summarizes the results nicely

Regenass, Franziska (PNPP~Basel), 11/2/2014

Staggered development

2014				2015				2016				2017			
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4



Lessons and Take Home Messages

- Key points:

CD40 is centrally positioned to initiate and amplify adaptive immunity through the induction of multiple co-stimulatory pathways.

- Potential impact on the field:

The mechanism of action of agonist anti-CD40 antibody complements multiple other immunomodulators in the clinic making it an excellent combination partner for cancer immunotherapy.

- Lessons learned:

Unless a car is parked on a hill, it takes more than removing the breaks to make it go.

Many thanks to all contributors

Discovery, Roche Zurich

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